

Project supported by the FCH JU





CertifHy Creating the 1st EU-wide Guarantee of Origin for Green Hydrogen

Overview of CertifHy phase 1 and GO schemes 2017-12-18





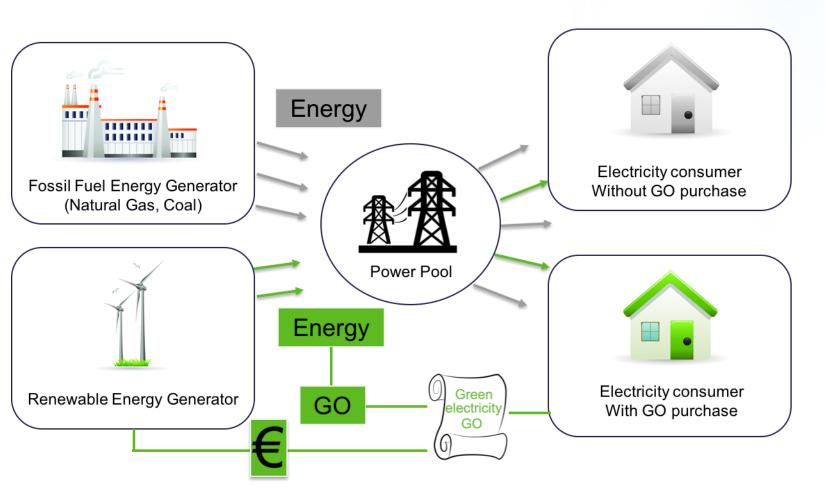
Agenda

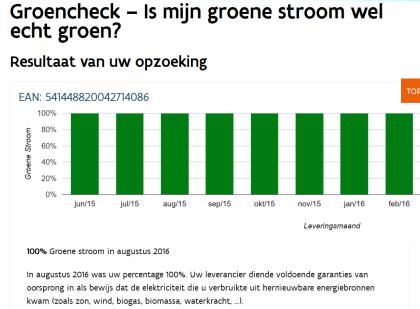


- Introduction to GO schemes
- CertifHy Phase 1:
- Definition of green hydrogen
- GO scheme
- Business Models for Green H2 GO's
- CertifHy Phase 2
- Appendix: Analysis of pathways leading to green H2 production



Guarantee of Origin (GO) scheme for Electricity has allowed Electricity Suppliers to sell renewable electricity (RE) contracts to households and provide evidence of RE consumption to their customers.





In Flanders, consumers can check via the regulator their electricity consumption to be renewable (as the electricity supplier cancelled GOs):

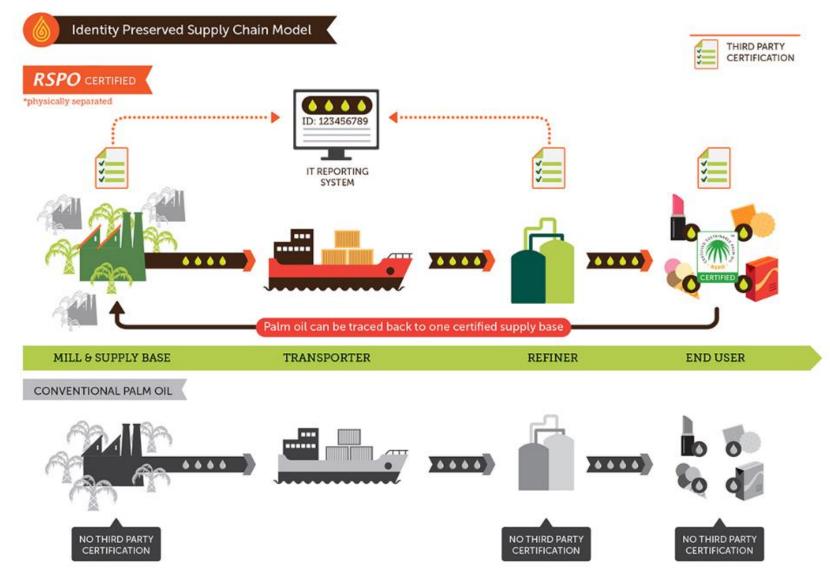
http://www.vreg.be/nl/controleren -hoe-groen-uw-stroom-groencheck



IDENTITY PRESERVED

Sustainable palm oil from a single identifiable certified source is kept separately from ordinary palm oil throughout supply chain.

Different schemes exist sustainable palm oil

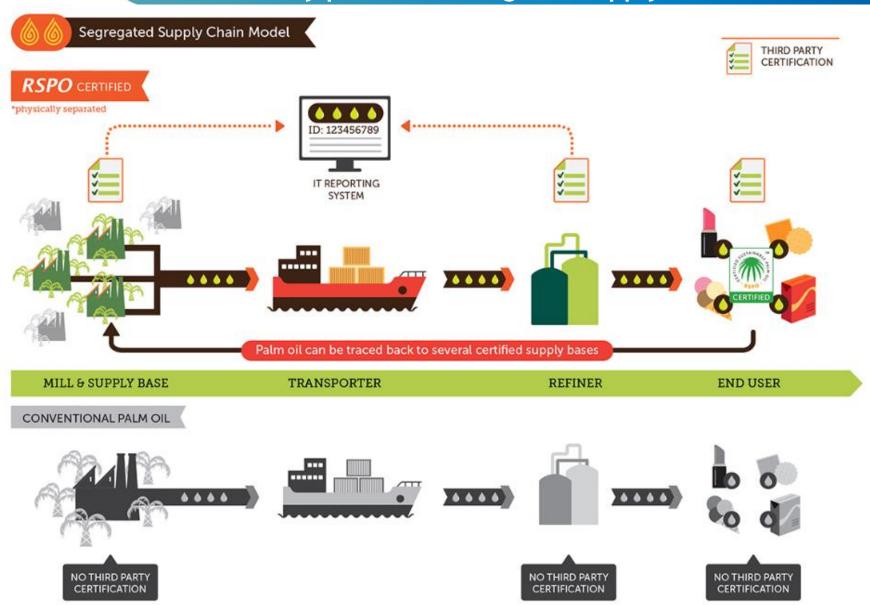




SEGREGATED

Sustainable palm oil from different certified sources is kept separate from ordinary palm oil throughout supply chain

