

Energy Pillar

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FUEL CELLS AND HYDROGEN JOINT UNDERTAKING



Energy Pillar Overview

Hydrogen Production

Main Focus

- Concentrated solar energy for thermochemical hydrogen production
- Alternative H2 carriers for stationary storage

What is new

- MW-scale high-temperature electrolyser
- Robust materials for thermochemical H₂ production
- Hydrogen carriers for stationary H₂ storage





Further increase in capacities of low & high temperature electrolysers to be demonstrated in new applications



Energy Pillar

4 topics – 20 M€

Topic

FCH-02-1-2018: Demonstration of a large-se electrolyser for converting renewable energy

FCH-02-2-2018: Demonstration of large-sca electrolyser system in industrial market

FCH-02-4-2018: Thermochemical Hydrogen Concentrated Sunlight

FCH-02-5-2018: Hydrogen carriers for station excess renewable energy





	Type of Action	Ind. FCH Cont. (M€)
cale (min. 20MW) gy to hydrogen	IA	11
le steam	IA	4
Production from	RIA	3
onary storage of	RIA	2







Hydrogen Production – Innovation Action (IA)

FCH-02-1-2018: Demonstration of a large-scale (min. 20MW) electrolyser for converting renewable energy to hydrogen



value of H_2



- Favourable economic conditions, e.g. upstream connection in wind park
- Minimise footprint, single BoP
- Steel, refining industrial sectors excluded



FCH-02-2-2018: Demonstration of large-scale steam electrolyser system in industrial market Scale-up SOE to "megawatt class", reducing CAPEX < 3M€/(t/d)

- 15kg/hr H₂ production using renewable electricity
- Two year operation without stack replacement, cumulated 50tons of renewable H₂
- <40kWhel/kg, <5min hot start, >90% availability





Develop 20 MW rapid response electrolyser to convert RES e- to RES H₂ for use in end-market valorising renewable



Hydrogen Production – Research and Innovation Action (RIA)

FCH-02-4-2018: Thermochemical Hydrogen Production from Concentrated Sunlight



Improve performance of 500kW concentrated solar system for H₂ production

- Improve the stability, cyclability and performance of functional materials for high temperature water splitting aiming for 1,000 cycles or 5,000 hours of operation
- > 50% heat recovery rates, < 25% heat loses of flushing gas: design for 10% solar-to-fuel efficiency, 5% in the field

FCH-02-5-2018: Hydrogen carriers for stationary storage of excess renewable energy



Develop & demonstrate >50kg H₂ storage system

- 70% round trip efficiency
- Liquid organic carriers are not eligible for this call







Stationary Fuel Cells for Heat and Power Generation

Main Focus

- Solid oxide fuel cells (component and system level)
- Waste/biomass-to-energy and (storage)
- Demonstrate and unlock new markets

What is new

- Dedicated topic on novel interconnects solutions
- Cost-optimisation of cogeneration with fuel cells using biogas
- Pathways for waste-to-energy concepts using solid oxide membrane reactors
- Demonstration of fuel cells for long term power supply in remote locations









Energy Pillar 4 Topics – 7 M€



FCH-02-3-2018: Robust, efficient long term remo

FCH-02-6-2018: Cost-effective novel architecture

FCH-02-7-2018: Efficient and cost-optimised biog by high-temperature fuel cells

FCH-02-8-2018: Waste-stream based power bala efficiency, high flexibility and power-to-X capabi





	Type of Action	Ind. FCH Contribution (M€)
ote power supply	IA	3
es of interconnects	RIA	2
gas-based co-generation	RIA	1.5
ncing plants with high ility	RIA	0.5







Stationary Fuel Cells - Innovation Action (IA)

FCH-02-3-2018: Robust, efficient long term remote power supply



Develop and demonstrate FCs for remote power supply in gas and oil infrastructure and telecom towers to replace inefficient conventional solutions

- maintenance)
 - No less than **15 units** in the power range of 0.5 to 5 kW_e with overall power capacity >**15kW**_e
 - At least 3 stack manufacturers or fuel cell integrators
 - Firm **commitment from end-users** should be demonstrated
 - **Cost reduction** through value engineering and manufacturing readiness for serial production





Create long-term track record in real installations (efficiency, harsh climate conditions, reliability, service lifetime,





Stationary Fuel Cells - Research and Innovation Actions (RIA)

FCH-02-6-2018: Cost-effective novel architectures of interconnects



Objective Note: Development of **cost effective novel interconnects** for SOFCs and SOECs

- demonstrate solutions for >3000 hours and 50 cycles in a 1 kW stack
- demonstrate low cost fabrication solutions adaptable to any stack design and for mass-manufacturing processes • involve (European) actors across full value chain (at least one component and stack manufacturer)

 - expected **KPIs** for both fuel cell and electrolysis operation modes

FCH-02-7-2018: Efficient and cost-optimised biogas-based co-generation by high-temperature FCs





- efficient, low-cost and modular solutions: n_e>53%, <3500 €/kW_e (FC and gas processing system)
- Design and engineer an integrated biogas-fed fuel cell system architecture with minimal gas pre-processing • universal one-stop appliance to process different types of biogas for HTFC systems
- at least **2 HTFC manufacturers**
- address design of a full-scale system













Stationary Fuel Cells - Research and Innovation Action (RIA)

FCH-02-8-2018: Waste-stream based power balancing plants with high efficiency, high flexibility and power-to-X capability



Using Solid Oxide membrane reactors based plants for power generation and energy storage using waste and biomass derived fuels

- identify long-term low-grade waste streams and processes to transform them
- develop concepts considering a RES dominated power generation landscape
- define requirements underpinning viable business cases
- develop a **pathway** for a gradual **integration** of Solid Oxide membrane reactors based plants
- focus on conceptual engineering work rather than experimental but new technical concepts should be elaborated







