



FUEL CELLS AND HYDROGEN
JOINT UNDERTAKING

HyBalance
Hazards Identification /
Risk Assessment
Approach
Workshop on Safety of Electrolysis

Vincent Basset

18 November 2020

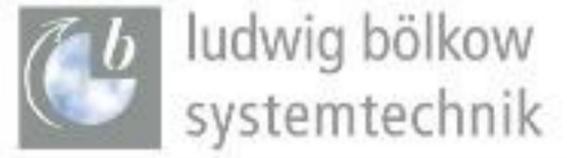


HyBalance

Workshop on Safety of Electrolysis



Project Brief

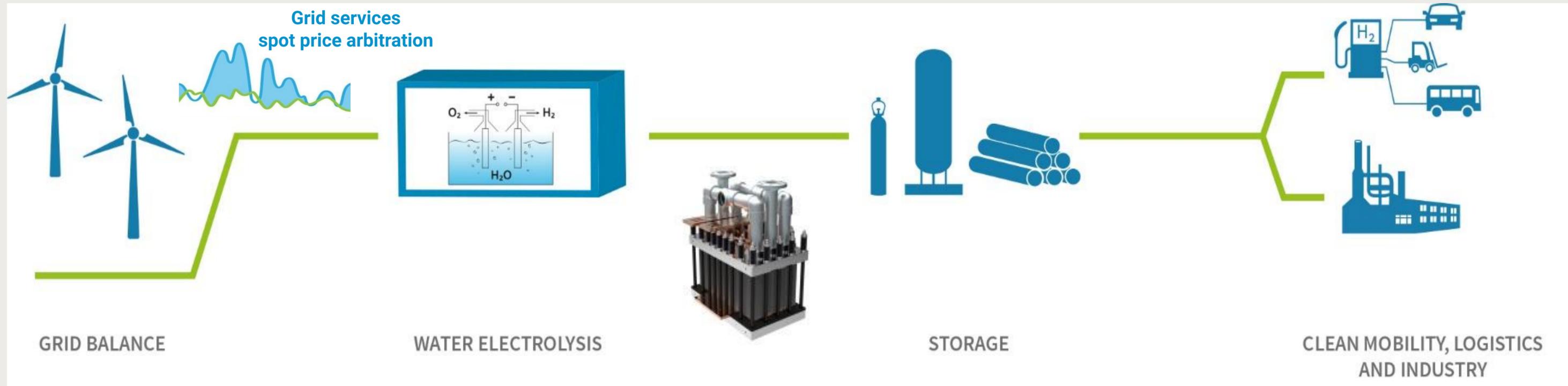
- Consortium    
- Total project budget: **15 M€**
- FCH JU max. contribution: **8 M€** 
- Danish Contribution: **2,6 M€** 
- Program dates: from October 2015 to September 2020 / Plant start-up in February 2018

HYDROGEN VALLEY® 



Main achievements

- Implement the production and supply chain of **low carbon H2** : tube trailer filling and customer supply by a pipeline
- Demonstrate the performance of **PEM** electrolysis technology for grid balancing services
- Enable the storage of renewable electricity from wind turbines - - - > **Power to H2**