palm oil Different schemes exist sustainable

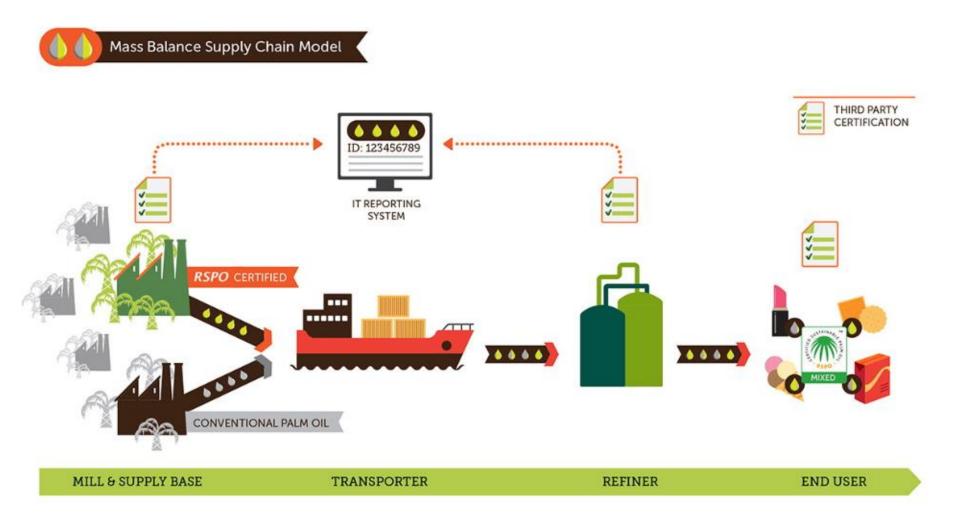




MASS BALANCE

Sustainable palm oil from certified sources is mixed with ordinary palm oil throughout supply chain.

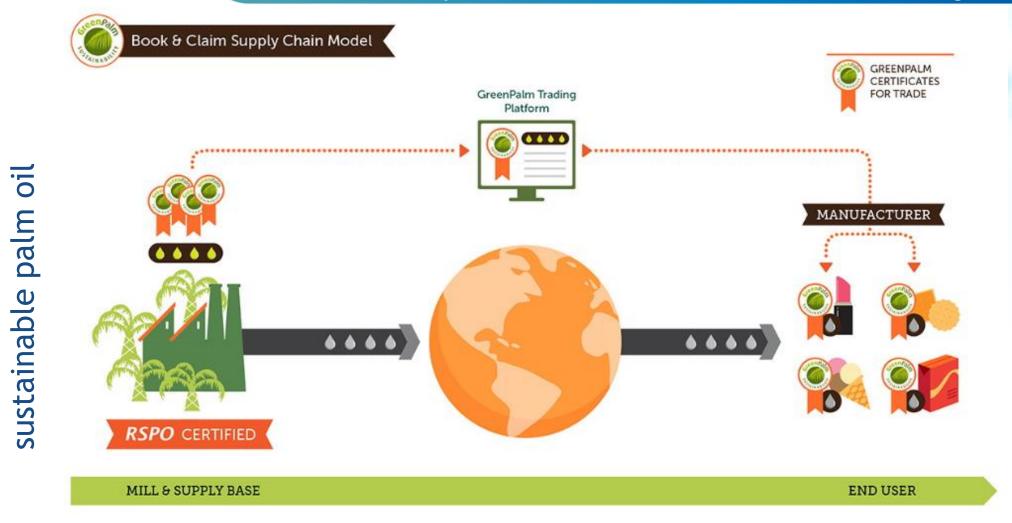






GREEN PALM / BOOK & CLAIM

The chain is not monitored for the presence of sustainable palm oil. Retailers can buy a GreenPalm certificate from certified grower



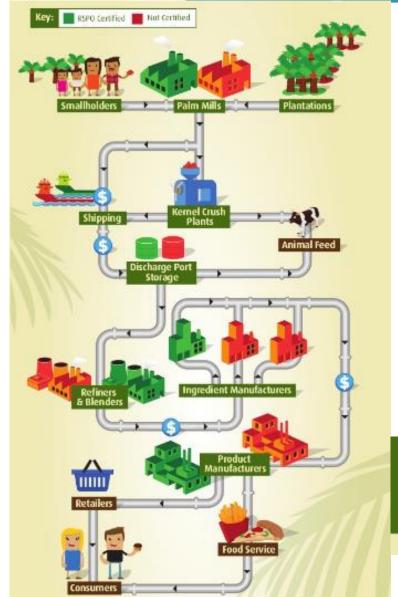
12/18/2017

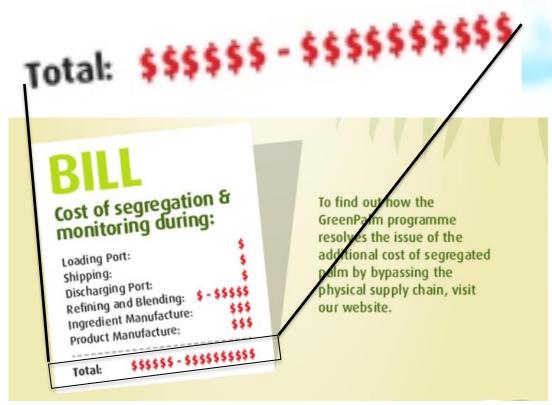
Different schemes exist

Source: http://www.rspo.org/



A book and claim system has been chosen for sustainable palm oil to avoid duplication of an expensive supply chain





Sustainable palm and palm kernel oil: The cost & complexity of segregation



Source: http://greenpalm.org



Introduction to GO schemes

CertifHy Phase 1:

- Definition of green hydrogen
- GO scheme

Business Models for Green H2 GO's

CertifHy Phase 2

Appendix: Analysis of pathways leading to green H2 production



CertifHy aims to develop the 1st European-wide Green and Low Carbon hydrogen GO scheme

2014 2016 2017 2018/9 2020s.

