



NEMESIS 2⁺ **(278138)**

Programme Review Days 2012
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General Overview

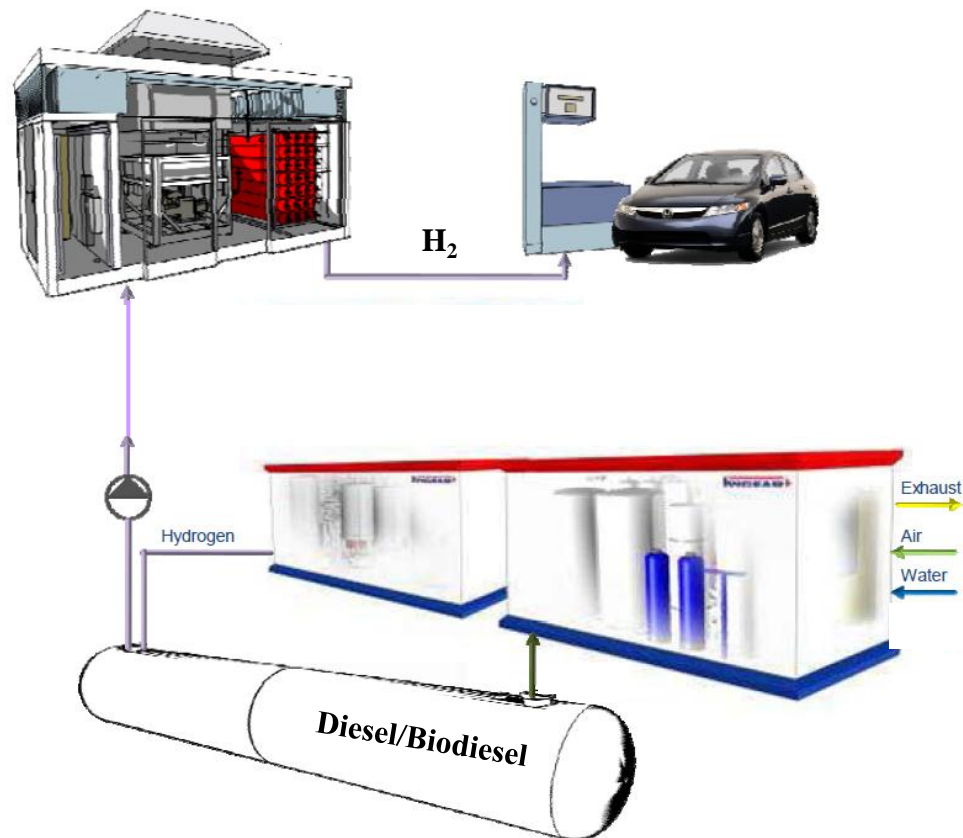
- New Method for Superior Integrated Hydrogen Generation System 2+
- Duration: 36 months (01/2012 – 12/2014)
- Total budget: € 3.393.062, FCH contribution: € 1.614.944
- Collaborative project, 7 beneficiaries (3 from industry, 3 from research, 1 SME)

| No. | Participant Organisation Name | Short Name | Country |
|-----|--|------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V. | DLR | Germany |
| 2 | HyGear B.V. | HYG | The Netherlands |
| 3 | Johnson Matthey PLC. | JM | United Kingdom |
| 4 | Abengoa Hidrógeno, S.A. | AH | Spain |
| 5 | Abengoa Bioenergía San Roque, S.A. | ABSR | Spain |
| 6 | Centre for Research and Technology Hellas | APTL | Greece |
| 7 | Instituto Superior Técnico | IST | Portugal |