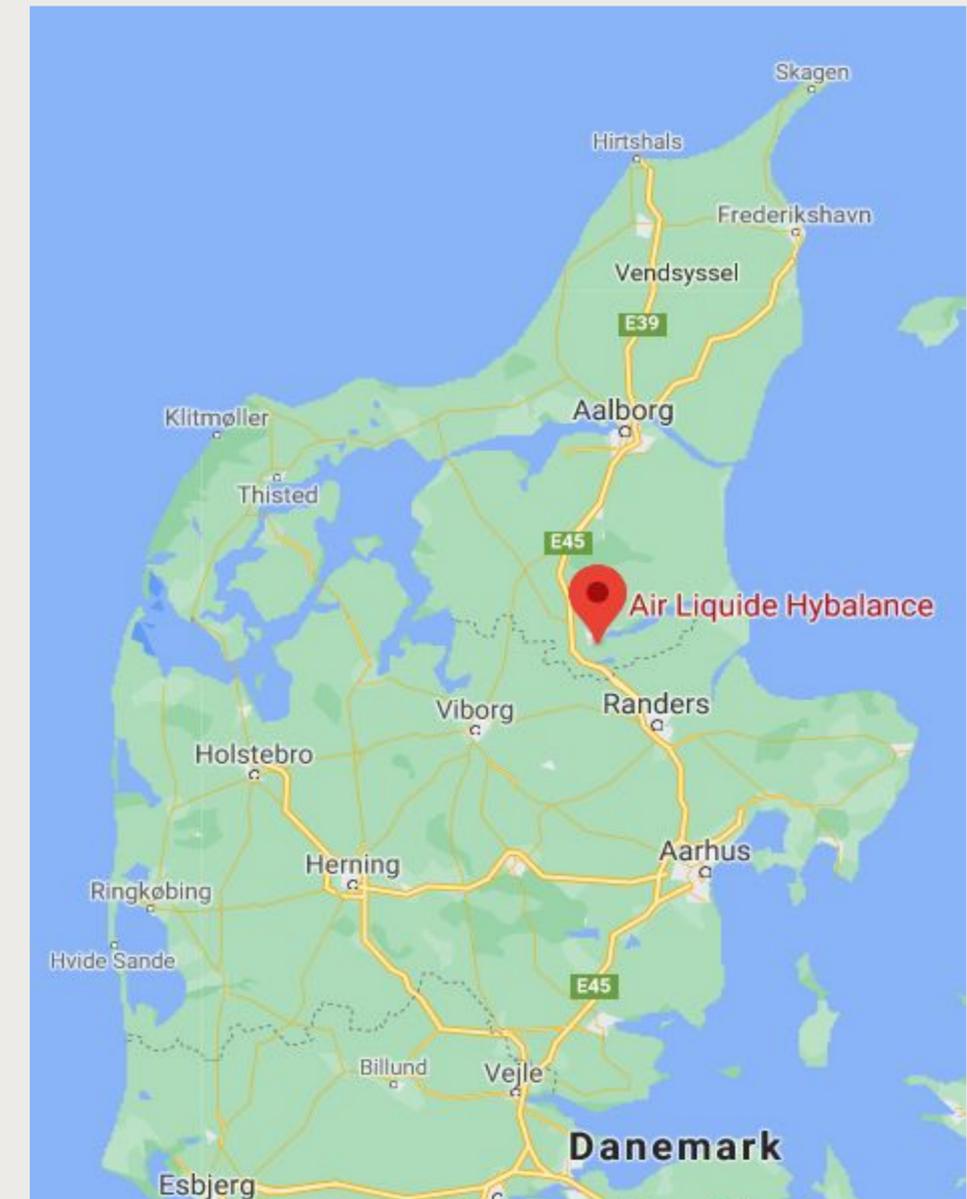
