



FUEL CELLS AND HYDROGEN
JOINT UNDERTAKING



Real operation pem fuel cell
HEALTH-state monitoring and
diagnosis based on DC/DC
COnverter embedde**D E**is

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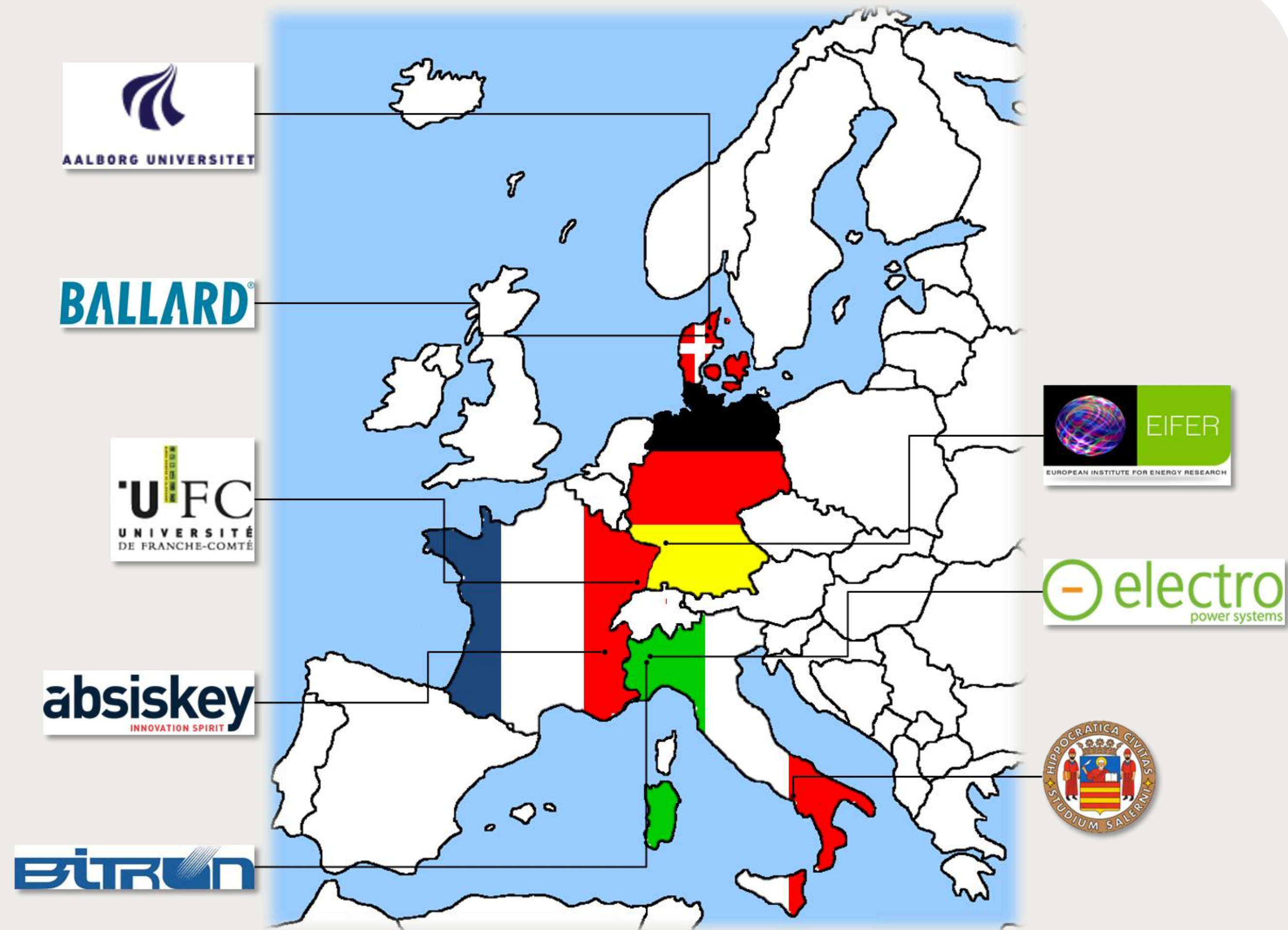
Programme Review Days 2018

Brussels, 14-15 November 2018

PROJECT OVERVIEW



- Call year: 2014
- Call topic: FCH-02-3-2014
- Stationary fuel cell system diagnostics: development of online monitoring and diagnostics systems for reliable and durable fuel cell system operation
- Project dates: 01/09/15 – 31/12/18
- Stage of implementation 01/11/2018: 95%
- Total project budget: 2,358,736€
- FCH JU max. contribution: 100%



*Former Dantherm Power A/S.



PROJECT OBJECTIVES



1. Enhancement of **EIS-based diagnosis for embedded on-line applications**;
2. Development of a monitoring and diagnostic tool for **state-of-health assessment, fault detection and isolation** as well as degradation level analysis for **lifetime inference**;
3. EIS-oriented experimental analysis for **5 failure modes**: i) fuel composition, ii) air starvation, iii) fuel starvation, iv) sulphur poisoning, v) flooding & dehydration;
4. **EIS scaling-up** algorithm to reduce **time and costs of new stack characterization**.

Performance, Durability, Availability



Reduce OPEX



PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS



Embed the tool for Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy (EIS) for advanced Fuel Cells Monitoring & Diagnosis.

The tool performs **EIS-based** condition monitoring of FC stacks and **isolates 5 stack faults**.

Advanced knowledge (**Air+Ref./O₂+H₂-fed stacks**) **2200+ EIS spectra**; New device (**EIS Board**); HW enhancement and interfacing (**Converters**), Monitoring & Diagnostics (**Algorithms**).

EIS board (TRL 6)

EIS board has been prototyped (**proto 2**) ready to be engineered for **system embedding**.

Converter (TRL 6)

Conventional HW is modified/re-engineered to allow **flexibility** and **multiple market choice** for manufacturer strategies.