Project Concept

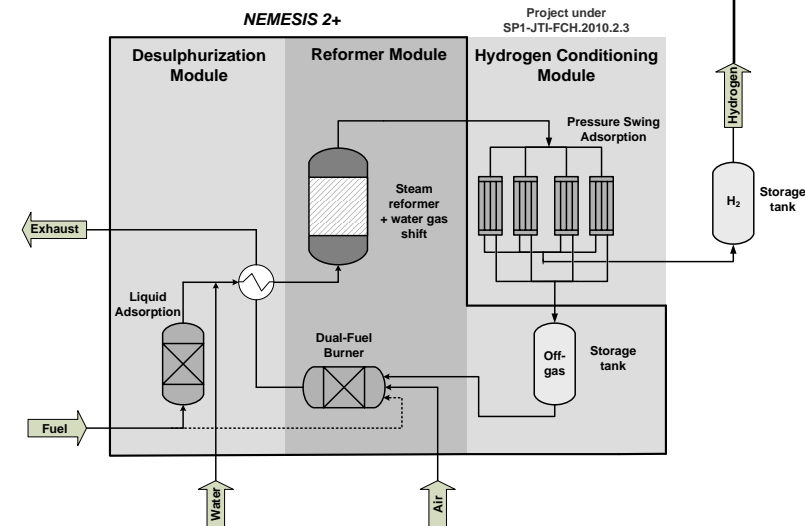
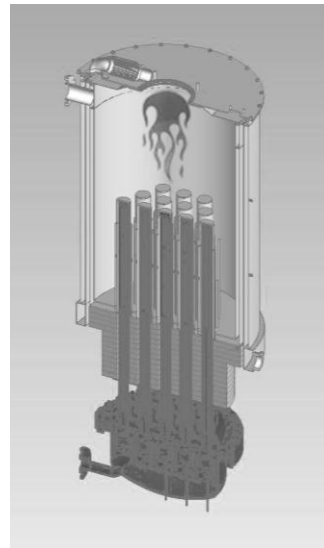
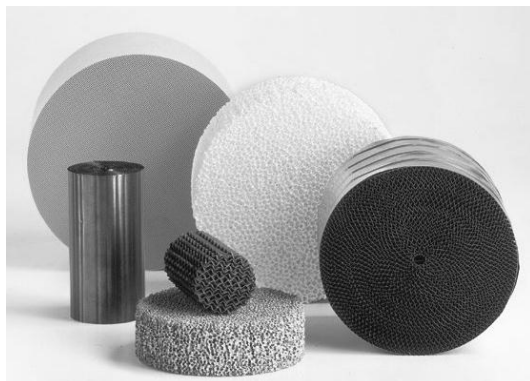
On-site hydrogen production at refuelling stations from diesel and biodiesel





Project Targets

- Development of a pre-commercial hydrogen generator (50 Nm³/h)
- Feedstock: diesel and biodiesel; steam reforming technology
- High overall system efficiency (> 70 %), stable long-term operation (1000 h), H₂-purity 5.0
- Reduction of hydrogen production costs (< 4 € per kg)





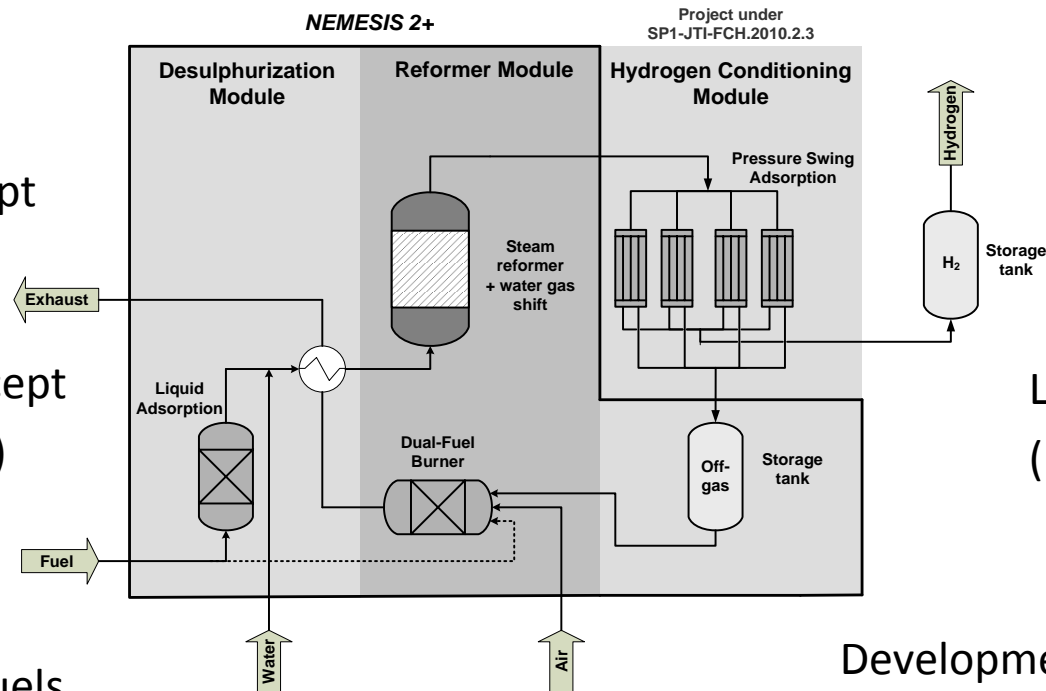
Approach

Pressurized steam reforming
(12 bar)