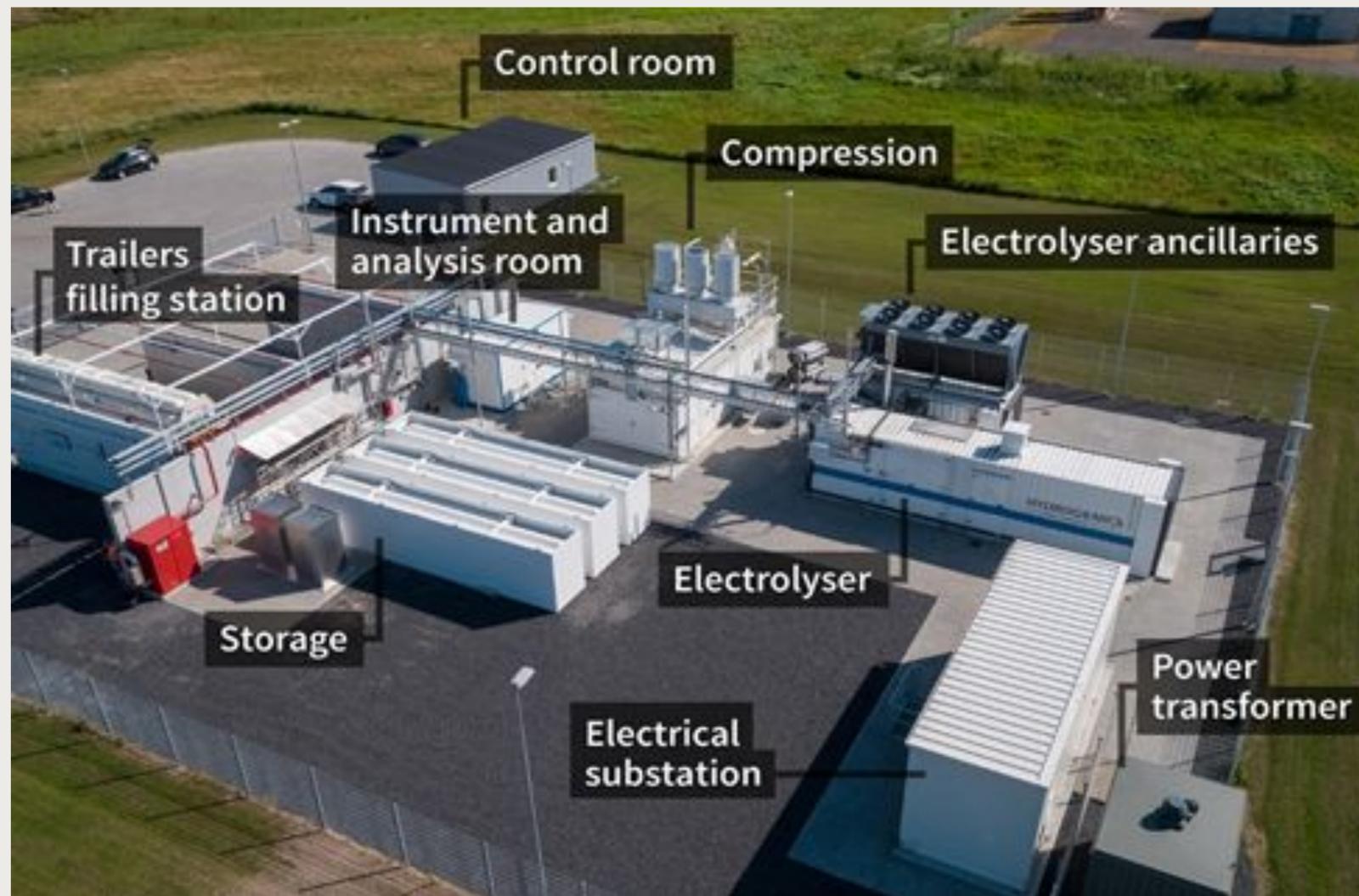


