The Clean Steel Partnership as accelerator towards climate neutrality

EU Sustainable Energy Week

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Challenge for all industries

* **ESTEP**





Materials are responsible for 25% of GHG and demand has tripled over the last 30 years.

* Defined as end of life material recycled to make same material again Sources: WSA, Plastics Europe, ArcelorMittal Corporate Strategy analysis



Holistic approach needed Scope I. II and scope III CO2 emissions



- Scalability, Affordability and Circularity will define the winning technologies in 2050
- Primary and Secondary Steelmaking requires novel approaches and breakthroughs
- Unique opportunity to partner with players in Renewable Power and in Chemical recycling
- Collaboration in Europe is Key



(Technology Readiness Level)

- Partnership in the frame of Horizon Europe (HEU) in 2021 to 2027/2030
 - Public side: DG RTD & DG Grow
 - Private side: **ESTEP** & EUROFER
- Projects
 - size: € 10-100 million
 - Developments starting at TRL 6 to end up with TRL 8 exceptional start at 5 to end up with at least TRL 7
 - 2 + 2 demonstrators showing CO_2 emission reduction potential of at least 50% (80%)
- CSP-Budget: € 1.4 billion
 - €350 million from Horizon Europe
 - €350 million from assets of the ECSC* in Liquidation (source of RFCS funding)
 - At least matched by steel sector (expected €1.000 million)
- Total need for large R&D&I projects on low-carbon steelmaking technologies
 - € 2.55 billion (estimate)
 - Funding gap outside the partnership financed also with other EU and national instruments.







*ESCS=European Community For Coal and Steel (grandfather of the EU)



EU Clean Steel Partnership Strategic approach



3 Technology Pathways

- Carbon direct avoidance (CDA)
- Smart carbon Usage (SCU)
- Circular Economy (CE)

Each pathway needs hydrogen!

6 Areas of Intervention

- Integrating BB into the 3 Pathways
- CDA, SCU-PI, SCU-CCUS, CE, combination
- Include enablers (Digitisation+Social Innovation)

12 Building Blocks

- Bring to TRL8 at large scale
- Foster collaborative projects

TRL=Technology Readiness Level CSP roadmap (SRIA): www.estep.eu/clean-steel-roadmap







EU Clean Steel Partnership Strategic approach

adjustment

8: Energy

9: CE

solutions



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10:

Enablers

12:

Innovative

applications

Downstrea

m processes



EU Clean Steel Partnership Impact – Follow-up activities

- Innovation Fund (ETS)
 - estimation -
 - 16 large scale projects responded to the first call
 - Objectives of projects: -25% to -45% CO2 by 2025 to 2030
- IPCEI proposal (funding by member states) estimation as of June 2021
 - 54 steel projects
 - Start before 2030
 - Technology Readiness Level (TRL) at least 7
 - Capex needs: 25 billion EUR
 - Opex needs: 45 billion EUR
 - Potential annual CO₂ abatement in 2030
 - 76 Mio tons CO₂/year
 - Equal to 1/3 of total direct and indirect CO_2 emissions of EU steel
 - Hydrogen needs: 0.6 to 1.2 Mt hydrogen/y and 10 to 12 TWh/y (tbc) (For complete shift of 90 mio. t BF steel to hydrogen: ~400 TWh/y)
- The success of these projects and their envisaged emission reductions require a legislative framework that effectively addresses carbon leakage both during and after the projects implementation => Green Deal + Fit for 55% Package



Clean Steel Partnership CSP: Vision, Ambition and Resources

Pilot & Demonstration plants Completion and Integration

First-of-a-kind deployments



Thank you for your attention!



www.estep.eu

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