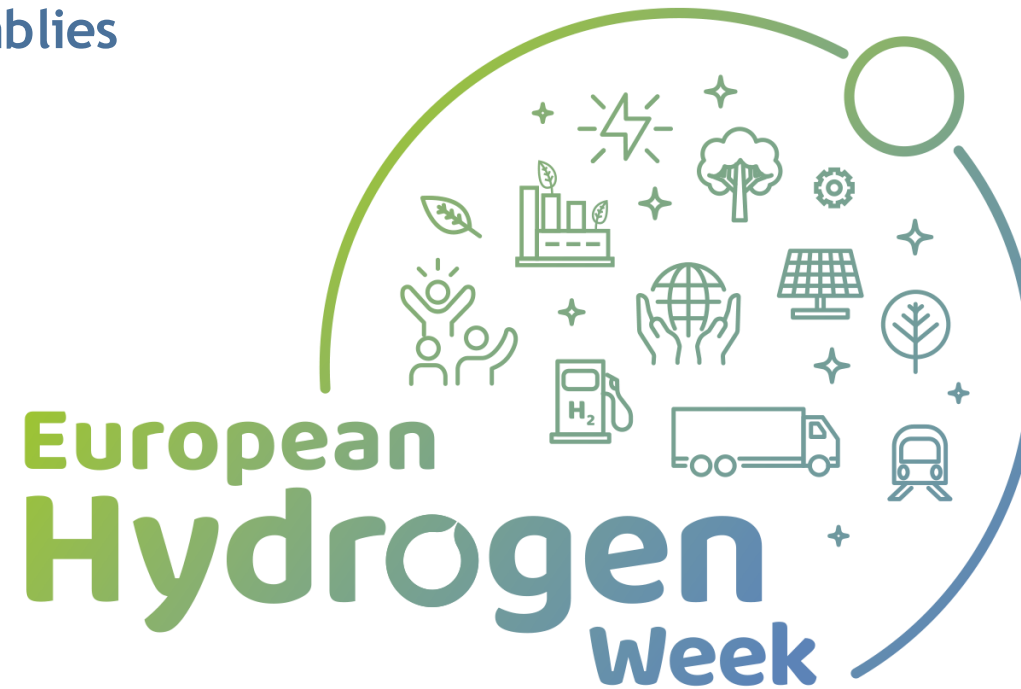


GAIA

next Generation Automotive membrane  
electrode Assemblies



Deborah Jones

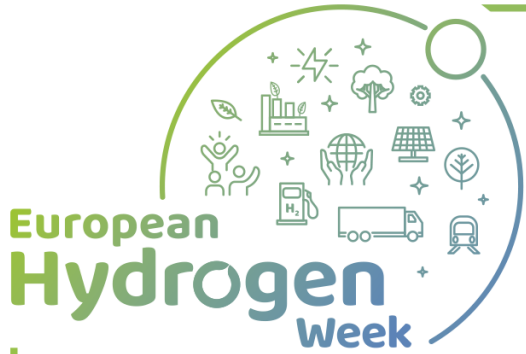
CNRS

[www.gaia-fuelcell.eu](http://www.gaia-fuelcell.eu)

[Deborah.Jones@umontpellier.fr](mailto:Deborah.Jones@umontpellier.fr)

#PRD2020  
#CleanHydrogen





# Project Overview

next Generation Automotive membrane electrode Assemblies

**Call year:**  
**2018**

**Call topic:**  
1.5 Next  
generation  
automotive MEA  
development

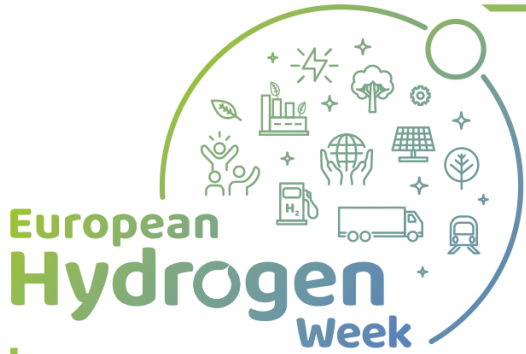
**Project dates:**  
1<sup>st</sup> January 2019  
- 31<sup>st</sup> December 2021

**Total project budget:**  
4 493 025 €

**GAIA**

**% stage of implementation**  
01/11/2019: 60 %

**FCH JU max. contribution:**  
4 493 025 €  
**Other financial contribution:**  
0 €



# Partners

next Generation Automotive membrane electrode Assemblies

**JM** Johnson Matthey  
Inspiring science, enhancing life



**PRETEXO**



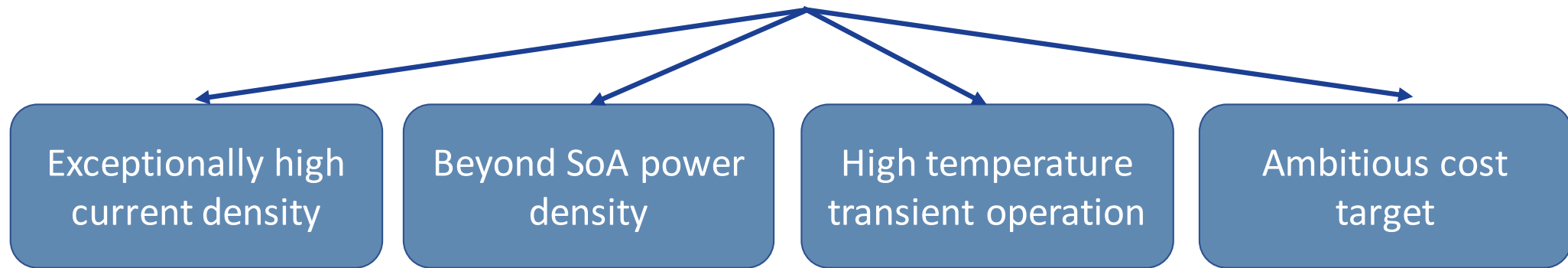
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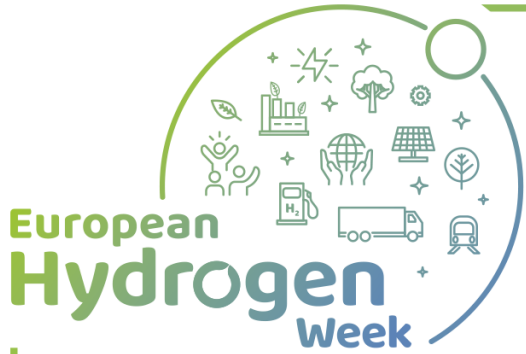