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Workshop on Safety of Electrolysis



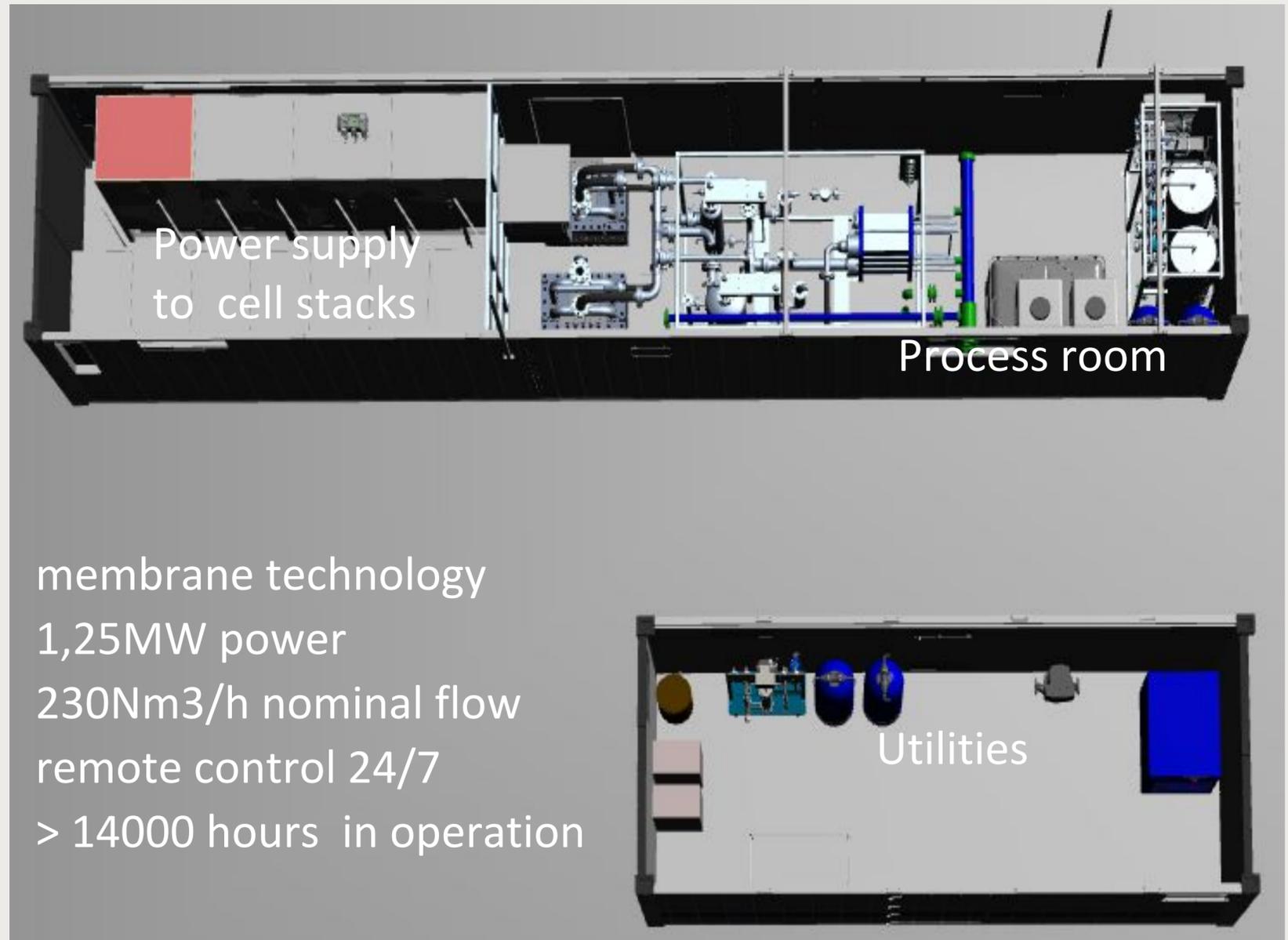
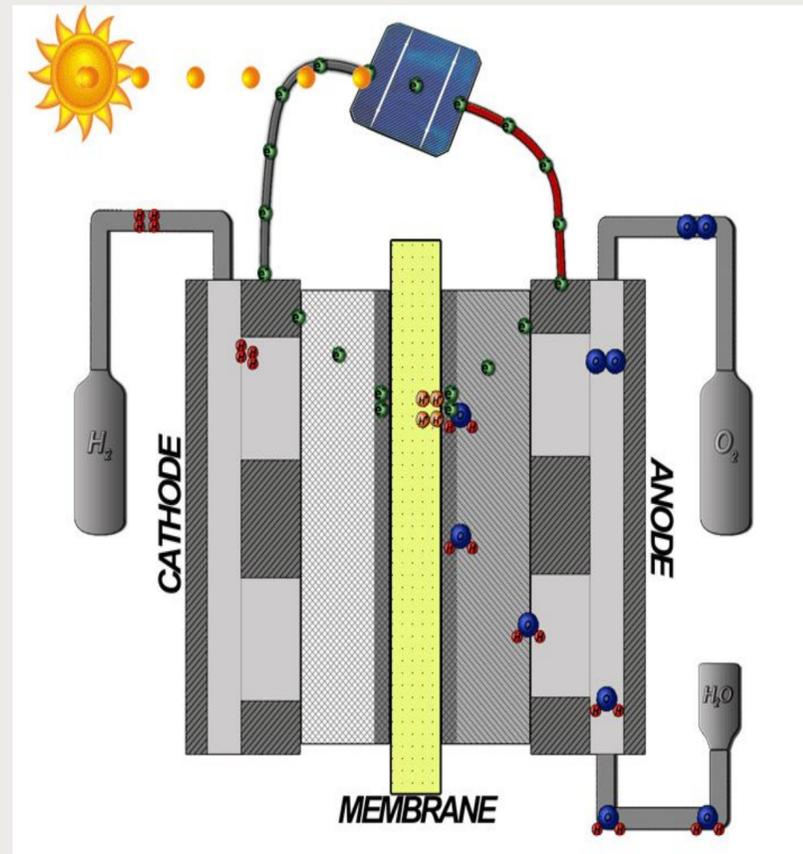
Site Location in Hobro, Denmark