Phase 1

Define a widely acceptable definition of green hydrogen

Determine how an EU wide robust GO scheme should be designed and implemented

Phase 2

- Set-up a hydrogen GO
 Stakeholders' platform & its Steering Group
- Finalise the scheme design ensuring it can be the main route to guarantee the origin of green & low carbon hydrogen across EU Member States
- Run a pilot scheme to test the proposed design.
- Identify actions which need to be undertaken after the completion of the study to achieve an EU wide deployment of the scheme

Phase 3

- Prepare EU wide deployment:
 Implement key elements
 - Competent authority,
 - Issuing Body,
 - Registry operator,
 - Accreditation body

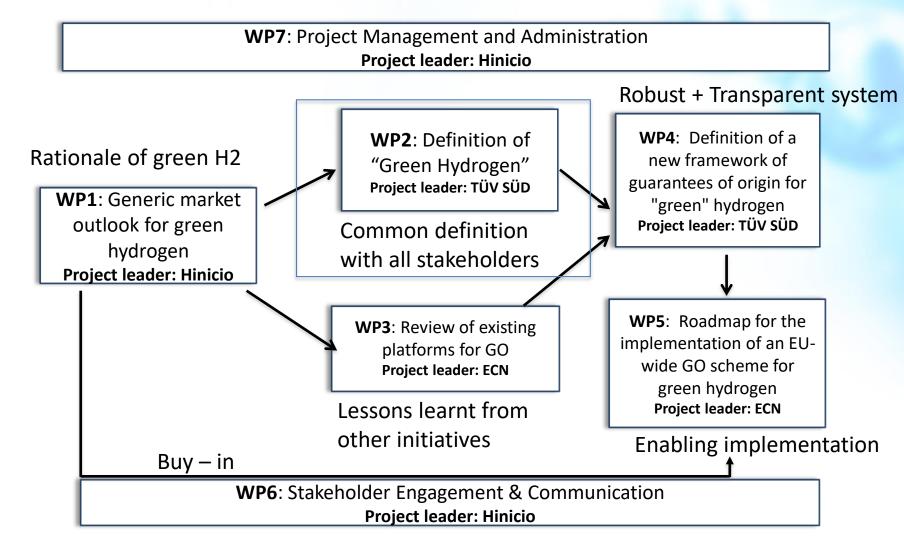
- Finalise Regulation, Codes and Standards:
 - > CEN Standard
 - > EU and national regulation
 - CertifHy scheme docs



The current definition of Green and Low Carbon Hydrogen and GO scheme has been the result of a 2 year consensus building process from 2014 to 2016





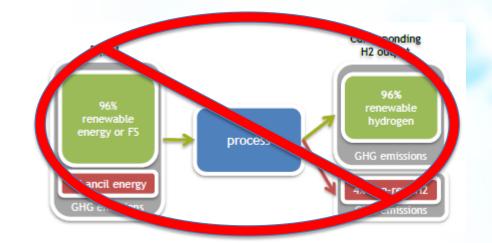


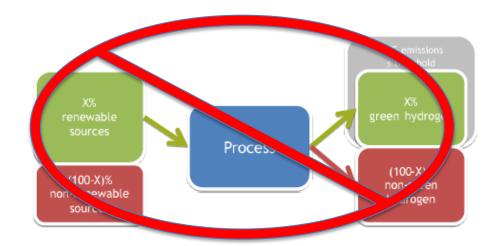


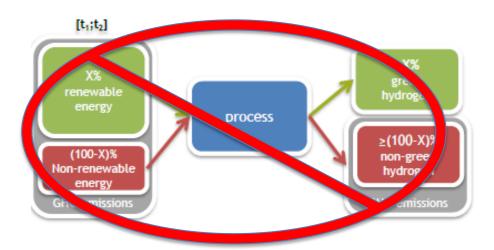
Over those two years: a step-by-step consensus building approach was followed with many models developed along the way

Example of intermediary approaches:

- GHG emissions to be allocated to RE part
- GHG emissions to allocated to both RE and non-RE part
- Green H2 to have zero GHG emissions
- See D2.4 on http://www.certifhy.eu in "publications-and-deliverables" for a full report