# Project Summary

## GAIA Objectives

- Step-change in beginning of life (BOL) power density to  $1.8 \text{ W/cm}^2$  at  $0.6 \text{ V}$ , as tested in 10-cell short stacks with active area  $\geq 200 \text{ cm}^2$ , conditions within the call operation window
- Expectation of 6,000 hours of operation ( $<10\%$  power decay), from extrapolation of  $\geq 1,000$  hours drive cycle testing
- Increased operating temperature i.e. MEA capable of operation at coolant outlet temperature of  $105 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and current densities of  $1.5 \text{ A/cm}^2$  @  $0.67 \text{ V}$  for 5% of the lifetime (approx. 300 h)
- Decreased MEA cost, with MEA cost of  $6.0 \text{ € / kW}$  based on a production volume of 1 million  $\text{m}^2$  per year, assuming Pt spot price of  $1,200 \text{ € / Troy oz}$ .





# Project Summary

## GAIA Approach

- **Develop materials** - catalyst supports, electrocatalysts, ionomers, reinforcements, membranes, gas diffusion and microporous layers with improved activity, performance, durability
- **Develop new deposition methods** for CCMs for improved quality
- **Validate iterations of CCMs** integrating novel materials in short stacks
- **Associate the most promising components** to achieve  $1.8 \text{ W/cm}^2$  at  $0.6 \text{ V}$  and predicted  $<10\%$  voltage loss in automotive drive cycle over 6,000 hours
- **Analyse any gap** between the GAIA MEA cost and  $6 \text{ €/kW}$  target and identify critical components requiring further improvement or costs reduction

# GAIA Project Progress (1)

## Catalyst Mass Activity in RDE and MEA

Achievement to-date

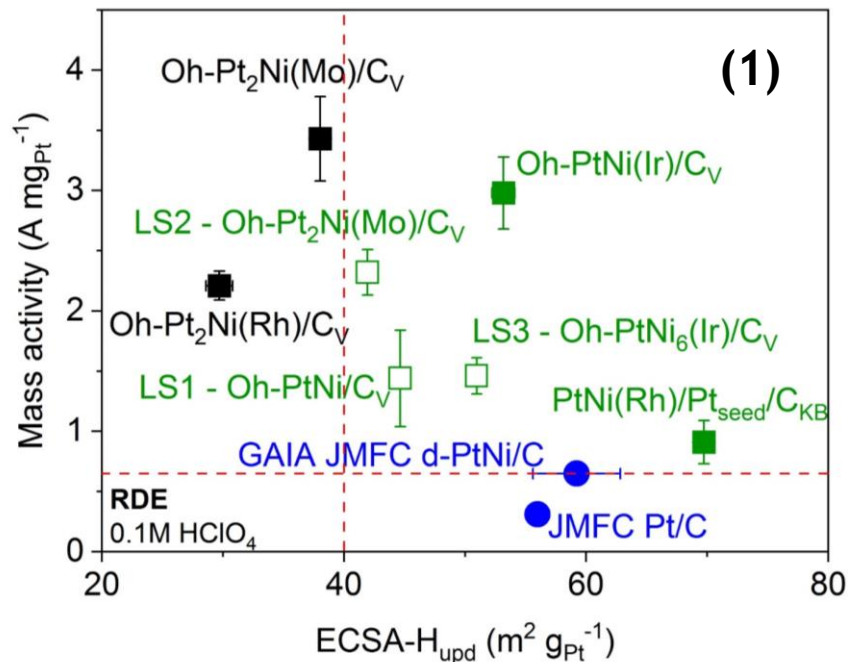
Project start  
0.6 A/mg Pt

25%

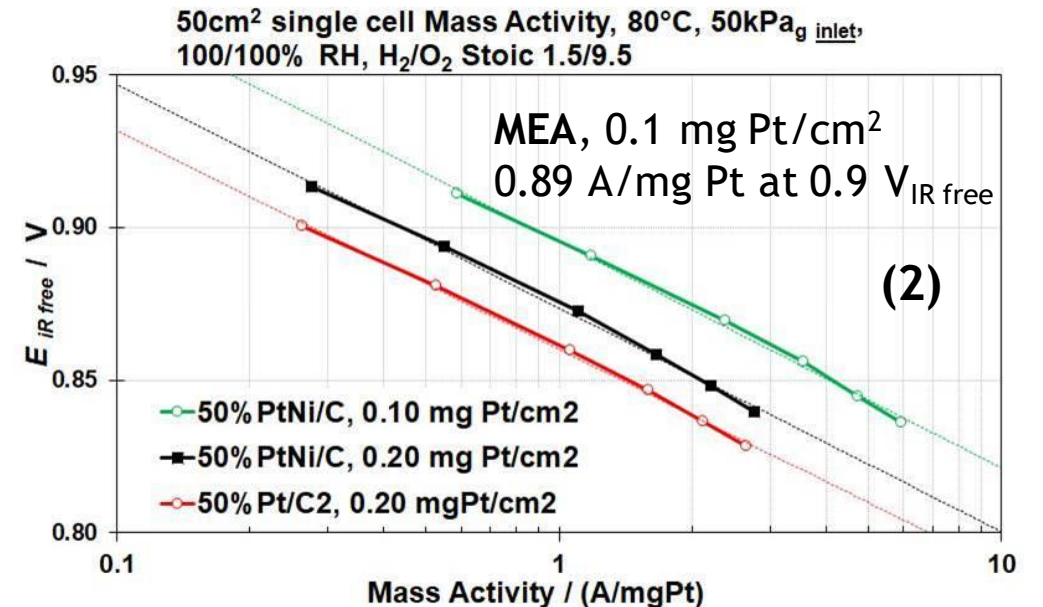
50%

75%

Target  
0.7 A/mg Pt  
Achieved  
0.89 A/mg Pt



(1) Five catalysts exceeding MS1 mass activity and ECSA targets in RDE and (2) mass activity of 0.89 A/mg Pt in MEA



