



## PECDEMO Photoelectrochemical Demonstrator Device for Solar Hydrogen Generation

Roel van de Krol Helmholtz-Zentrum Berlin, Germany

www.pecdemo.eu roel.vandekrol@helmholtz-berlin.de

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## **PROJECT OVERVIEW**



| Project Information                                |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Call topic   | Validation of photoelectrochemical hydrogen production processes                  |  |  |
| Grant agreement number                             | 621252  |  |  |
| Application area (FP7) or<br>Pillar (Horizon 2020) | FP7 Hydrogen production and distribution  |  |  |
| Start date   | 01/04/2014  |  |  |
| End date   | 31/03/2017  |  |  |
| Total budget (€)                                   | 3,337,682.79  |  |  |
| FCH JU contribution (€)                            | 1,830,644.00  |  |  |
| Other contribution (€, source)                     | -   |  |  |
| Stage of implementation                            | 86% project months elapsed vs total project duration, at date of November 1, 2016 |  |  |
| Partners   | HZB, EPFL, IIT, DLR, UPORTO, EVONIK<br>INDUSTRIES AG, SOLARONIX SA                |  |  |

## **PROJECT SUMMARY**



**Overall objective** (MAIP): Research and development on new, fully sustainable hydrogen production pathways

Expected Results PECDEMO:

- To demonstrate a stand-alone solar water splitting device with active area ≥50 cm<sup>2</sup>, solar-to-H<sub>2</sub> efficiency of 8%, stable for more than 1000h
- To demonstrate scalability by combining multiple devices into a larger water splitting module and perform field tests
- To evaluate the potential for large-scale commercialization by extensive techno-economic and life-cycle analyses
- To disseminate PECDEMO's results in the scientific community and to generate interest with industry











#### Van de Krol, Nat. Comm. (2013)

#### **Project Progress / Actions - Efficiency** PEC 5.4 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> 4.0 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> Achievement 7.5% 8% 5.9% to-date 8.3 % stage of 25% $mA/cm^2$ 50% 75% implement. **FCH JU Targets** Aspect Unit SoA Parameter (KPI) addressed 2016 2020 Call topic 2016 8.3 Photoelectr. current mA/cm<sup>2</sup> Efficiency 7.5 8-10% >5% Solar-to-H<sub>2</sub> %

### **Future steps:**

- Combine best Cu<sub>2</sub>O electrodes and catalysts into device → should give 12.3% STH efficiency
- Decrease bandgap of BiVO<sub>4</sub> by N-doping and tune band positions with dipole molecules
- Improve photon management with distributed Bragg reflectors (DBR)





### **Project Progress / Actions - Stability**



| > | Achievement<br>to few hours (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) |          |          |         |                | Demonstration<br>1000h |                       |            |
|---|---|----------|----------|---------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
|   | % stage of implement.   |          |          | 25% 50% |                | 75%                    | D1.4:<br><10%↓ in 100 |            |
|   | Aspect Parameter (KPI)  |          |          | SoA     | FCH JU Targets |                        |                       |            |
|   | Aspect  | Paramete | er (KPI) | Unit    | SoA            | FCH                    | JU Target             | ts         |
|   | Aspect<br>addressed   | Paramete | er (KPI) | Unit    | SoA<br>2016    | FCH Call topic         | JU Target<br>2016     | ts<br>2020 |

- Stability of Cu<sub>2</sub>O was <5 min. at project start, currently <10% performance decrease in 55h</li>
- BiVO<sub>4</sub>: <10% decrease in 100h at pH 8.6 (D1.4) 50% decrease in 65h at pH 13

### **Future steps:**

Improve stability of Cu<sub>2</sub>O and BiVO<sub>4</sub> by optimization of protection layers