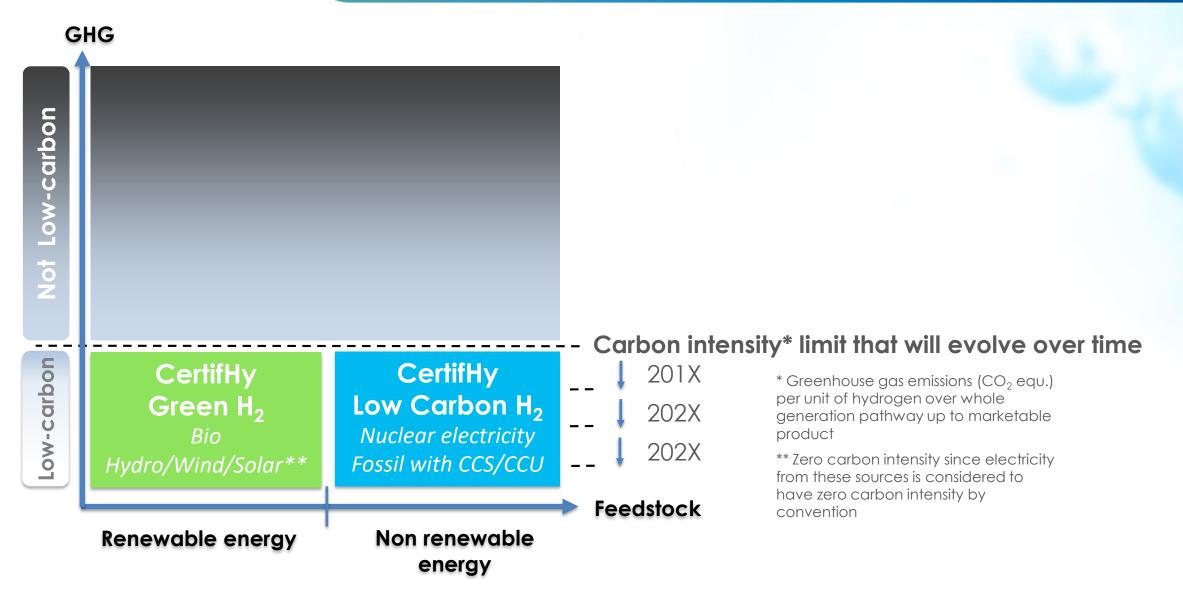






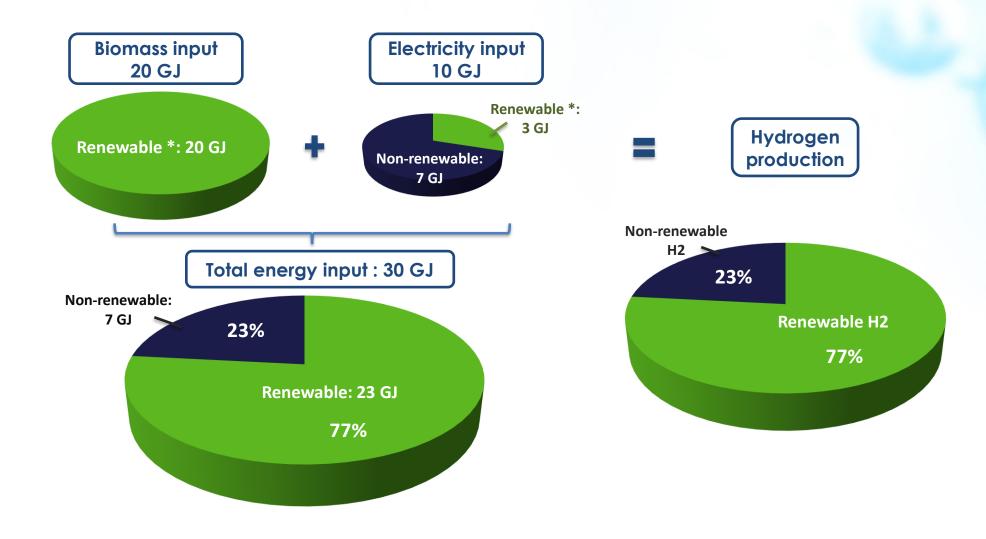


The definition of green and Low Carbon hydrogen was one of the main outcomes of the program





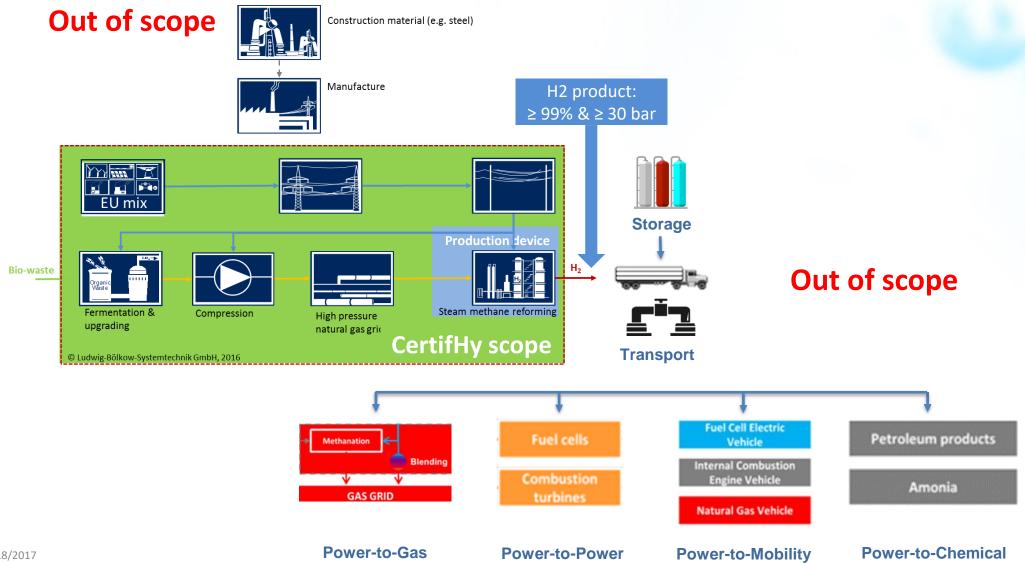
Renewable hydrogen will be as green as the energy input into the production device





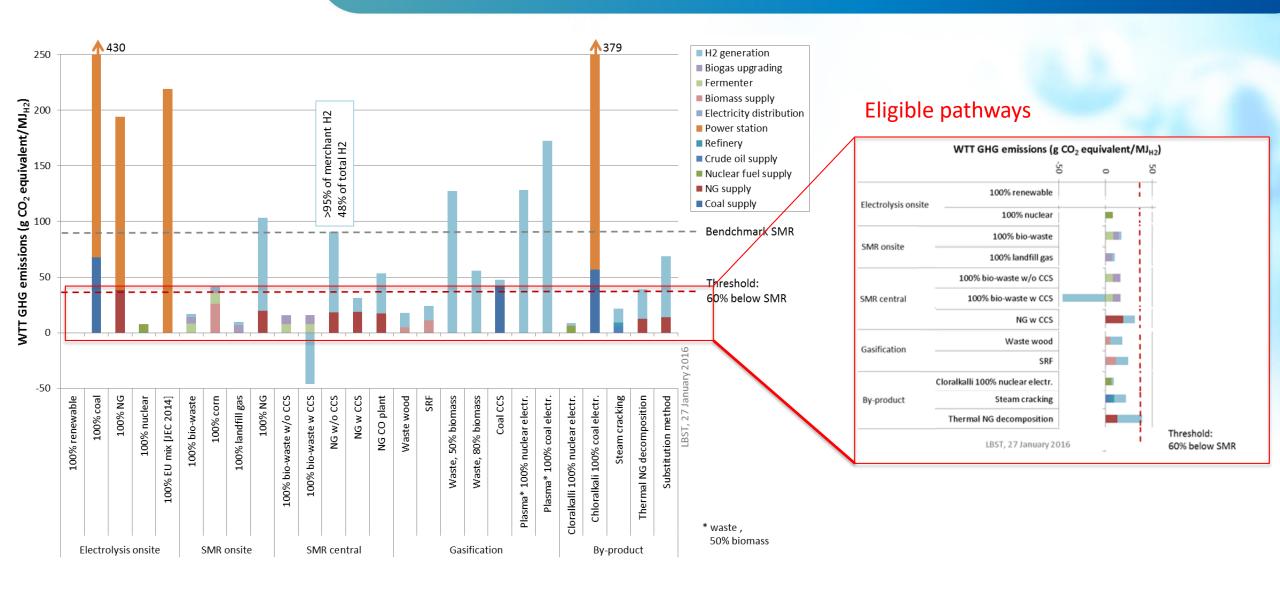
Hydrogen GOs and the associated GHG emissions cover the whole generation pathway up to marketable product

