Programme Review Day 2012 Brussels, 28-29 November



http://www.fch-ju.eu/

ROBANODE (245355)

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Speaker: <u>Dr. Dimitrios K. Niakolas</u>¹



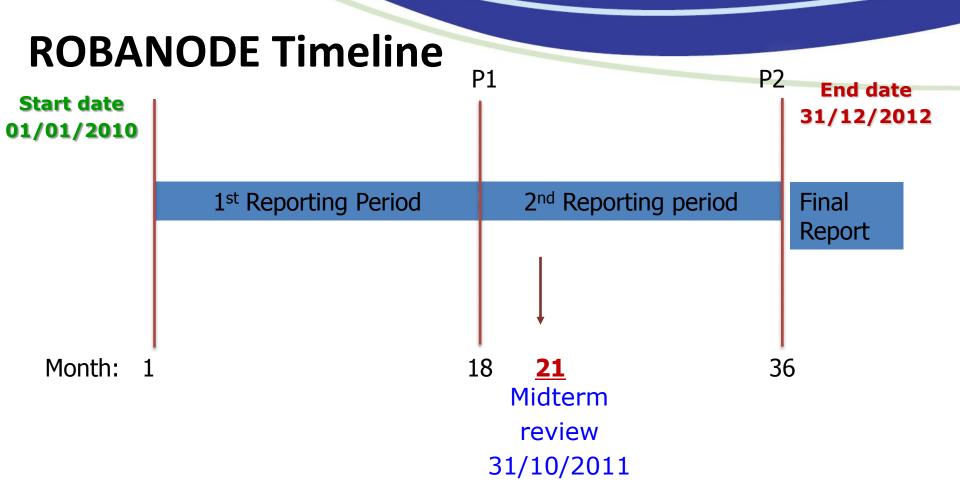
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Partner Short Name & Logo	FORTH/ ICE-HT	TUC	NTUA	EPFL	CSIC	CNRS	CERECO S.A.	Saint Gobain CREE
		*ALIX		ÉDÉBALE DE LAUSANNE	≝CSIC	dozon la licitora	© EBEI/AM. © MIRTEC	SAINT-GOBAIN CERAMIC MATERIALS
Country	Greece	Germany	Greece	Switzerland	Spain	France	Greece	France

- Four (4) EU members (France, Germany, Greece, Spain) and Switzerland
- Six (6) Research organizations (FORTH/ICE-HT, TUC, NTUA, EPFL, CSIC, CNRS)
- One (1) **SME** (MIRTEC S.A.)
- One (1) Industrial partner (Saint Gobain CREE)



Aims of ROBANODE

A deeper insight with regards to the interference and the concerted action of the various factors that contribute to degradation of Ni - based cermet anodes in SOFCs:

- Agglomeration of Ni particles due either to thermal or electrochemical sintering
- Degradation due to carbon deposition and improvement of tolerance under CH_4 Internal Steam Reforming (ISR) (S/C = 0.5 or less).
- Degradation due to sulfur contamination and tolerance improvement under CH₄
 ISR conditions in the presence of H₂S (5 30ppm).
- RedOx tolerance of the cermet anodes.

Main Objectives

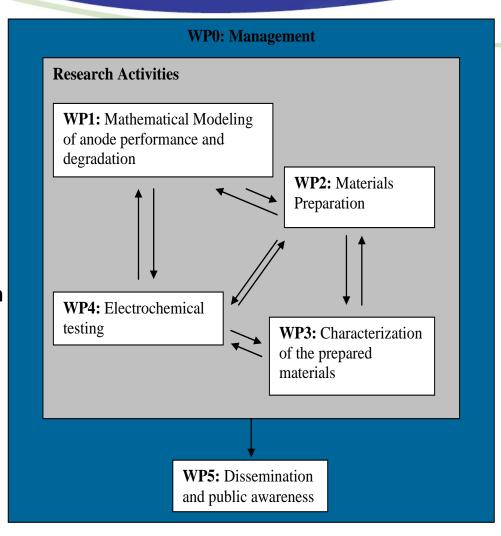
- Understanding the interrelations between the aforementioned degradation factors so that <u>targeted modifications</u> in the structure and morphology of the Ni-based anodes can be made
- Modeling of the degradation processes in correlation with experimental observations
- Simulation of the chemical and physicochemical processes under SOFC operation

Strategy

- Study of the performance of <u>state-of-the-art</u> Ni-based cermet anodes (e.g. NiO/GDC) modified with a second metal (e.g. Au, Mo and other), concerning <u>carbon and sulfur tolerance</u>
- Investigation of the degradation processes in the modified anodes using various techniques (including XPS, UPS, SEM, TEM, XRD, TPR impedance spectroscopy and other...)
- Use of the outcome of the aforementioned studies as feedback to a mathematical model for prediction of the anode behavior
- **❖** Fabrication of cells for catalytic and electrochemical testing of the modified anodes and for investigation of their long-term performance

Milestones

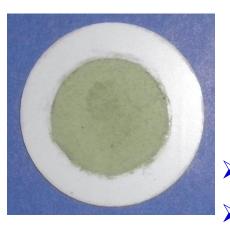
- ✓ Implementation of management
- Model describing the degradation processes
- ✓ Preparation of modified anode powders
- ✓ Preparation of cells
- ✓ Comparison of the model predictions with the observed electrochemical behavior of the anode.
- Establishment of communication with scientific community, other projects and wide public.