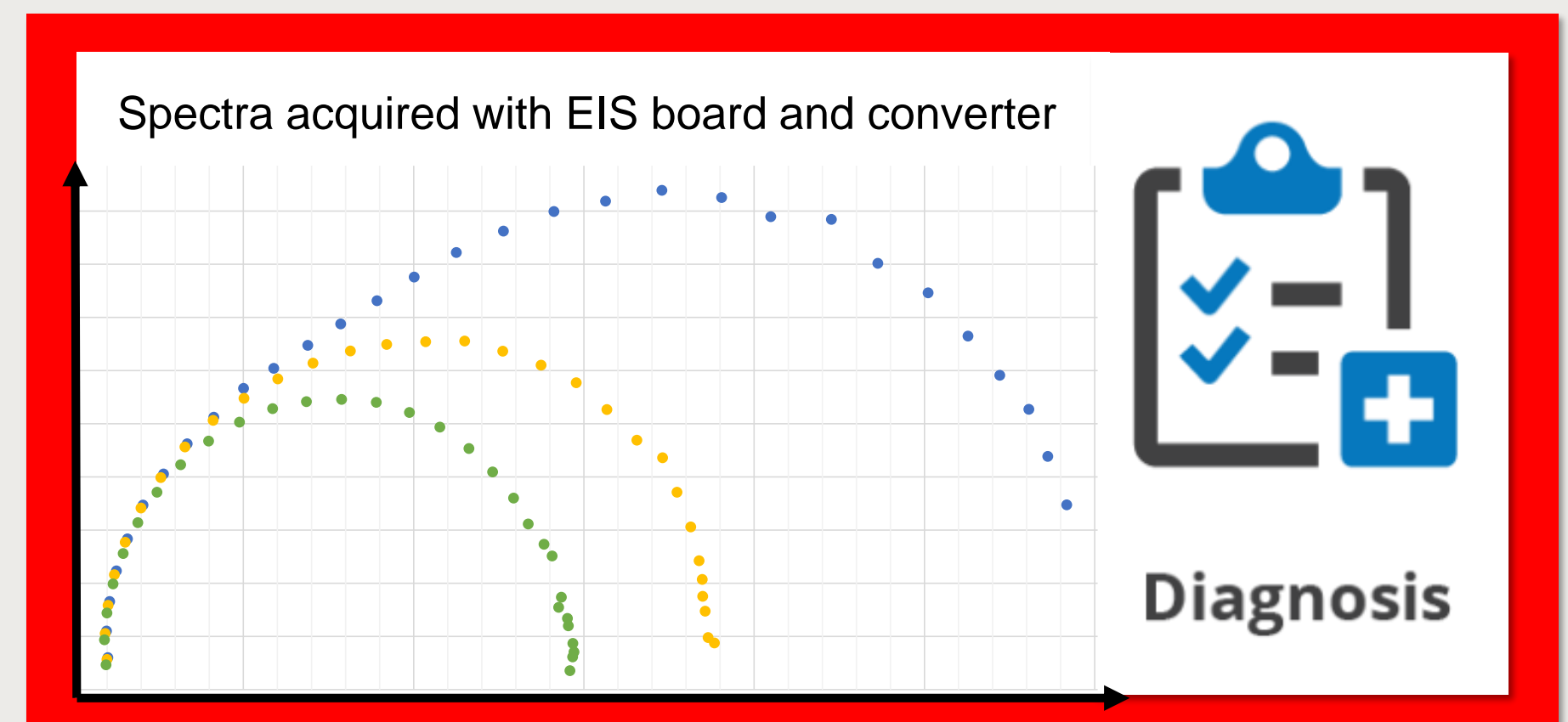
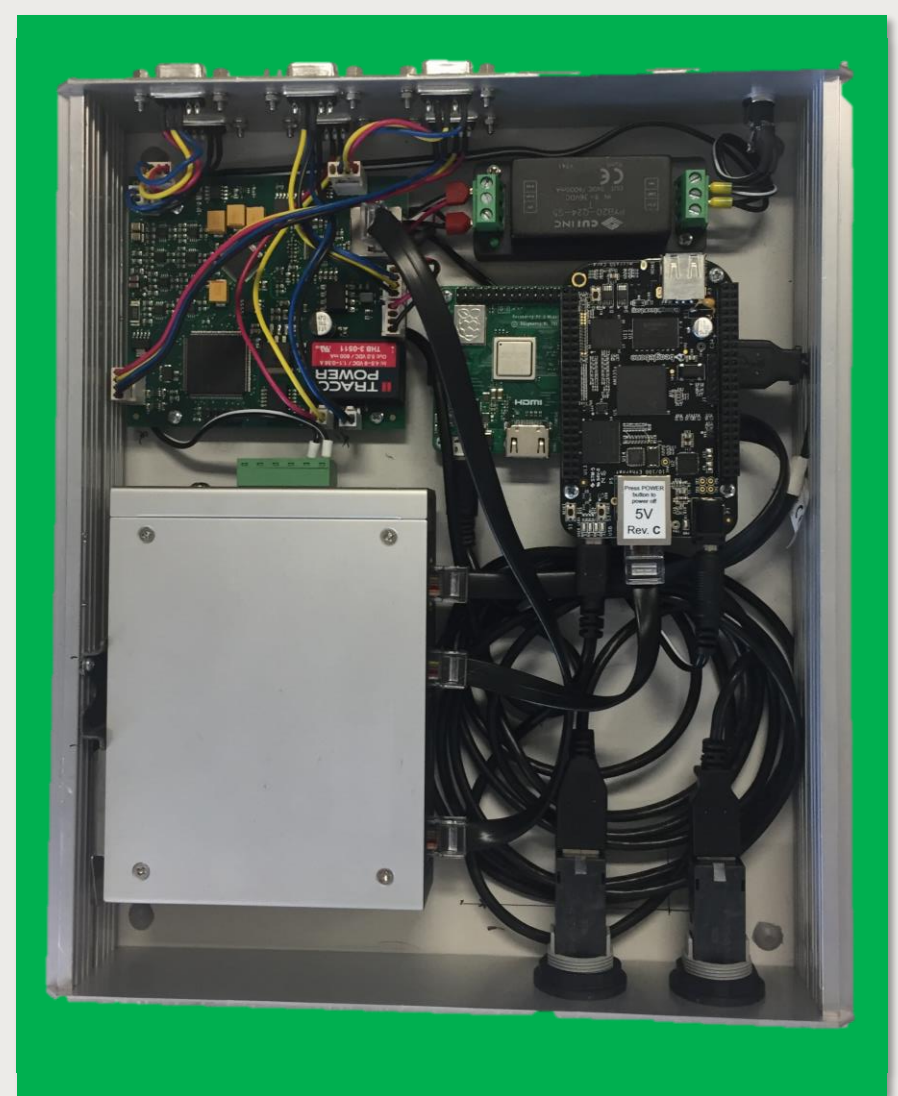