# GAIA Project Progress (2)

## Membrane durability in MEA on AST

Achievement to-date

Project start  
18 000 AST cycles

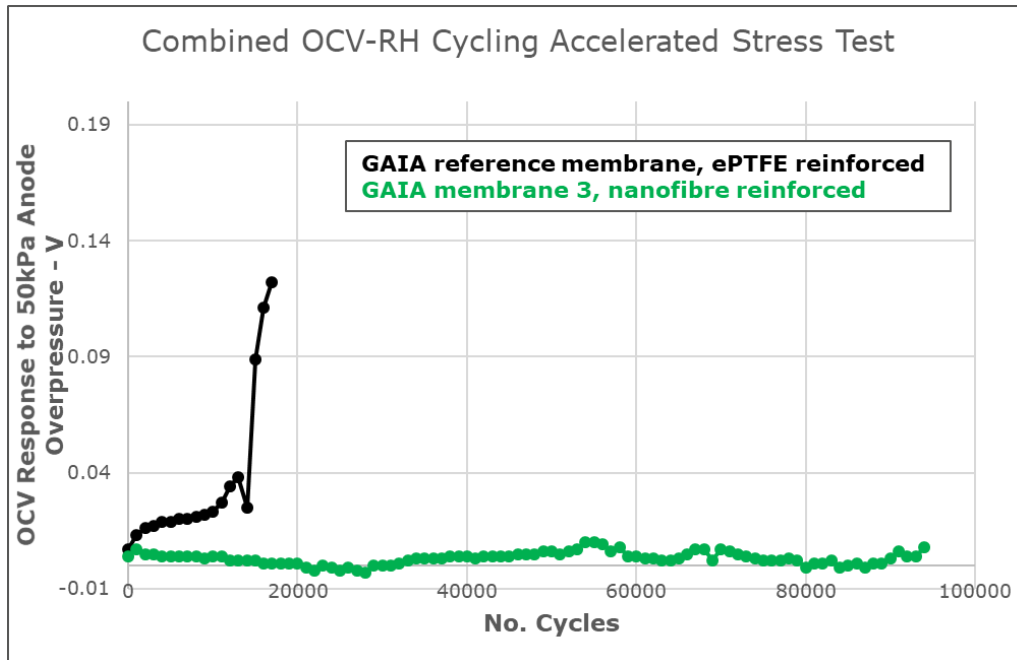
25%

50%

75%

Target

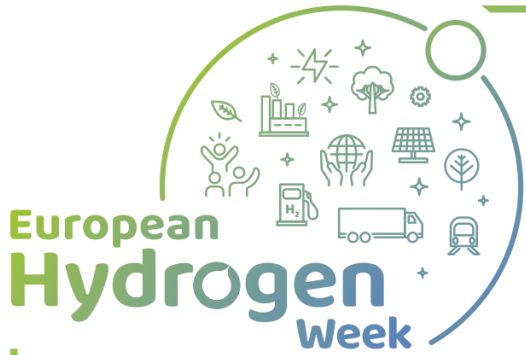
20 000 AST cycles  
Achieved  
95 000 AST cycles



(1) Accelerated stress test combining Open Circuit Voltage hold + Relative Humidity cycling (dry/wet) at 90 °C cell temperature

(2) Electrospun nanofibre-reinforced membrane in MEA reached 95 000 cycles without failure



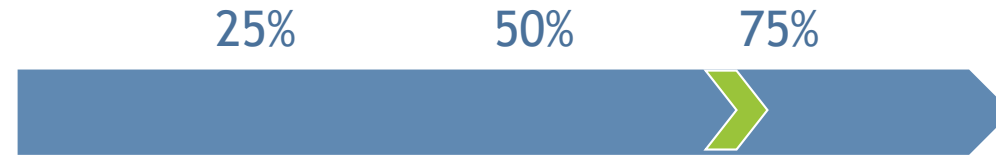


# GAIA Project Progress (3)

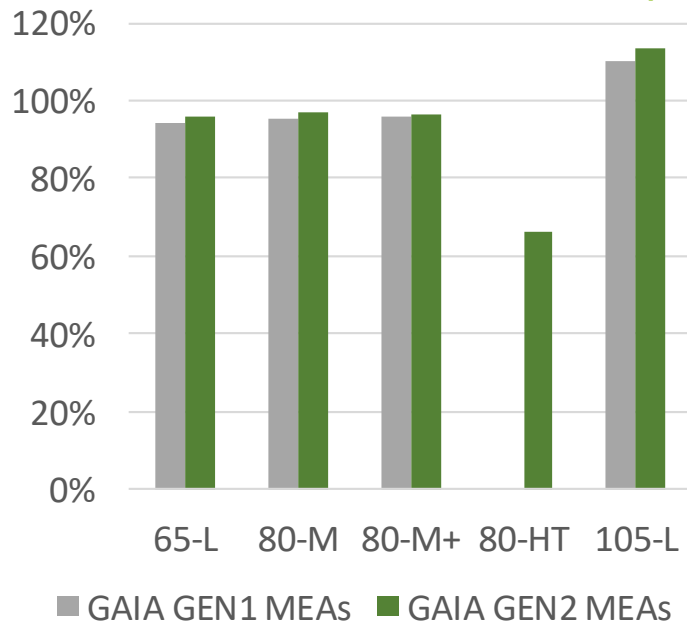
## Improved MEA performance and high temperature stability

Achievement to-date

**Project start**  
Low, mid and high power at low, mid, and high temperature operating points



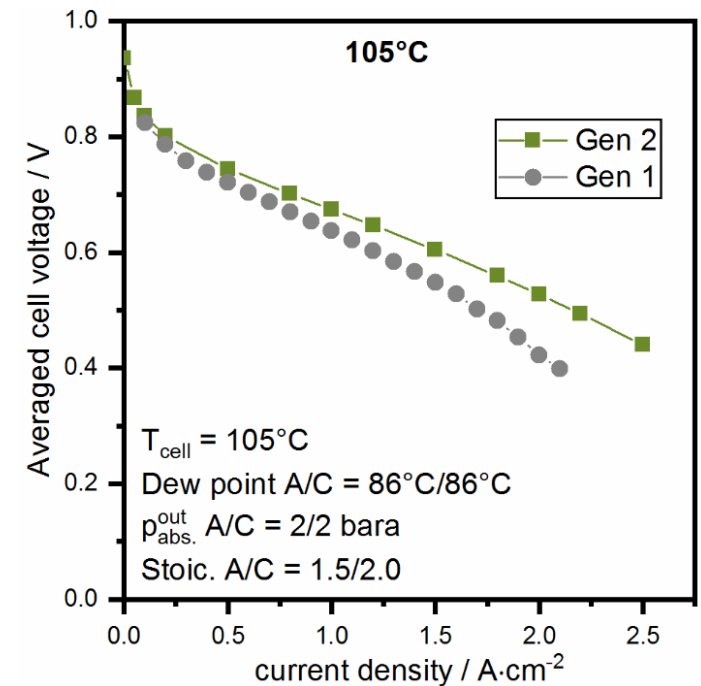
**Target**  
7 operating points  
**Achieved**  
5 operating points