„One-reformer“-concept

Innovative desulph. concept
(liquid phase adsorption)

Focus on liquid fuels
(diesel, biodiesel)



Elaborated heat management

Scale up from
5 to 50 Nm³/h

Long-term testing
(1000 h)

Development of S-tolerant
and coke-resistant catalysts



➤ Testing procedures

Fuel characterization

- Diesel analysis according to EN 590
- Biodiesel analysis according to EN 14214
- Sulphur analysis of liquid fuels according to ASTM D5453 (ISO 20846)

Catalyst characterization

- Characterization of catalyst surface using in-house test procedure
- Analysis of coke and sulphur deposits on catalyst surface (in-house procedure)

Techno-economic Evaluation

- Life cycle assessment of S-reduced biodiesel according to ISO 14040 and directive 2009/28/EC



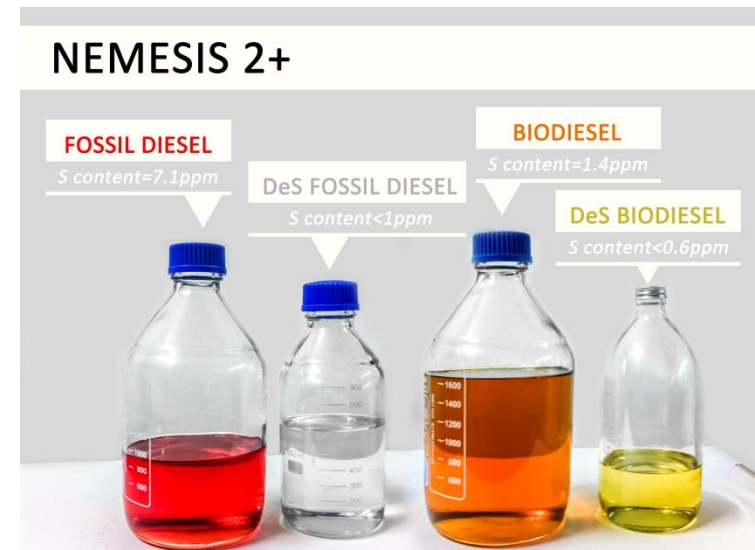
Technical Accomplishments and Progress towards overall SoA

- **WP 1 “Definition Phase”**: Fuels (diesel, biodiesel) characterized and supplied to partners, System Specification document agreed between partners. ✓
- **WP 2 “System simulation”**: Existing 50 Nm³/h system of HyGear based on natural gas implemented into Aspen Plus and validated with experimental data, Preliminary calculations carried out using diesel and biodiesel → results provided to partners ✓

- **WP 3 “Liquid Desulphurization”**: ✓

Promising regenerable sorbent material identified:

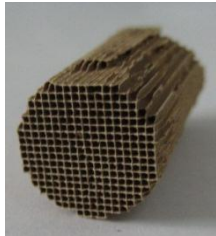
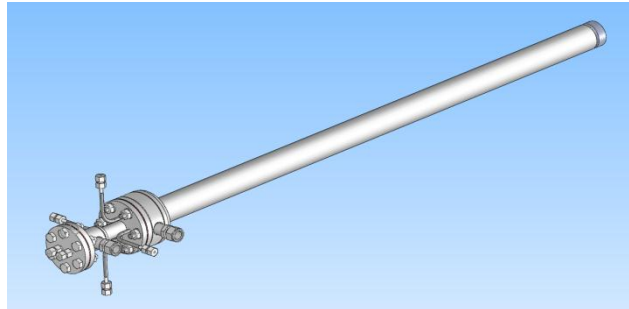
- Sulphur content < 2 ppm (<1 ppm) can be achieved for diesel (biodiesel)
- DeS process has no or negligible effect on the (bio)diesel properties of interest
- A relevant prototype will be designed and implemented