### Project Progress / Actions - Stability



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### Project Progress / Actions - Scale-Up

| Achievement<br>to-date<br>% stage of<br>implement. | <1 c   | 2<br>2<br>2 | <b>25</b> %     | 50%         | 75%            | 50 cm             | ו <sup>2</sup> |
|--|--------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Aspect<br>addressed                                | Paramo | eter (KPI)  | Unit            | SoA<br>2016 | FCH Call topic | JU Target<br>2016 | ts<br>2020     |
| Scale-Up   | Electr | ode size    | cm <sup>2</sup> | 50          | 50             | -                 | -              |

#### Future steps:

- Further reduce ohmic losses for largearea conducting substrates
- Improve homogeneity and quality of BiVO<sub>4</sub> and Cu<sub>2</sub>O photoelectrodes
- Integrate photoelectrodes and photovoltaic bottom-absorbers in large-area device array (1x4)

#### 50 cm<sup>2</sup> Cu<sub>2</sub>O photocathode

#### Outdoor test

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### **Project Progress / Actions - Scale-Up**





## **Project Progress - Miscellaneous**



### Work package on Techno-Economic and Life Cycle Analyses

- Three concepts developed for H<sub>2</sub> production scenarios in different locations
- Component sizing and flow sheeting completed
- Global warming potential was calculated for various scenarios



### **Status Deliverables and Milestones**

- Deliverable 1.2 not entirely met: device efficiency of 7.5% instead of 8%
- All other deliverables and milestones have been successfully completed

### SYNERGIES WITH OTHER PROJECTS AN PROGRAMMES



| Interactions with projects funded under EU programmes                       |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| NanoPEC<br>(2009-2011)  | The three best-performing materials from the NanoPEC project were selected for the optimization, device design, and scale-up efforts in PECDEMO. Several partners were/are in both projects.            |  |  |  |
| BI-DSC  | Experience from BI-DSC activities helped to achieve a demonstration of 1000h stability for Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> photoanodes.  |  |  |  |
| Interactions with national and international-level projects and initiatives |   |  |  |  |
| MeOx-4-H2   | Fundamental studies on W-doped BiVO <sub>4</sub> in MeOx-4-H2 revealed charge trapping mechanism that inspired a new doping strategy for PECDEMO's BiVO <sub>4</sub> photoanodes.                       |  |  |  |
| HNSEI   | Fundamental efforts on semiconductor/catalyst interactions in HNSEI revealed why CoPi is such a great catalyst for BiVO <sub>4</sub> ; this avoided wasted efforts on noble metal catalysts in PECDEMO. |  |  |  |
| PECHouse  | Close collaboration between PECHouse and PECDEMO researchers have resulted in record efficiencies for Cu <sub>2</sub> O photocathodes.  |  |  |  |

# **DISSEMINATION ACTIVITIES**



### Public deliverables

- D1.4 Stable device with <10% performance decrease after 100 h operation
- D3.3 Public report on large-area PEC/PV components
- D4.3 Public report on device design
- D7.1 Mid-term assessment report
- D8.1 Basic framework of website database is online and operational

### **Publications:** 19

### **Conferences/Workshops**

- 2 organised by the project: IPS-20 Intl. Conf. (2014) & MRS Symposium (2016)
- 34 in which the project has participated (but not organised)

### Social media

Patents: 0

- J. Luo, J-H. Im, M.T. Mayer, M. Schreier, M.K. Nazeeruddin, N-G. Park, S.D. Tilley, H.J. Fan, M. Grätzel, "Water photolysis at 12.3% efficiency via perovskite photovoltaics and Earth-abundant catalysts", Science, 345 (6204), 1593 (2014)
- S. Kirner, P. Bogdanoff, B. Stannowski, R. van de Krol, B. Rech, R. Schlatmann, "Architectures for Scalable Integrated Photo Driven Catalytic Devices - A Concept Study", Int. J. Hydrogen Energy 41, 20823 (2016)

### **Thank You!**

Coordinator: roel.vandekrol@helmholtz-berlin.de