HyBalance - Air Liquide - 18 November 2020



PEM Electrolyzer main characteristics



Regulations, Codes and Standards

3 main specific regulation requirements applied to the hydrogen station :

- Environmental and building permit : lead by Air Liquid with the support of local contractor COWI. Environmental permit given by EPA, building permit by the municipality
- No specific regulation today in Denmark for H₂. Use of Danish legislation on safety for gas equipment (from 21 April 2018 - Danish text Bekendtgørelse nr. 239 af 23. Marts 2018). H₂ is mentioned in this law with specific requirements.
- Danish fire regulation : involvement of local fire brigade in order that the station comply with the fire regulation DEMA
- Other regulation are European ones (pressure, electrical, etc) but with local approval by notified body or by the sub-contractor

Risk Assessments / Identification of main safety risks of the electrolyzer

Project Risk managements process

- from the HAZOP
- to the ARA (Air Liquid method - quantitative risk assessment)
- to EIS identification (final mitigation barrier which avoid a fatality)



Main safety risks identified

1. cross over of H₂ in O₂ line (flammable mixture) due to membrane failure
2. H₂ - O₂ mixture into the gas separator vessels
3. H₂ or O₂ or N₂ external release inside the process room
4. Oxygen fire in process line due line uncleaned or to high gas velocity

Prevention and mitigation

1. Cross over of H₂ in O₂ line due to membrane failure (i.e ageing)

- voltage continuous control
- delta pressure control wired on electrolyzer safety shut down
- H₂ analyzer in O₂ line
- periodical replacement of the membranes

2. H₂ - O₂ mixture into the gas separator vessels

- pressure safety valve (PSV) on each separator
- high pressure sensor wired on electrolyzer safety shut down

3. H₂ or O₂ or N₂ external release inside the process room

- H₂ and O₂ gas detection wired on electrolyzer safety shut down
- mechanical ventilation with electrolyzer stop in case of failure

4. Oxygen fire in process line due line uncleaned or to high gas velocity

- specific cleaning procedure after start-up or maintenance
- O₂ velocity design compliant with EIGA 13/12/E recommendations

To conclude a short slide of the main safety risk on the station after the electrolyzer : external H2 leak / fire

H2 leak / fire located :

- in the compressor skid
- on the hydrogen high pressure storages in free area
- on the trailer's hydrogen filling ramp