10-cell stack measurements

(1) GEN2 MEAs provide higher cell voltage at GAIA operating points

(2) GEN 2 MEAs have greater high temperature performance,  $> 1 \text{ A/cm}^2$  at  $105 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , 49% RHA, 49% RHC





# GAIA Project Progress (4)

## Alternative coating methods

Achievement to-date

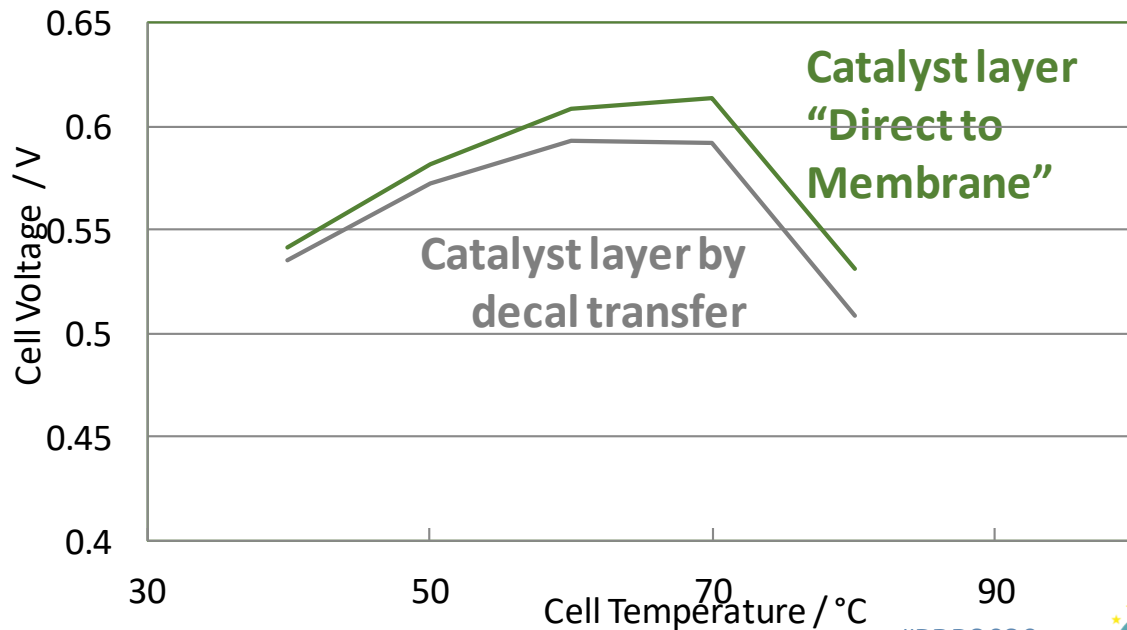
Project start  
Decal transfer

25%

50%

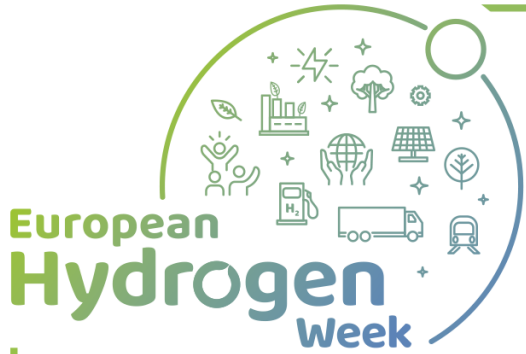
75%

Currently  
22 mV  
improvement at  
70-80 °C with  
DTM transfer



- Significant improvement in performance of MEAs produced by an alternative direct to membrane coating method over a wide range of operating conditions from cool/wet to hot/dry

Humidity Sweep at 1.2 A cm<sup>-2</sup>  
Ambient Outlet Pressure, Anode/Cathode Stoich 1.5/2.0,  
Dew point Anode/Cathode 50°C

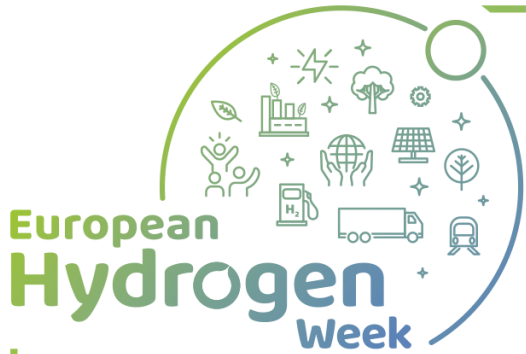


# Communication Activities

GAIA has communicated through:

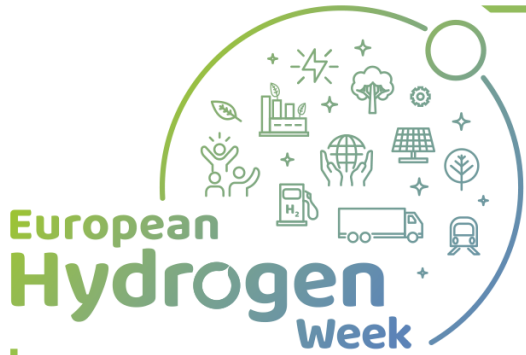
- Project [brochure](#)
- Two newsletters at [M12](#) and M23
- A [video](#) on catalyst preparation and characterisation by RDE and catalyst integration into MEAs, testing/diagnostics