- □ According to MAIP/AIP: "Fuel cell stacks for stationary power applications require an operational lifetime up to 40,000 hours"
- ☐ This target has not been achieved yet and anode degradation is one of the main reasons
- The ultimate goal of ROBANODE is the study, understanding and modeling of the degradation mechanisms of state-of-the-art (SoA) Ni-based cermet anodes
- ROBANODE fits exactly to the objectives of: "Degradation and lifetime fundamentals of SOFCs"

- ☐ Main output of ROBANODE
- Development of a model for prediction of the (SoA) Ni-based anode performance and degradation
- Development and improvement/optimization of (SoA) Ni-based anodes, <u>easily</u> <u>commercialized</u>, for CH₄ fuelled SOFCs (under Internal Reforming or Direct Oxidation conditions)
- Study of the degradation mechanism due to thermal and electrochemical sintering
- Study of the degradation mechanism due to carbon deposition and sulfur poisoning

- ☐ Modified (SoA) anodes and cells preparation/characterization
- Au-NiO/GDC, Mo-NiO/GDC, Re-NiO/GDC, Au-Mo-NiO/GDC, Au-Re-NiO/GDC
- Studies of degradation due to carbon deposition and sulphur poisoning.



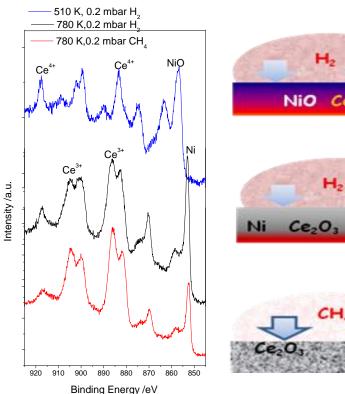


- Electrolyte-Supported Cells (ESC)
- Anode-Supported Cells (ASC)

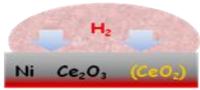


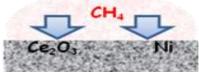
Alignment to MAIP/AIP & Innovation

Modified (SoA) anodes and cells preparation/characterization

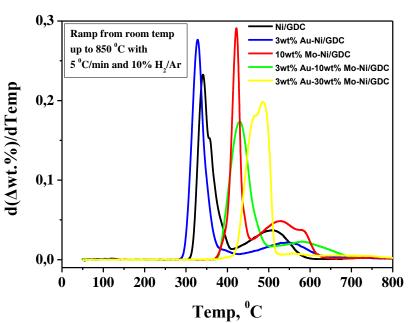








- Several ex situ techniques...
- In situ XPS, NEXAFS XRD, e.t.c.