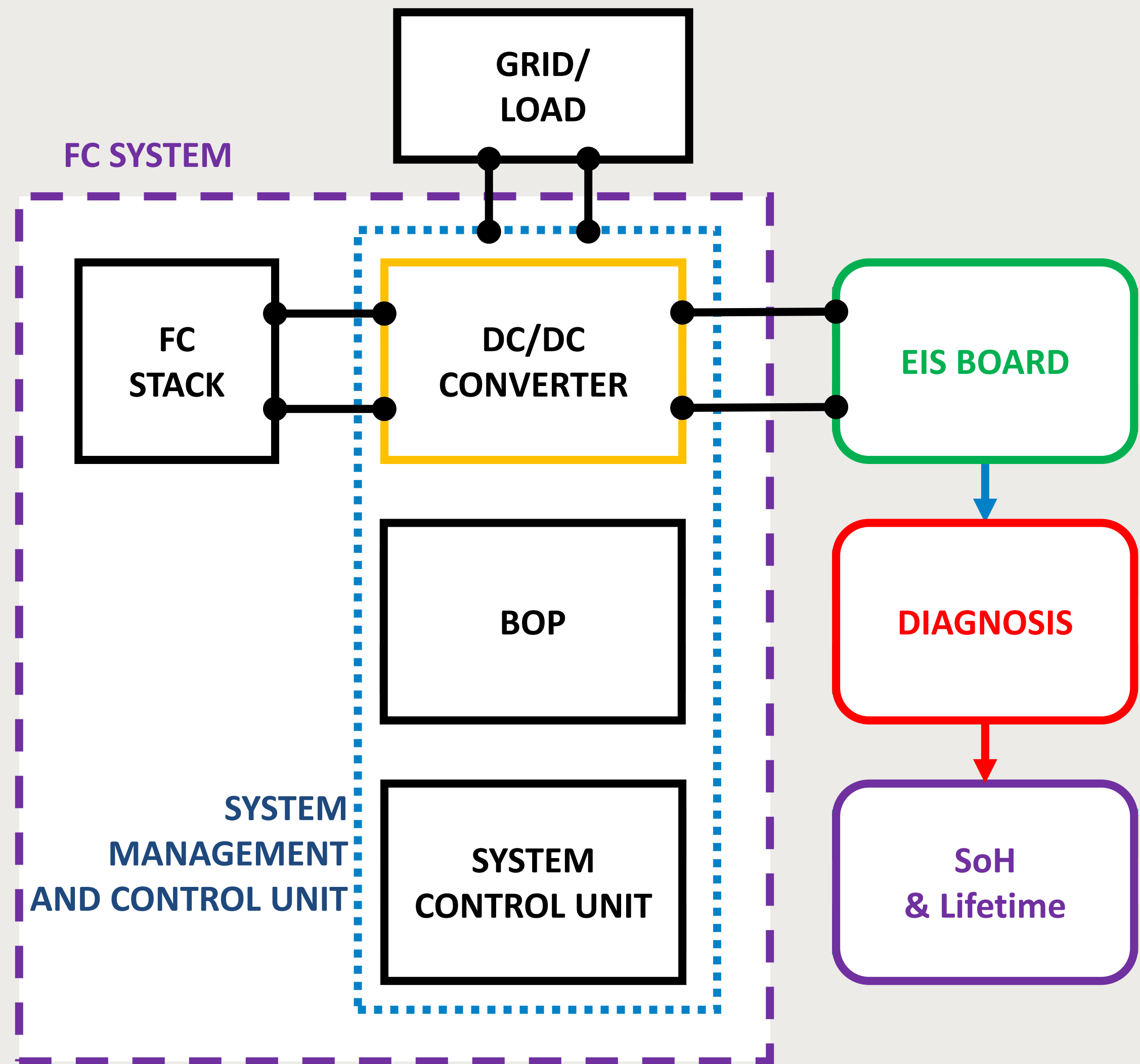
Algorithms (TRL 5)