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With the low carbon benchmark set at an ambitious level, yet allowing for bio-based sources to be eligible





The definition of green and Low Carbon hydrogen was widely endorsed by stakeholders















































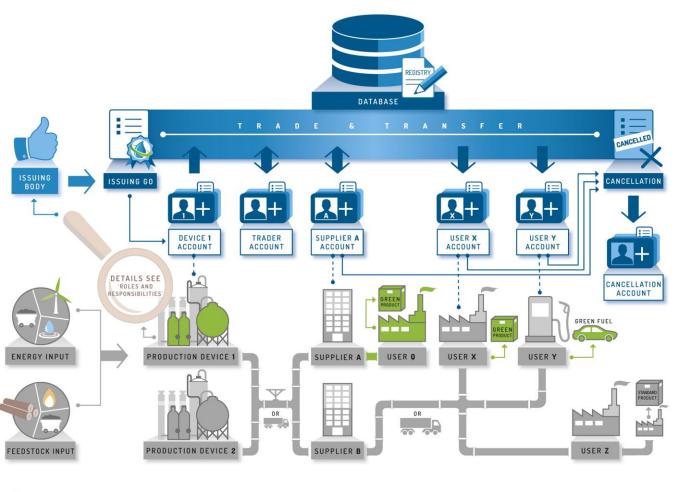








Getting consensus on a GO Scheme was the second major outcome (1/2)

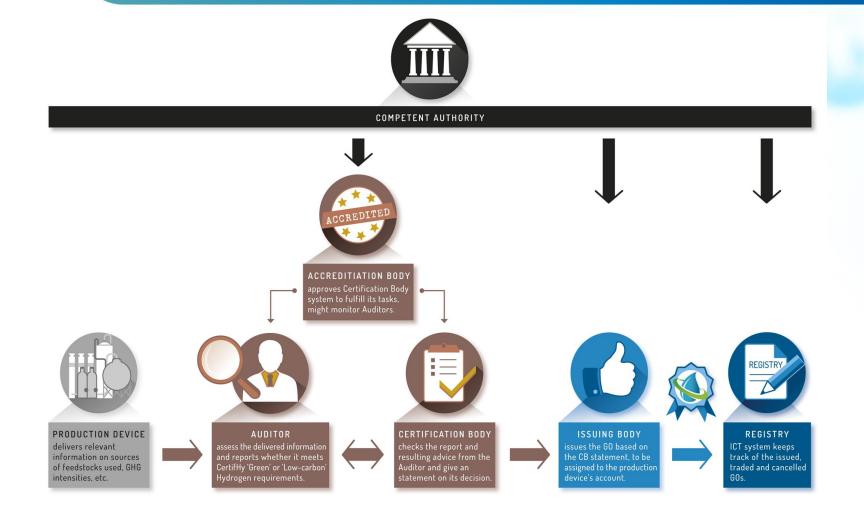




ISSUING BODY AND CONTROL OF CERTIFICATION REGISTRY SYSTEM PHYSICAL HYDROGEN FLOW CERTIFICATION PROCEDURE



Getting consensus on a GO Scheme was the second major outcome (2/2)







Introduction to GO schemes

CertifHy Phase 1:

- Definition of green hydrogen
- GO scheme

Business Models for Green H2 GO's

CertifHy Phase 2

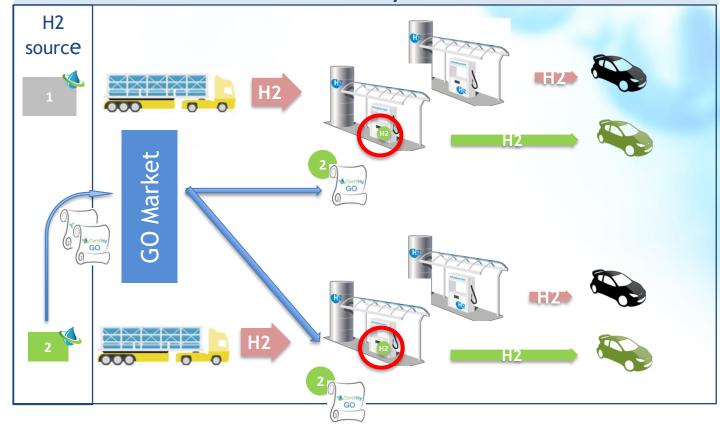
Appendix: Analysis of pathways leading to green H2 production



A GO scheme allows access to green hydrogen for users that are not in the vicinity of green hydrogen sources & optimises the economics and environmental footprint of a green H2 supply chain

No GO Scheme: Dedicated Supply Chain H2 source

CertifHy GO Scheme: Case HRS operator ensures green hydrogen being consumed by FCEV