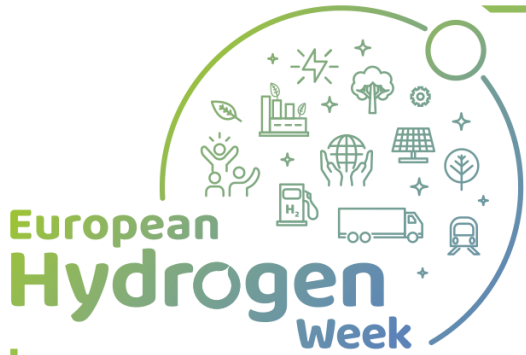
# Dissemination Activities

- GAIA has attended 2 international conferences with 4 presentations in total to date  
Dissemination activities were affected by COVID-19
- Two conference presentations are programmed for 2021
- GAIA has published one review paper to date  
*Current challenges related to the deployment of shape-controlled Pt alloy ORR nanocatalysts in low-Pt loaded cathode layers of Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cells (PEMFC)*, Pan L., Ott S., Dionigi F., Strasser P., Current Opinion in Electrochemistry, 18,61-71 (2019)
- Possible patent filings are being considered
- Public deliverables are accessible through the GAIA website



# Risks, Challenges and Lessons Learned

Risks, Challenges, Lessons Learned	Measures taken
<p>Thermostable polymer used for nanofibre reinforcement gave slow electrospinning throughput, defects at scale, and cost incompatible with target</p>	<p>Successful reformulation of thermostable polymer</p>
<p>Benefits seen separately with novel MEA components are not always additive.</p> <p>The many new materials developments of GAIA that warrant investigation at larger scale would require more short stack iterations than planned.</p>	<p>Ideally, increased full size cell testing to screen in/out the best combinations. COVID-19 on-site working restrictions make this challenging.</p>
<p>High power operating points at high temperature are not yet achieved</p>	<p>Future MEA generations to incorporate thinner membranes, higher MA catalysts, novel catalyst layer structures and improved MPL/GDL</p>

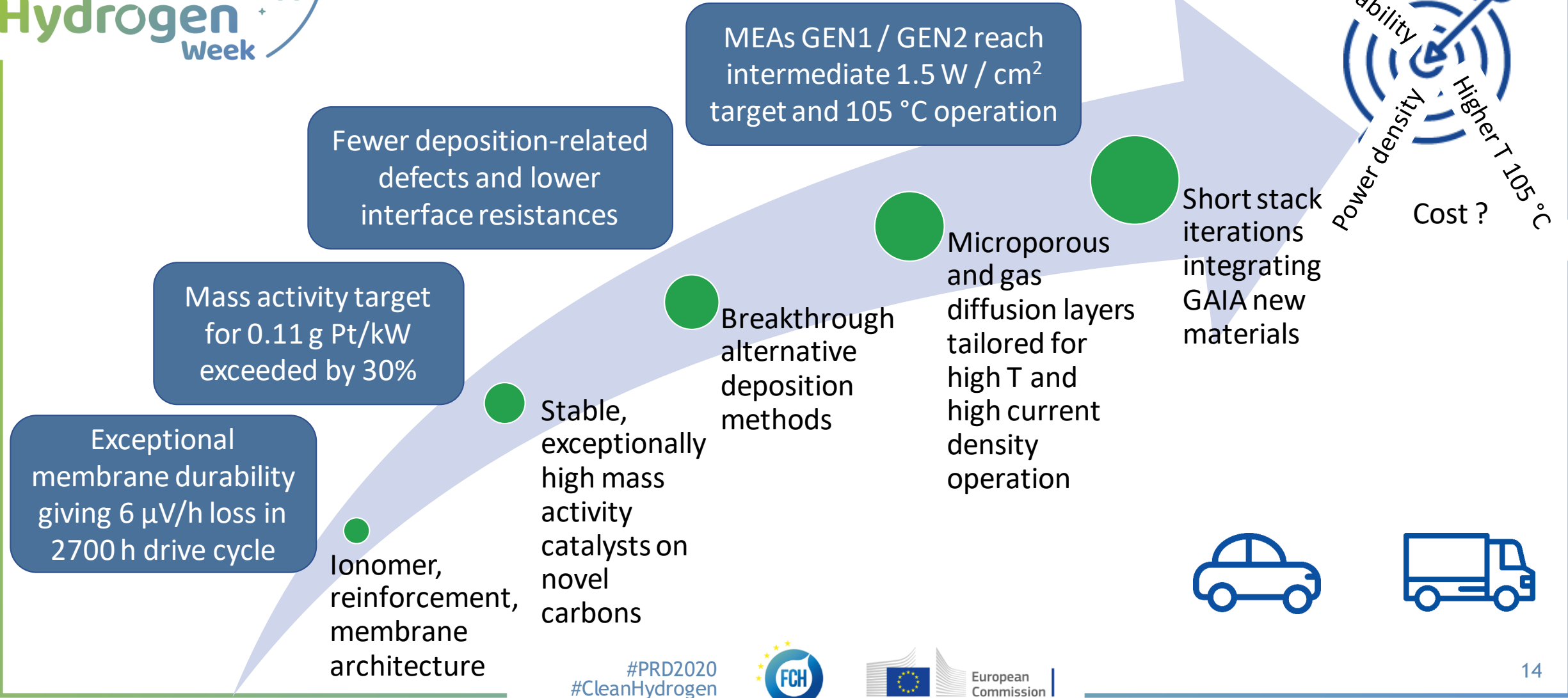


# Exploitation Plan

Exploitation Plan Item	Partner	Exploitation Activity
Product commercialisation	Freudenberg, 3M-Dyneon, Elmarco	Increased product portfolios for MPL, GDL and ionomer Increased sales
Use of components in next generation MEA products	JMFC	Will introduce GAIA components in next generation MEAs
Technology improvement	JMFC	Will use improved manufacturing technology to produce products to automotive quality with increased performance and durability
Further R&D	CNRS, TUM, TUB, ZSW, JMFC	Continue the development, scale-up and qualification of fuel cell components materials, their characterisation, testing and diagnostics
Methodology standardisation	BMW	Requirement specifications applicable for fuel cell and MEA industrialisation, standard methodology for test protocols and data analysis, and spec-sheets for next generation vehicle series development