Detection and Isolation of **5 faults in stacks fed with Air+Reformate / O₂+H₂**.



EIS board cost < 500€ (3% of Total Cost of Ownership)

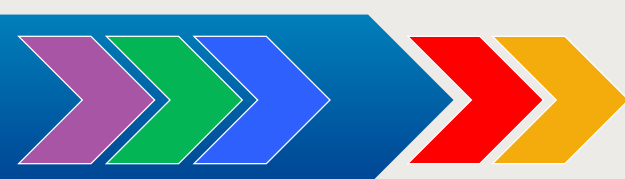
PROJECT CONCEPT



PROJECT PROGRESS & ACTIVITIES



Activities completion



95% 100%

Activities

- Experiments
- EIS Board
- DC/DC converters
- Diagnostic algorithms
- System integration



Experiments: Air-fed (μ -CHP) and O₂-fed (backup) stacks **fully tested** in both nominal and faulty conditions (fuel starvation, air/O₂ starvation, flooding, drying, CO contamination and Sulphur poisoning); final **system testing** under completion.

EIS board: final version of EIS board **completed and verified** in relevant environment (EIS measurements performed with DC/DC converter connected).

DC/DC converters: modified EPS converter and BPSE new converter **completed and tested**.

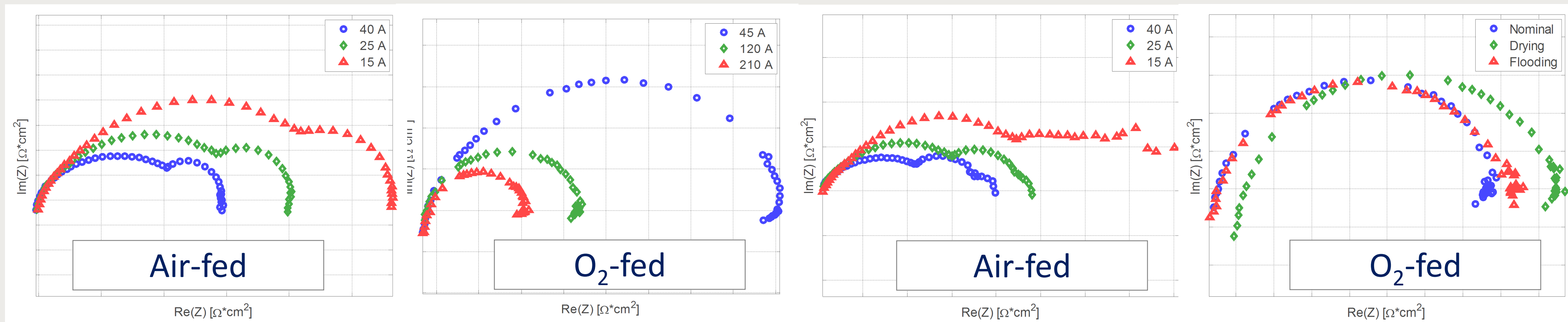
Diagnostic algorithms: all algorithms **trained and tested** on all the performed EIS measurements (algorithms **benchmarking**); characterization on FC system to be finally assessed.

System integration: FC systems (BPSE μ -CHP and EPS backup) integrated with DC/DC converters and BITRON final EIS board; algorithm **on-board implementation done** for final algorithm verification (**ongoing**).

EIS SPECTRA MEASURED ON SHORT AND FULL STACKS

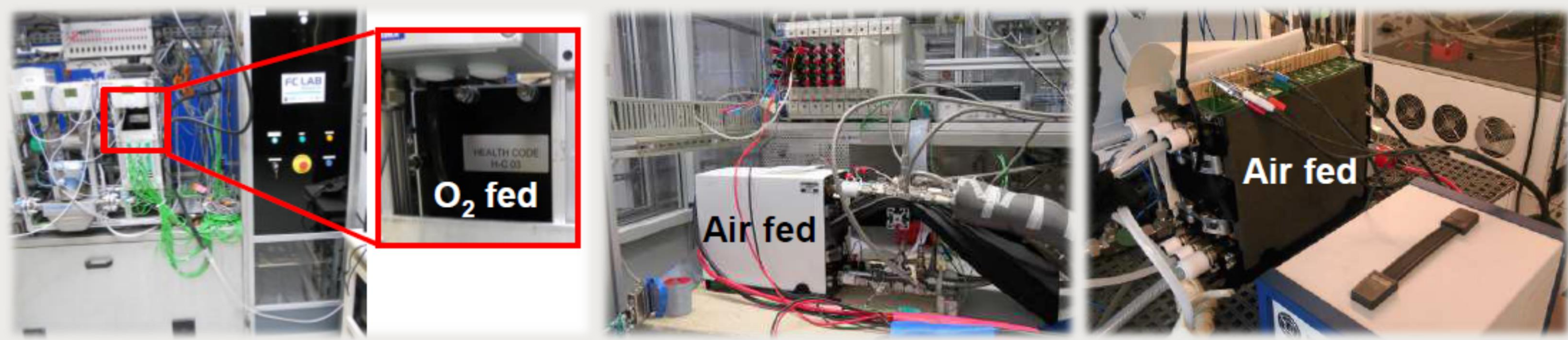
2200+ EIS spectra for stacks (10%) and cells, **25% in nominal** and **75% in faulty operations**

- Nominal spectra set the monitoring reference
- Faulty ones drive the setting of faults isolation algorithm