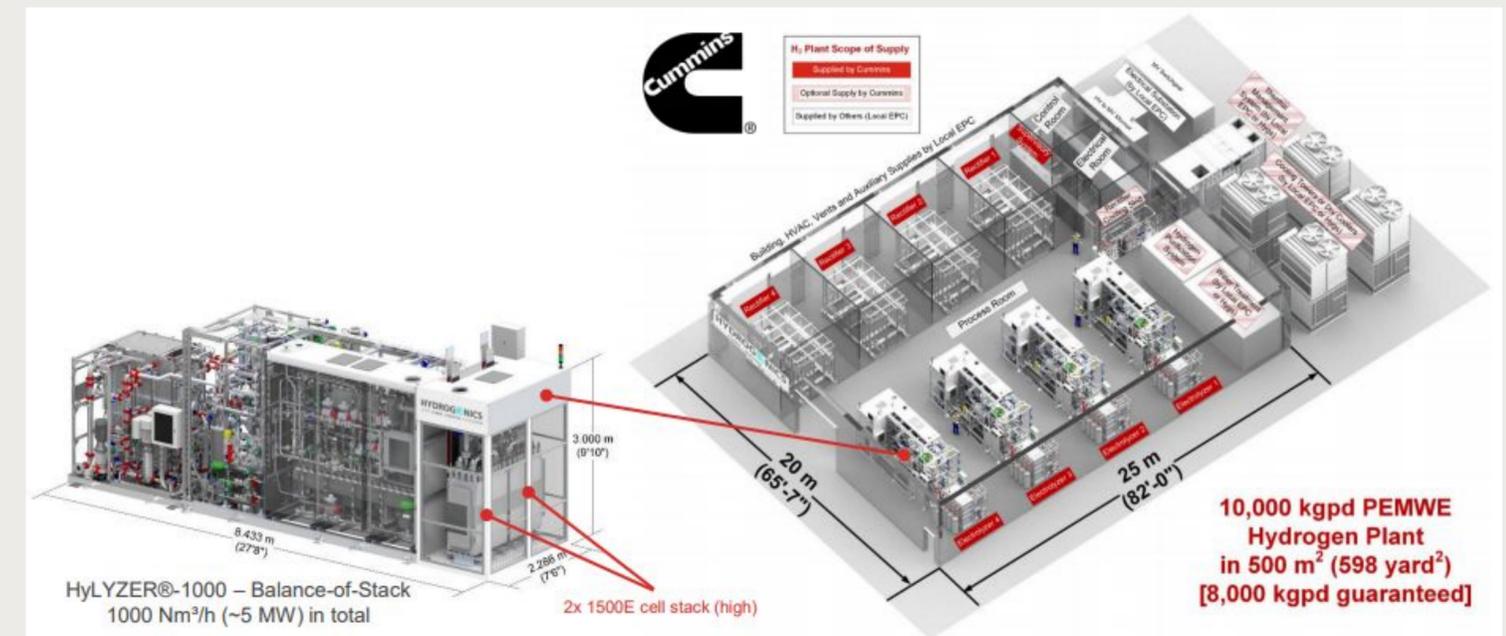
The main mitigation measures are:

- hydrogen / fire detection in the compressor skid
- hydrogen /fire detection up to the storages and filling panel
- casing (fences) around the storages to avoid fire jet on the cylinders
- acoustic meter
- water spray system up to the trailer filling area and separative wall

When not passive, all the barriers wired to the safety shutdown of the station/ valves interlocked

Lessons learnt and application for new H2 electrolyzer plant

- Through Hybalance project, Air Liquide managed to set the list of the main safety risks of a PEM electrolyzer
- Consequence : some upgrades of the electrolyzer design were introduced in order to ensure a deeper mastering of the process risks according to the AL rules
- NO major safety incident after quite 3 years of operation
- Experience feedback used for new PEM electrolyzer projects with higher power
e.g. Becancour - Canada (20MW - 8000kg/day - in construction)





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Vincent Basset

Senior Industrial Risk Manager Representative
vincent.basset@airliquide.com

For further information

www.fch.europa.eu



@fch_ju



Fch-ju@fch.europa.eu



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