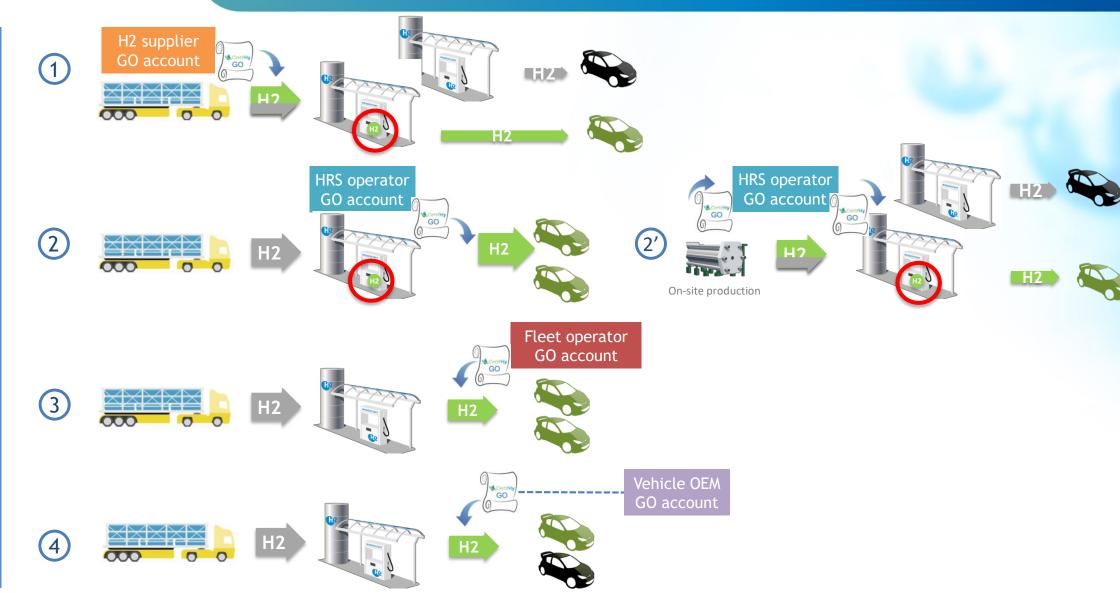








As with RE GO's, H2 GOs will create new business models for Green Hydrogen for H2 suppliers, HRS operators, Fleet Operators & OEMs





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2014 2020s. 2018/9 2016 2017

Phase 1

- Define a widely acceptable definition of green hydrogen
- Determine how to design and implement a robust EU wide GO scheme

Affiliated partners:

























Phase 2

- Set-up a hydrogen GO Stakeholder platform
- **Finalise** the design scheme ensuring it can be the main route to guarantee the origin of green & low carbon hydrogen across EU **Member States**
- Run a pilot scheme to test the proposed design
- Identify actions which need to be undertaken after the completion of the study to achieve an EU wide deployment of the scheme

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- Finalise Regulation, Codes and Standards:
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CertifHy phase 1 & 2



Independent strategy consulting firm specialized in sustainable energy and transport with a European competence centre on hydrogen and fuel cells.



The Energy research Centre of the Netherlands (ECN) is a leading independent European institute for applied energy technology development, energy research, and policy advice.



LBST is an expert consultancy for sustainable energy and mobility founded with a European competence centre on hydrogen and fuel cells with one of the longest track-records.



TÜV SÜD is one of the world's leading technical service providers of testing, inspection, certification and training solutions with the strategic business segments INDUSTRY, MOBILITY and CERTIFICATION.



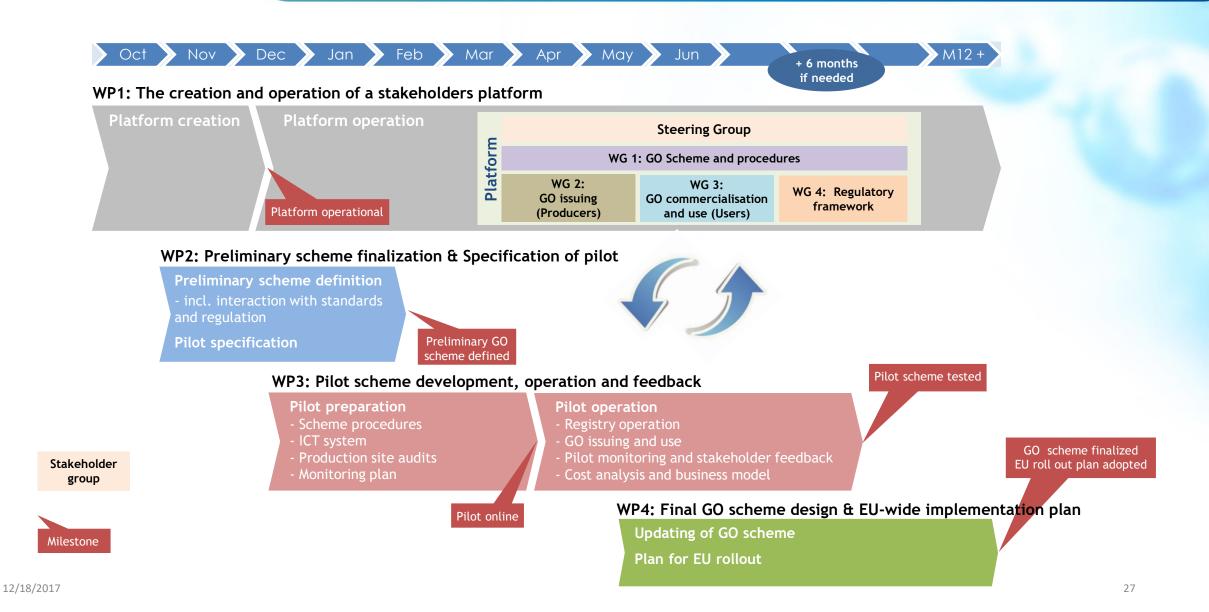
CertifHy phase 2



Grexel is the leading European energy certification service provider



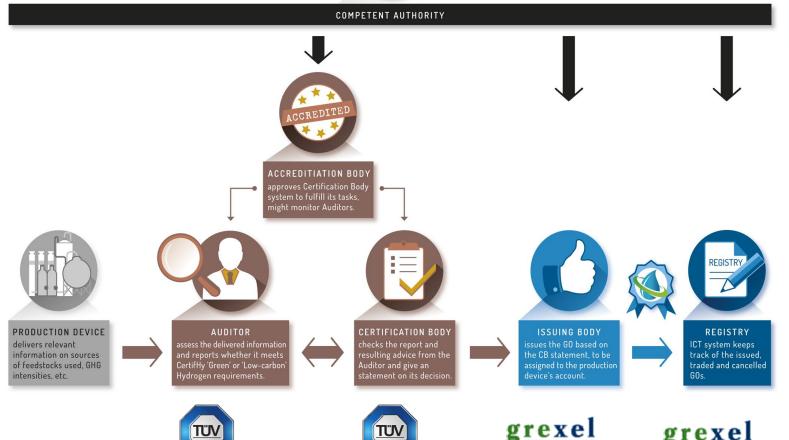
The scheme will be developed in interaction with Stakeholder Working Groups for consultation and approval





The pilot scheme Key elements of the GO scheme & procedures will be tested





- > The Stakeholder Platform is expected to become the competent authority, in due time.
- > TÜV SÜD will audit 4 pilot hydrogen production sites & verify production batches.
- > GREXEL will adapt an existing GO registry.
- GREXEL will issue and allow for trading of the associated GOs.
- > Final customers will purchase the GOs.



grexel



Who are the CertifHy phase 2 pilots?