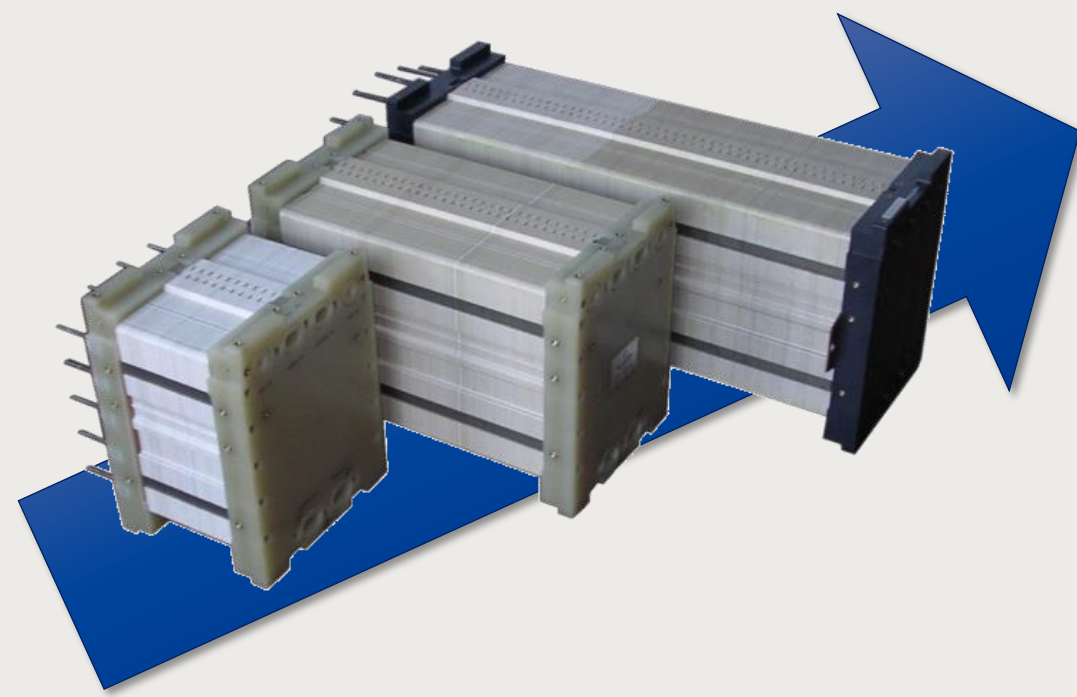
Faults

- fuel starvation,
- air/O₂ starvation,
- flooding/drying,
- CO contamination
- sulphur poisoning

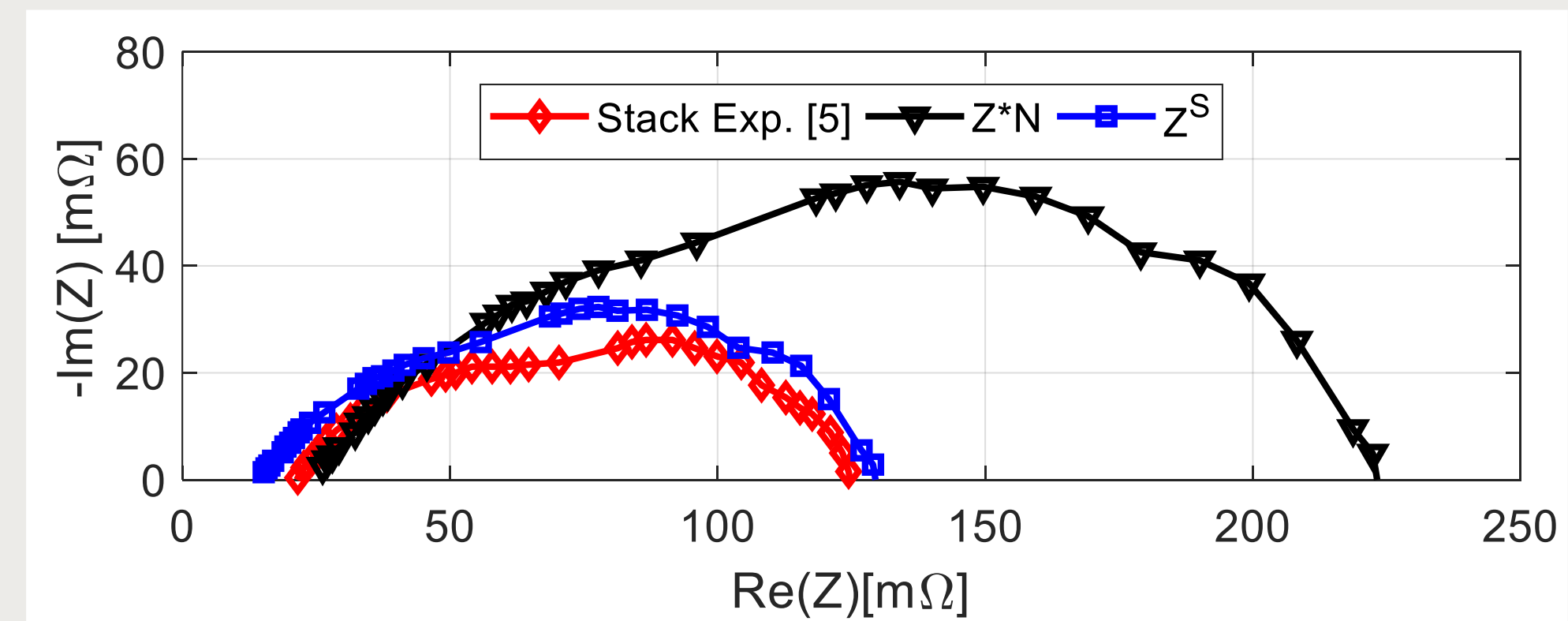
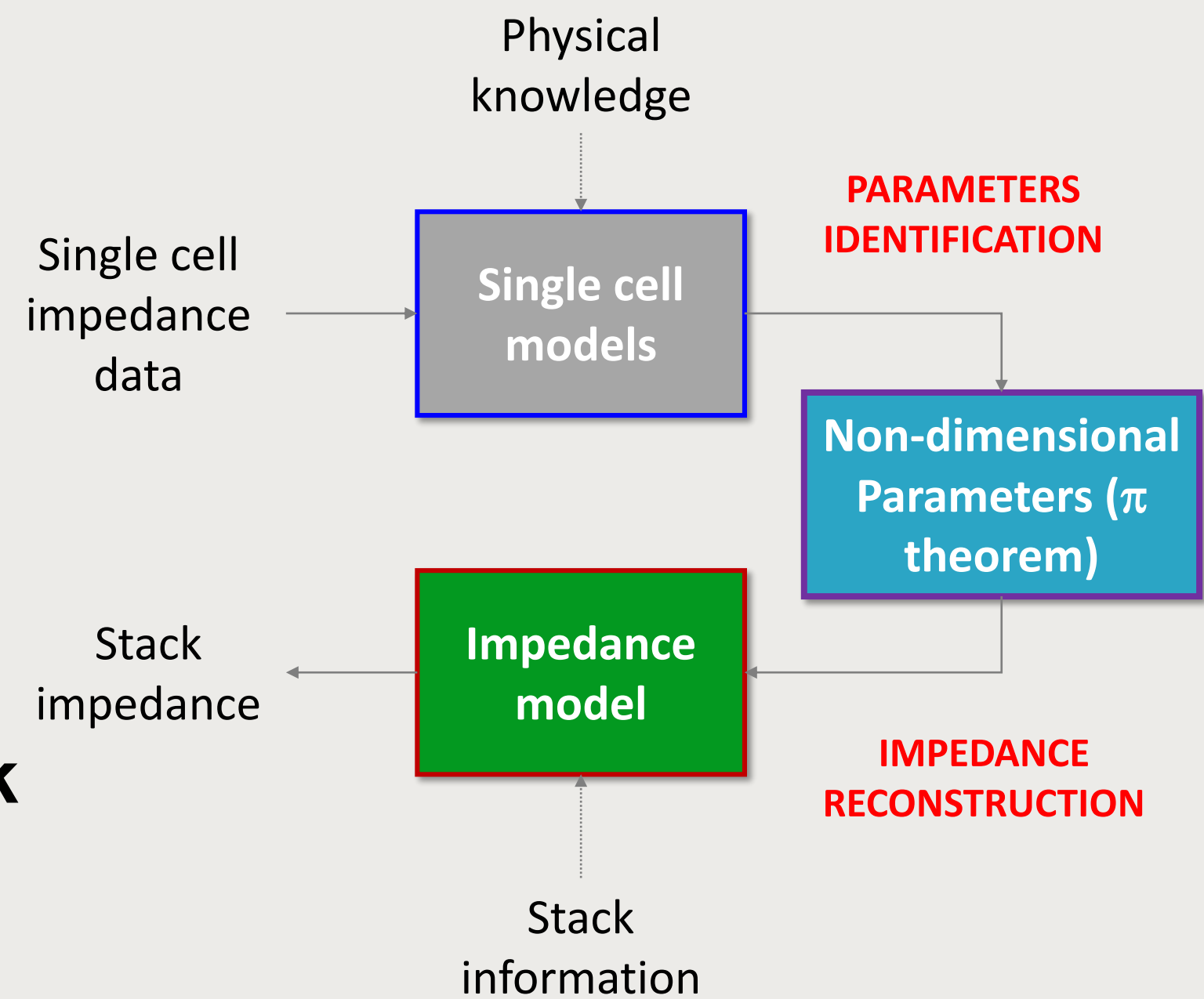