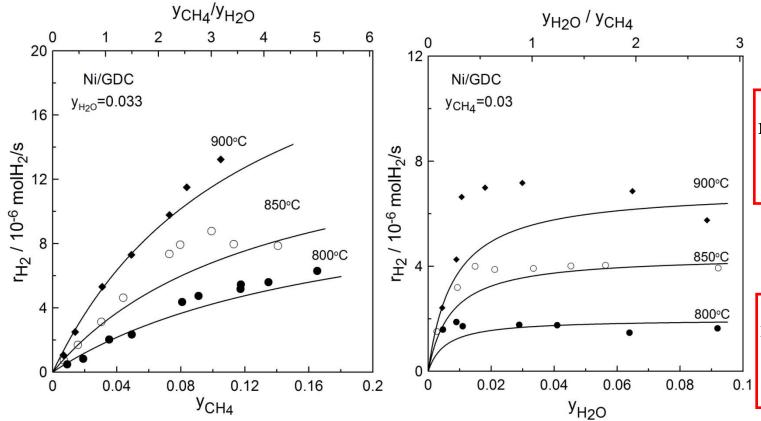


Fuel Cells and Hydrogen

Joint Undertaking

Alignment to MAIP/AIP & Innovation

ESC and ASC performance and stability testing



Catalytic-

<u>Kinetic</u>

experiments

$$r_{CH_4} = \frac{k_a P_{CH_4}}{1 + \frac{k_a P_{CH_4}}{k_r P_{H_2O}}}$$

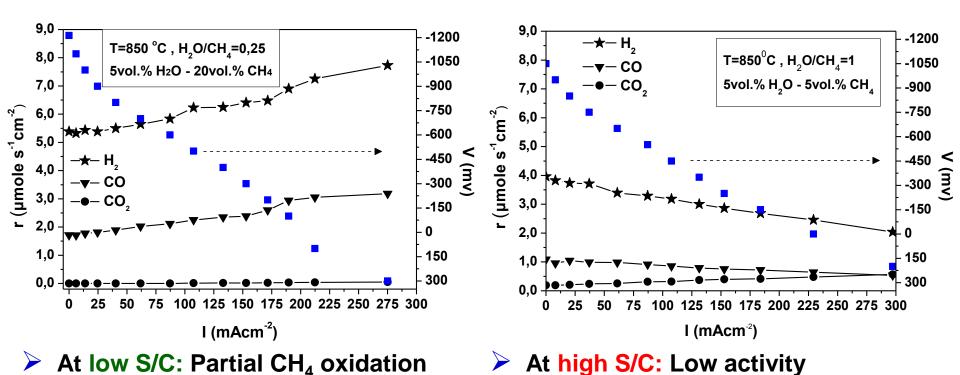
$$\mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{H}_2} = 3 \left| \mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{CH}_4} \right|$$

$$r_{H_2} = 3 \frac{k_a P_{CH_4}}{1 + \frac{k_a P_{CH_4}}{k_r P_{H_2O}}}$$

Fuel Cells and Hydrogen

Joint Undertaking

- ESC and ASC performance and stability testing
- Electrocatalytic experiments under various S/C ratios



Fuel Cells and Hydrogen

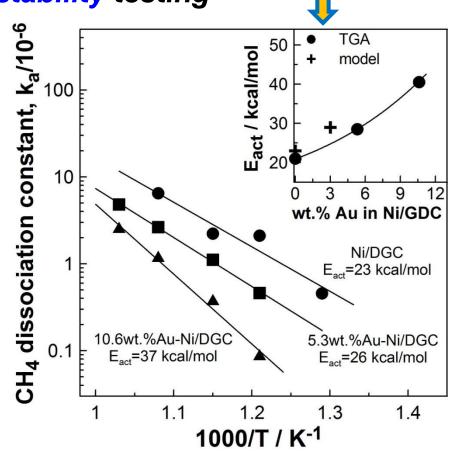
Joint Undertaking

Alignment to MAIP/AIP & Innovation Model vs Experiment

- ☐ ESC and ASC performance and stability testing
- Cell & Stack testing RedOx stability
- All tests provide feedback data for the mathematical model development



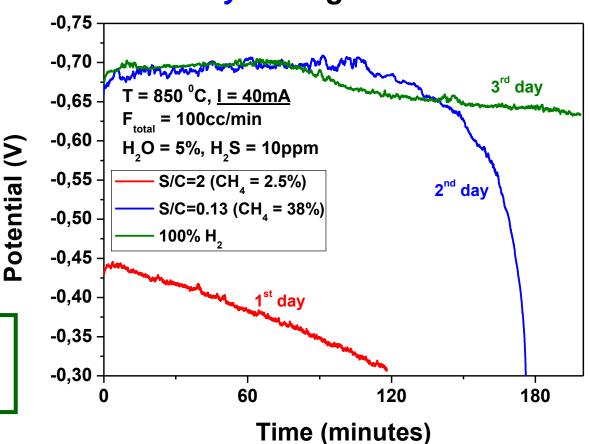
2D mathematical model for description of the fuel cell performance (power production) under CH₄ steam reforming conditions and concomitant production of H₂



Alignment to MAIP/AIP & Innovation

- ☐ ESC and ASC performance and stability testing
- 3wt.% Au-3wt.% Mo-Ni/GDC
- Various S/C ratios plus H₂S
- Promising tolerance,
 in particular under pure H₂

Similar stability tests on the modified anodes are in the process of being carried out



- Medium and long-term impact of ROBANODE
- Improvement and optimization of the properties and design of (SoA) Nibased anodes
- Minimization of degradation due to carbon deposition and sulfur poisoning in CH₄ fuelled SOFCs operating at 700-900°C under H₂O / CH₄ < 1 and in the presence of H₂S (up to 30 ppm)
- Long-term stability and reliability of natural gas fuelled SOFCs operating at 700- 900°C (degradation rate less than 0.5% /1000 h and operational lifetime of 40000 h)

Cross-cutting issues – Dissemination - Cooperation

- Proper dissemination activities through peer reviewed publications, participation in conferences and other related events
- The established contact through ROBANODE between academia and high technology industry is expected to stimulate scientific career opportunities
- Results coming out of the project are being shared not only with the project partners but also with all SOFC stakeholders, coming both from the scientific community and the related industry, as well as with the wider public
- * ROBANODE web site: http://robanode.iceht.forth.gr

Cross-cutting issues – Dissemination - Cooperation

- ROBANODE has the potential to contribute to the rapid penetration of the (SoA)

 Ni-based SOFCs into market
- ROBANODE partners have extended experience in the exploitation of the research results
- ❖ MIRTEC S.A. and Saint Gobain CREE can ensure fast dissemination of the expected via ROBANODE technology improvement to additional industrial endusers
- The results so far have triggered the interest of other research and industrial organizations

Thank you all for your attention!