Technical Accomplishments and Progress towards overall SoA II

* www.nemesis-project.eu

- **WP 4 “Catalyst Development”**: JM: Initial performance screening → Pt-group reforming catalysts identified with increased activity; IST: Construction and commissioning of WGS test-rig DLR: Test campaign with biodiesel finished → Optimum operating conditions identified.
Next: Evaluate influence of sulphur on reforming and WGS + long-term testing (100 h). 
- **WP 5 “Reformer Module”**: HYG: Preliminary design studies based on current natural gas system, Single reformer tube sent to DLR → Mapping of operational window IST: CFD-modeling of burner and combustion chamber, preliminary testing of dual fuel burner (atomization tests, spray characterization) 
- **WP 6 “Prototype” and 7 “Techno-economic evaluation”**: → Start in month 19
- **WP 8 “Coordination”**: Public website*, 3 page-article in Nov. Issue of *“International Innovation Report”*



Correlation of the project with the corresponding Application Area (as mentioned in MAIP/AIP documents):

- Area addressed: **“Hydrogen Production & Distribution”**
- Aim: Develop a portfolio of sustainable hydrogen production, storage and distribution processes which can meet 10 % - 20 % of the hydrogen demand for energy applications from carbon-free or lean energy sources by 2015.
- Approach: Demonstrate various sustainable hydrogen production and supply chains (ready for commercialization by 2013) + exploit synergies with Area “Transportation & Refuelling Infrastructure”
- Improve hydrogen production efficiency
- Enhance cost competitiveness of renewable hydrogen production



Detailed project activities & results/achievements versus MAIP/AIP document targets

| Expected output AIP Topic: "Development of fuel processing catalyst, modules and systems" Call: 2010 | Objectives NEMESIS2+ | Status at 30% of the project | Expected revised objectives |
|--|----------------------|---|---|
| <i>System efficiency (%): > 80 conversion efficiency (HHV H₂ (5.0)/HHV fuel)</i> | > 80 | N/A (tests not finalized) | > 70 |
| <i>Electrical consumption < 0,1 kWh/(Nm³ H₂, 10 bar)</i> | < 0,1 | | < 0,1 |
| <i>System cost after 6 years (€): < 5.000 / (Nm³ H₂)</i> | < 5.000 | N/A (prototype not yet built) | < 5.000 |
| <i>Scalability (Nm³/h): 2 - 750</i> | 5-750 | N/A (tests not finalized) | > 1.000 Nm ³ /h possible |
| <i>Catalyst durability: Adding 5 ppm of H₂S to the feed results in a < 20 % decrease in hydrogen production + long-term catalyst stability</i> | < 20 % decrease | < 2 % decrease over 12 hours | < 2 % proof long-term stability (1000 h) |
| <i>Availability/Recyclability: Catalyst Replaceable within 4 hours, active metal recovery > 85 %</i> | < 4 hours > 85 % | < 4 hours Recyclability to be determined | < 4 hours > 85 % |



Identify and comment on gaps/bottlenecks in RTD&D proposed by MAIP/AIP documents:

- Consider food-fuel competition
- Consider availability of different feedstock (biodiesel, bioethanol etc.) and regulatory framework

Comments on priorities and topics possibly under/over-estimated in the AIPs in terms of technical challenge

- Over-estimated: Conversion efficiency targets (→ Focus on H₂-production costs!)
- Under-estimated: Development of S-tolerant catalysts (→ more systematic approach! + use synergies between projects)



How project addresses and contributes to:

- Training and Education: Dissemination plan will be established at midterm including training and education events. Final workshop will be held at the end of the project → Present results to stakeholders and industry.
- Safety, Regulations, Codes and Standards: Improve in-house test procedures
- Dissemination & public awareness: 3-page article appeared in November Issue of “*International Innovation Report*”, public project website (www.nemesis-project.eu) has been launched in October
- Information on publications: Master thesis “biodiesel reforming at elevated pressures”, poster presentation on national conference.



- Technology Transfer / Collaborations

- Synergy effect with Area “Transportation & Refuelling Infrastructure”: Hydrogen conditioning module developed under topic SP1-JTI-FCH.2010.2.3 by partner HyGear will be integrated into the NEMESIS2+ prototype in the last six month of the project.

- Project Future Perspectives

- Proposed future research approach and relevance
 - Decision on final process setup will be taken at midterm, Strategy of Risk sharing between different routes (i.e. development of liquid desulphurization and S-tolerant catalysts). So far no deviations from work plan.
 - Possible contribution to the future FCH JU Programme: HyGear is in close contact with Dutch Ministry of Infrastructure & Environment (in collaboration with the French, German, Swedish and Danish governments) of Ten-T hydrogen roll-out project



Thank you for your attention!

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