SCALING-UP

- Reduce fuel cells (FCs) testing costs providing a **scaling-up algorithm** able to extrapolate full stack performance and impedance behaviour from single cell and/or short stack (i.e. single repeated unit – SRU) data;
- Derive **stack faulty behaviour** from single cell tests performed under faulty conditions to **improve FC systems lifetime**.



Cell → Short stack → Full Stack

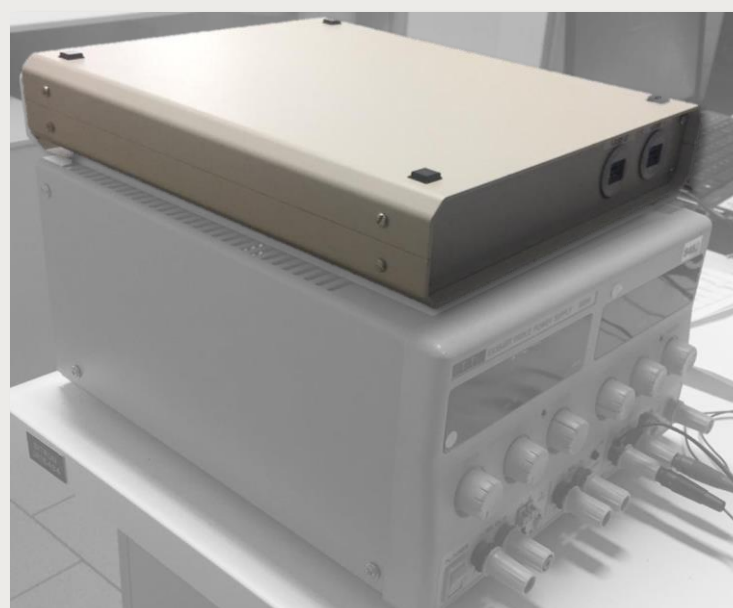
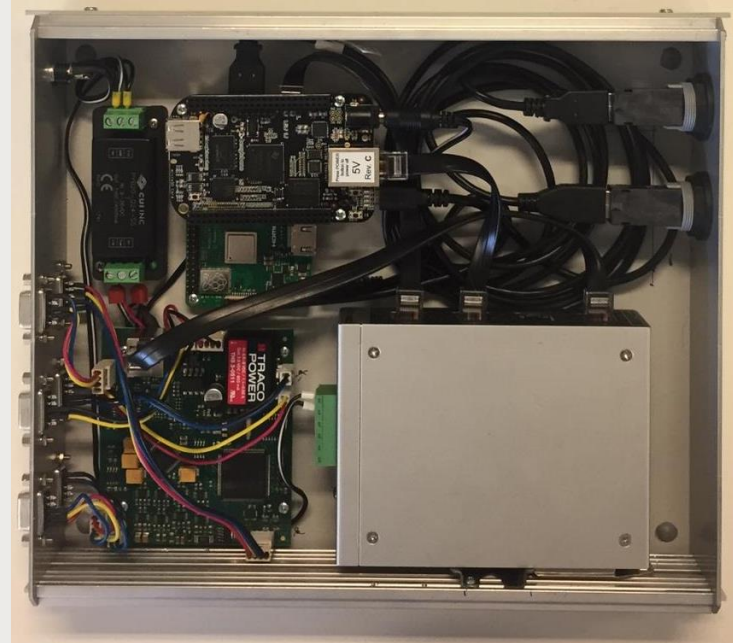


Russo et al. (2016) - Application of Buckingham theorem for scaling-up oriented fast modelling of Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell impedance, Journal of Power Sources 353, 277-286.