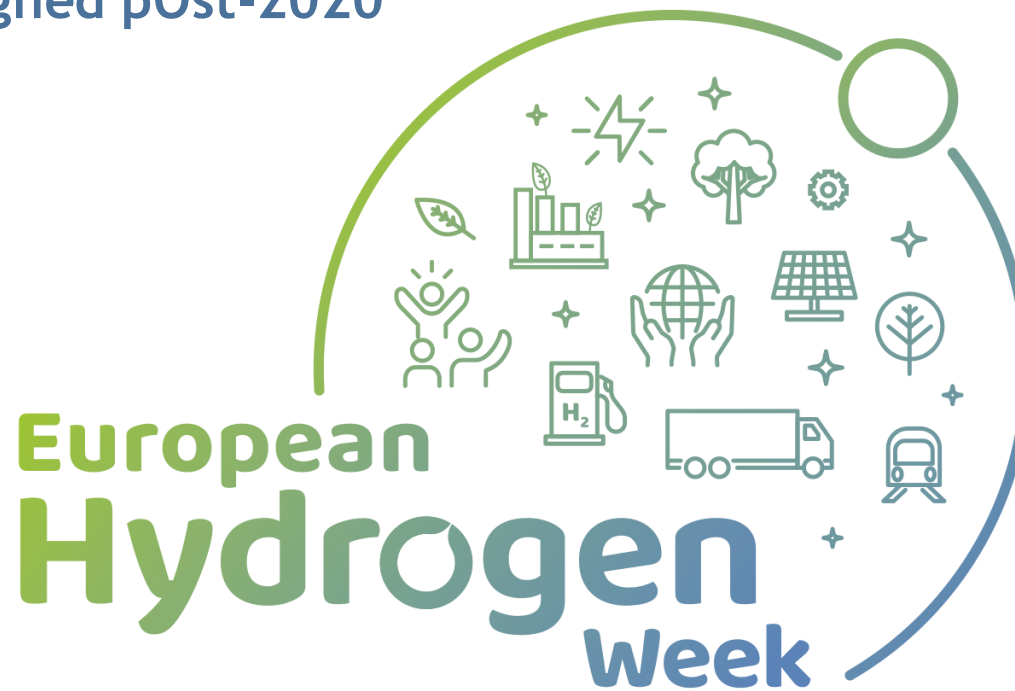
# Expected Impact

Project and MAWP targets



CRESCENDO

Critical Raw material Electro-catalysts  
replacement ENabling Designed pOst-2020  
PEMFC



Deborah Jones

CNRS

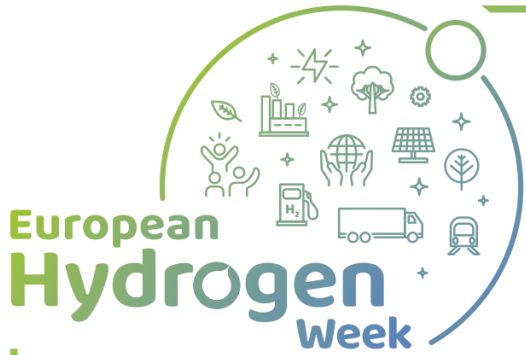
[www.crescendo-fuelcell.eu](http://www.crescendo-fuelcell.eu)

[Deborah.Jones@umontpellier.fr](mailto:Deborah.Jones@umontpellier.fr)

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# Project Overview

Critical Raw material Electro-catalystS replacement  
ENabling Designed pOst-2020 PEMFC

**Call year:**  
2017

**Call topic:**  
1.2 Towards next  
generation of  
PEMFC: non-  
PGM catalysts

**Project dates:**  
1<sup>st</sup> January 2018  
- 30<sup>th</sup> June 2021

**Total project budget:**  
2 739 602 €

**CRESCENDO**

**% stage of implementation**  
01/11/2019: 80 %

**FCH JU max. contribution:**  
2 739 602 €  
**Other financial contribution:**  
0 €



# Partners

Critical Raw material Electro-catalystS replacement  
ENabling Designed pOst-2020 PEMFC