4 pilot producers with different production pathway which will lead to the issuance of GOs to the market

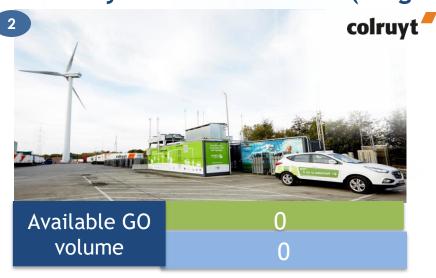
SMR with CCU - Port Jérôme (France)



Chlor Alkali - Botlek (Netherlands)



Electrolyser + Wind - Halle (Belgium)



Up to 900 tons of Low Carbon H2

Electrolyser + grid - Falkenhagen (Germany)



Up to 88 tons of Green H2



Stakeholder platform entities role and composition

		Studie bin	(4)	(4)		
	Stakeholder Platform	WG1: GO scheme and procedures	WG2: GO issuing (Producers)	WG 3: GO commercialisation and use (Users)	WG 4: Regulatory framework	Steering Group
Role	 Act as a discussion fora for stakeholder Endorse the overall scheme 	Define the scheme Provide input to and interface with standardisation with regards to structure and content	Define the requirements that will apply to the H2 production sites	Specify the features that are needed to address market needs in terms of GO product and commercialisation	Ensure alignment between GO scheme and the pertinent regulation, especially at EU level	 Take decisions regarding platform governance & organisation Endorse the important scheme decisions Convene Plenary Sessions
Composition	All pertinent stakeholders	 GO scheme experts (including industry) Standardisation experts 	Operators of H2 production sites	All actors involved with the distribution and use of GOs (fleet operators, industrials from the automotive, steel, glass, etc sectors, industrial gas companies)	 Public affairs experts of the stakeholder group Representatives of the Commission 	 Working Group Chairs and Co-chair European institutions (DG Energy, DG Clima, DG Move, DG Environment, FCH 2 JU)





WG1 GO scheme and procedures

Members		
Category	Sub-category	Stakeholders
	Industrial gas suppliers	<u>Air Liquide</u>
	Utilities	EDF, Engie, HYGRO, Statkraft Markets, Uniper, Verbund
Industry.	Oil&Gas	Shell
Industry	Other operators	Colruyt
	Equipment manufacturers	Hydrogenics, Mitsubishi Hitachi Power Systems Europe
	Automotive	Daimler
GO Scheme e	experts	AGCS, <u>AIB</u> , I-REC Standard, Energinet, Vertogas
Standardisati	ion experts	NEN
Associations		H2NL
Regulators		VREG
Research org	anisations	European Marine Energy Centre (EMEC), Groupe Européen de Recherche sur le Gaz (GERG), NREL
Consultancie	s	Deloitte Tohmatsu Consulting, Patch LLTD

Legend

Member

<u>Chair</u>

Co-chair





	Category	Sub-category	Stakeholders	
		Industrial gas suppliers	Air Liquide, Air Products, Linde	
		Utilities	Bischoff & Ditze Energy GmbH, CNR, Enertrag, Engie, Electrabel, Enovos, HYGRO, <u>Uniper</u>	
	Industry	Oil&Gas	OMV, Q8	
ing	Í	Other operators	Colruyt, Group Machiels, HYOP, Wind to Gas SüderMarsch	
WG2 issuing		Equipment manufacturers	FLD Technologies, Hygear, ITM Power, NEL, Hydrogen Technologies d.o.o	
05		Chemicals	Akzo Nobel	
	Standardisation experts		H&R GmbH	
	Cities / Regions		Aberdeen city council,	
	Associations		Wind Europe	
	Research Organisations		EMEC, European Gas Research Group (GERG), ICSI Rm. Valcea, University of Valladolid, Japan Petroleum Energy Center, NREL	
	Consultancies		Deloitte Tohmatsu Consulting	
	Other		METI	

Members

Legend

Member

<u>Chair</u>

Co-chair





WG3 GO Commercialisation and use

	Members		
Category	Sub-category	Stakeholders	
	Industrial gas	Air Products, Air Liquide, Linde	
	Utilities	Bischoff & Ditze Energy, EnerTrag, Engie, Engie Electrabel, Enovos, HYGRO, Statkraft Markets, Verbund	
Industry	O&G	<u>Q8</u> , Shell	
Industry	Other operators	Colruyt, Group Machiels, Wind to Gas SüderMarsch	
	Equipment manufacturer	Solenco Power, Hydrogen Technologies d.o.o	
	Automotive	Daimler, Toyota Motor Europe	
Fleet operators		PitPoint	
Cities/Regions		Aberdeen City Council	
Associations		European Hydrogen Association (EHA), HyER, NOW, WaterstofNet	
GO scheme exp	erts	AIB, RECS International	
Research organ	isations	EMEC, Japan Petroleum Energy Centre, Mizuho information and research institute	
Consultancies		Ecofys, EEI, Deloitte Tohmatsu Consulting	
Other		METI	