Polverino et al. (2018) - Generalized scaling-up approach based on Buckingham theorem for Polymer Electrolyte Membrane Fuel Cells impedance simulation 10th International Conference on Applied Energy (ICAE2018), Aug 22-25, Hong Kong, China. (to be published on Energy Procedia – Selected for Applied Energy Special Issue submission)

EIS-BOARD & CONVERTER

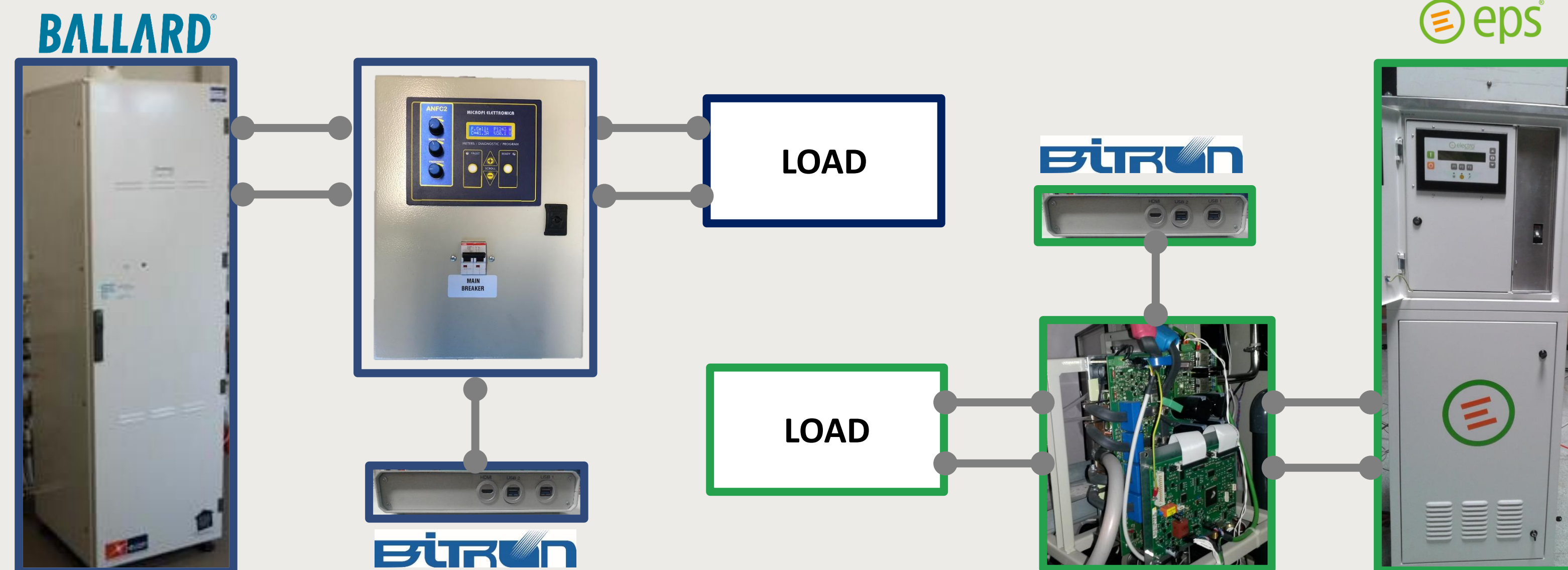
2nd Generation PROTO 2



USEFUL GUIDELINES for companies

to implement the EIS board on industrial FC systems:

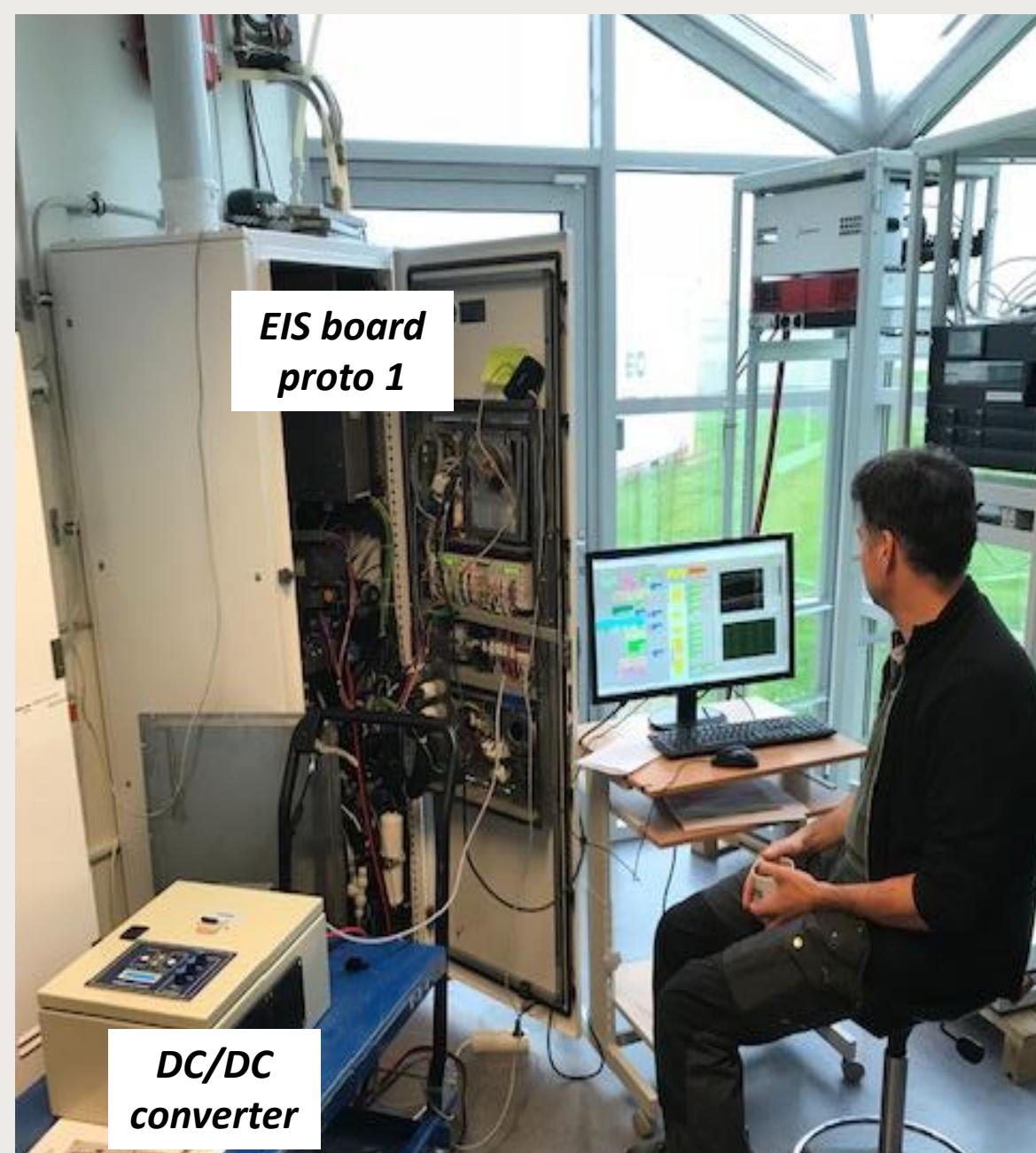
- **NEW DC/DC converter** (designed to interact with the EIS board)
- **ADAPT AVAILABLE converter** to allow the communication with the EIS board.