**JM** Johnson Matthey  
Inspiring science, enhancing life  
**Imperial College  
London**

**cnrs**  
DE LA RECHERCHE A L'INDUSTRIE  
**cea**  
**PRETEXO**

**TU** berlin  
**BMW  
GROUP**

 **UNIVERSITÀ  
DEGLI STUDI  
DI PADOVA**

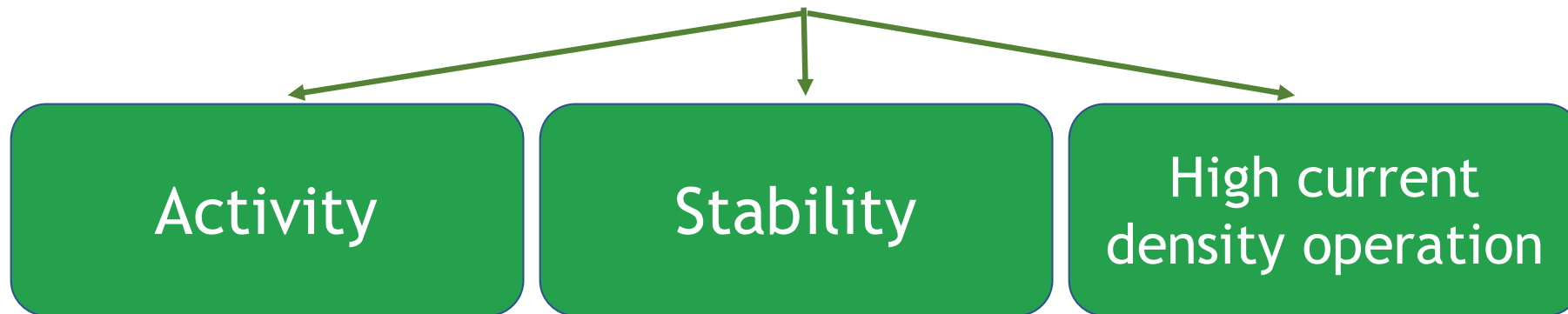
#PRD2020  
#CleanHydrogen



# Project Summary

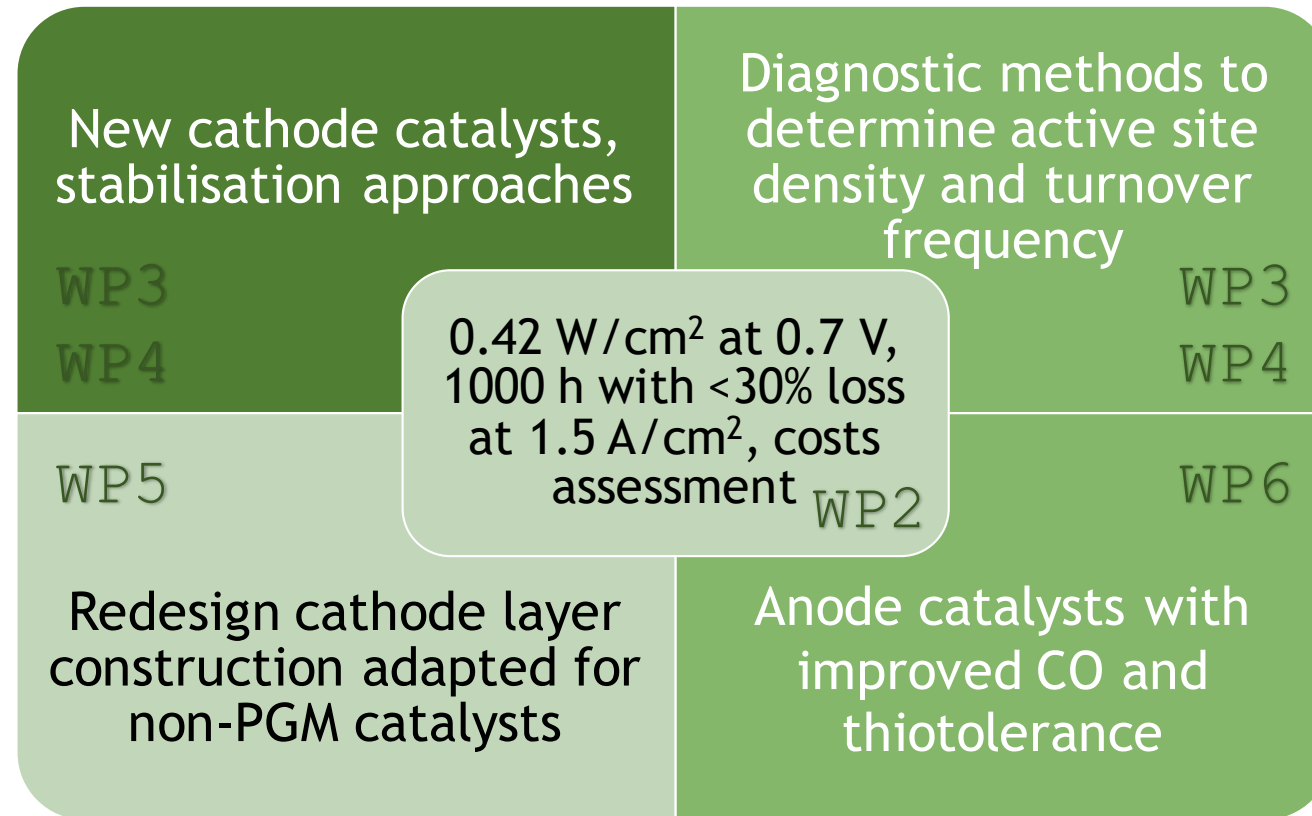
## CRESCENDO Objectives

- CRESCENDO responded to the 2017 call for proposals of the H2020 Fuel Cells and Hydrogen Joint Undertaking for PGM-free automotive MEAs, with the final targets to:
- Demonstrate the ability of the finally configured MEA to achieve  $0.42 \text{ W/cm}^2$  at  $0.7 \text{ V}$  ( $\text{H}_2$  - air) and 1000 h operation with less than 30% power degradation at  $1.5 \text{ A/cm}^2$  over an operationally-relevant drive cycle.



# Project Summary

## CRESCENDO Approach



# CRESCENDO Project Progress (1)

## H<sub>2</sub>-air PEMFC performance

Achievement to-date

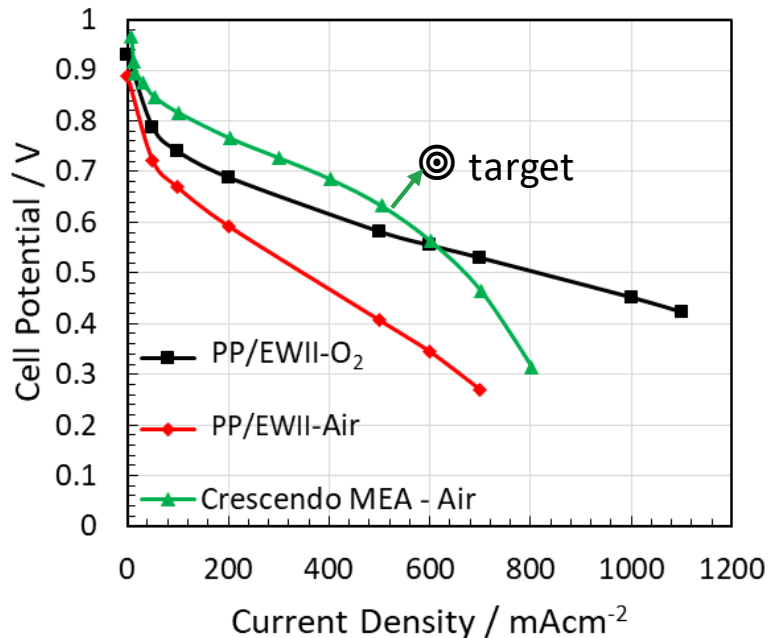
Project start  
0.12 W cm<sup>-2</sup>

25%

50%

75%

**Target**  
0.42 W cm<sup>-2</sup>  
**Achieved**  
0.34 W cm<sup>-2</sup> with non-optimised cathode layer



Commercial non-PGM catalyst (Pajarito Powder), CCM prepared at EWII

- <50% of the target cell voltage at 0.6 A/cm<sup>2</sup>

Project Fe-NC catalyst (unoptimised layer)