Legend

Member

<u>Chair</u>

Co-chair





WG4 Regulatory framework

Members				
Category	Sub-category	Stakeholders		
	Industrial gasses	Air Liquide, Linde		
	Utility	EDF, Engie		
	O&G	Shell, OMV		
Industry	Equipment manufacturers	FLD Technologies, Hydrogenics, Mitsubishi Hitachi Power System Europe		
	Industry associations	associations <u>Wind Europe</u>		
	Other operators	Colruyt		
Associations		H2NL, <u>Hydrogen Europe</u> , NOW, WaterstofNet		
GO scheme exper	ts	CEN, ICSI Rm. Valcea, NEN		
Standardisation e	xperts	AIB, H&R, RECS International		
Research organisa	ations	Bilbao Faculty of engineering, GERG, EMEC		
Consultancies		Deloitte Tohmatsu Consulting		

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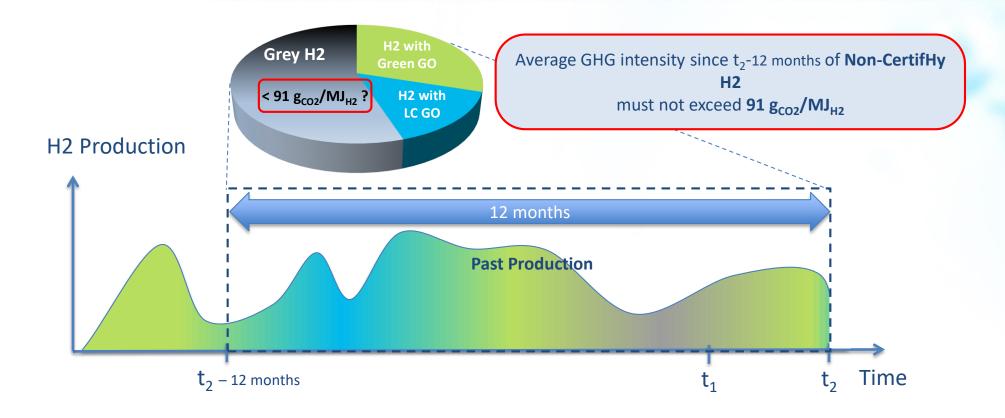
Business Models for Green H2 GO's

CertifHy Phase 2

Appendix: Analysis of pathways leading to green H2 production

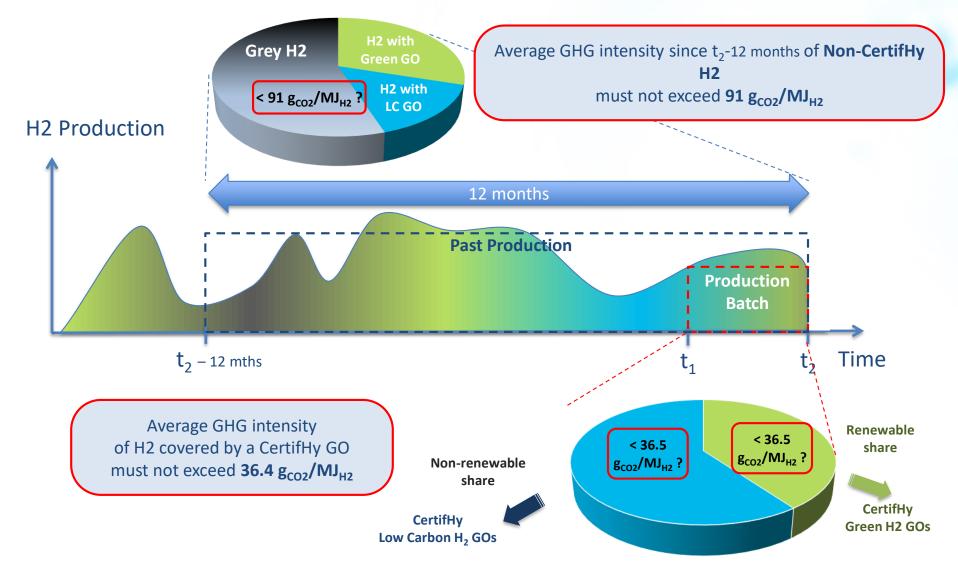


Application of Benchmark threshold on Past Production of the Hydrogen Plant



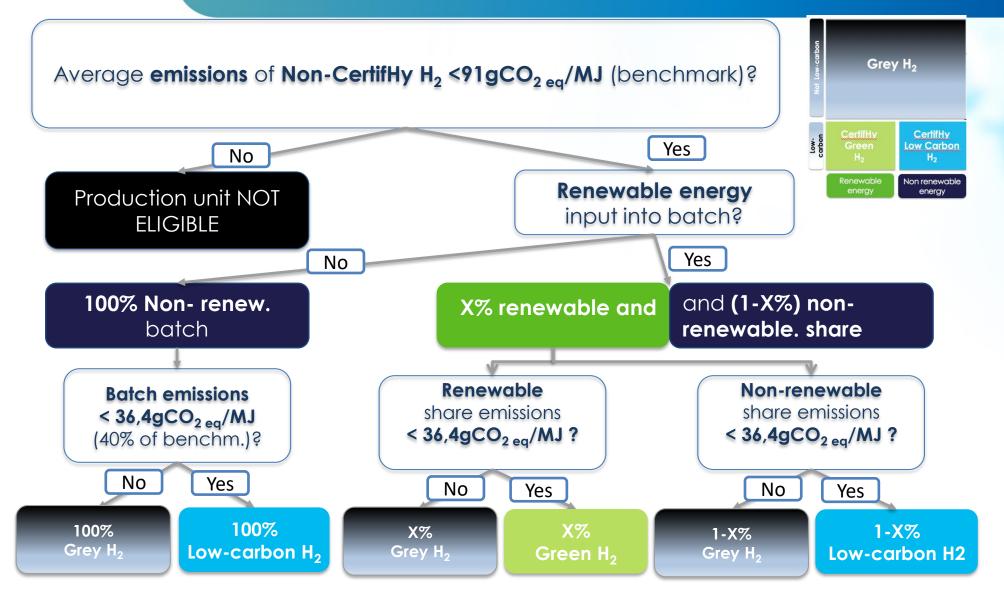


At the batch level, hydrogen needs to be Low Carbon for producing CertifHy Green or Low-Carbon GOs





Decision tree presenting the criteria for producing Low-Carbon and CertifHy Green H₂





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Q&A