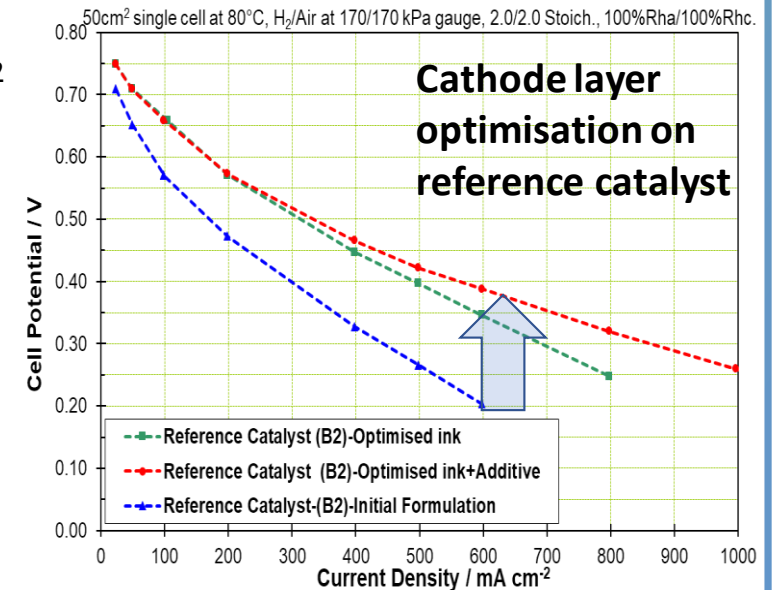
- 78% of target cell voltage at 0.6 A/cm<sup>2</sup>

Cathode layer optimisation

- brings +190 mV performance improvement with reference catalyst @ 0.6 A/cm<sup>2</sup>

Current work

- Catalyst layer optimisation with upscaled project catalyst



# CRESCENDO Project Progress (2)

## Cathode catalyst stabilisation

Achievement to-date

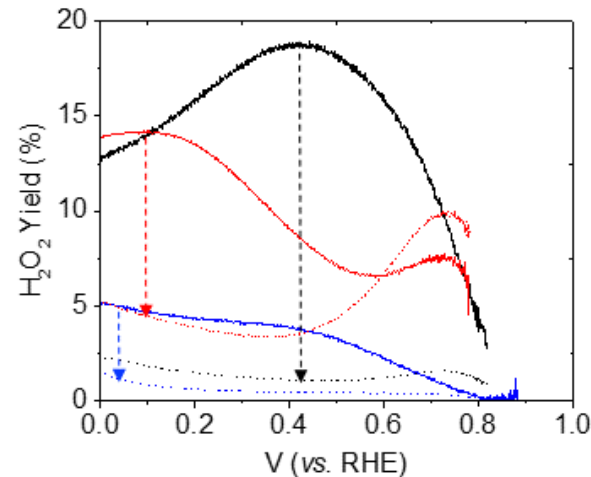
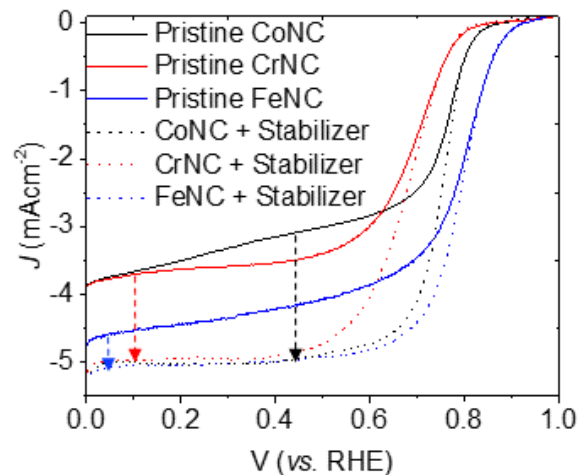
Project start:  
Stabilisation with  
ultra-low Pt%

25%

50%

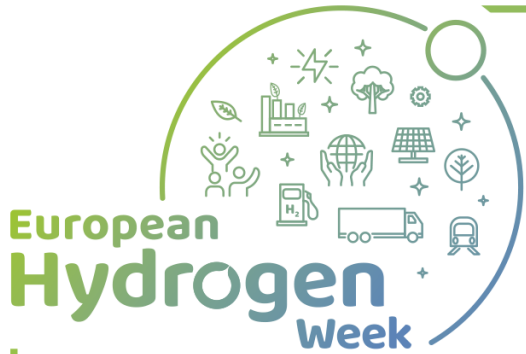
75%

Achieved:  
Factor 5 times  
lower  $H_2O_2$  yield



**PGM-free co-catalysts have been developed that greatly reduce the side production of  $H_2O_2$  during ORR and improve PEMFC stability**

- **Innovation Title:** Novel stabilizers and stabilization techniques for non-PGM catalysts for PEMFCs;
- **Market Maturity of the Innovation:** 'Exploring' (based on a method [described in this paper](#));
- **Market Creation Potential of the innovation:** Addresses needs of existing markets.



# Dissemination and Communication Activities

- >30 conference presentations - Dissemination activities in 2020 were affected by COVID-19
- 7 publications, including

***Establishing reactivity descriptors for platinum group metal (PGM)-free Fe-N-C catalysts for PEM fuel cells***, M. Primbs, Y. Sun, A. Roy, D. Malko, As. Mehmood, M.-T. Sougrati, P.-Y. Blanchard, G. Granozzi, T. Kosmala, G. Daniel, P. Atanassov, J. Sharman, C. Durante, A. Kucernak, D. Jones, F. Jaouen and P. Strasser, *Energy Environ. Sci.*, 2020, DOI 10.1039/D0EE01013H

- Organisation, with NMBP CREATE, of an international conference on in Sept. 2019, 160 participants

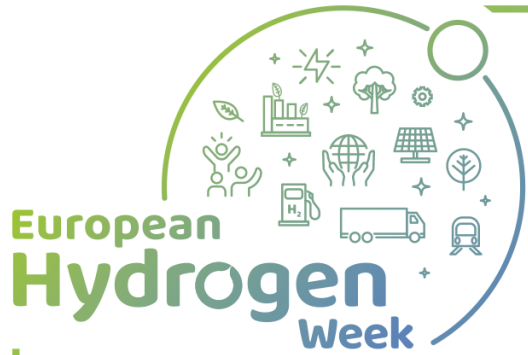


- Possible patent filings on non-PGM stabilisation of non-PGM catalysts

## CRESCENDO communication via:

- Project [brochure](#)
- Two newsletters at [M18](#) and [M30](#)
- Public deliverables are accessible through the CRESCENDO website





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