Sampling Frequency of EIS board up to about **18 kHz** to measure **up to 3 samples** per sinusoid @**6kHz** of injected disturbance.

TESTED SYSTEMS

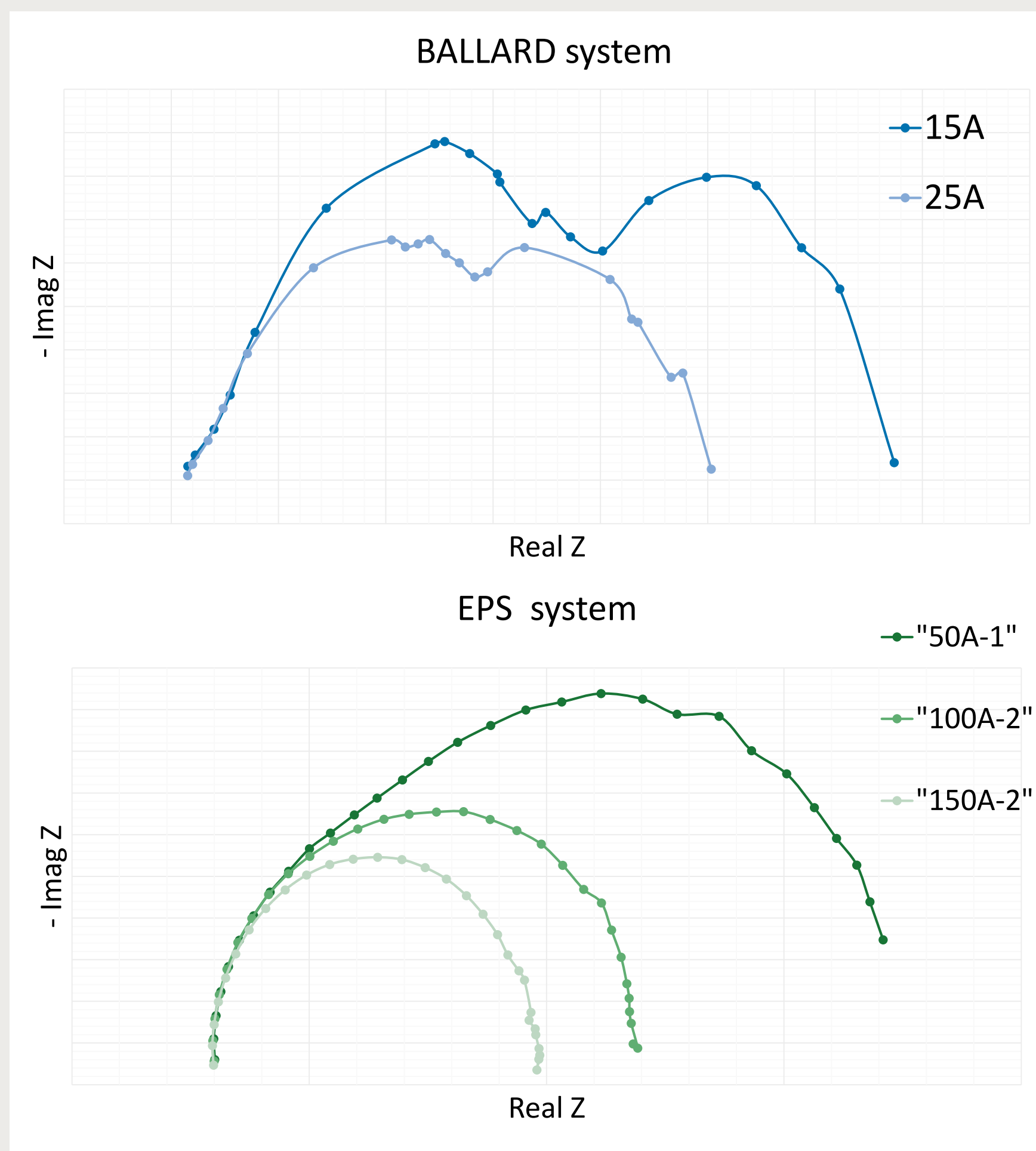
Ballard Europe μ -CHP system



Power: 1.3 kW;
Cooling : Water cooled;
Reactants: Air & Reformate;
Applications: Residential μ -CHP



ACQUIRED SPECTRA



EPS backup/energy system

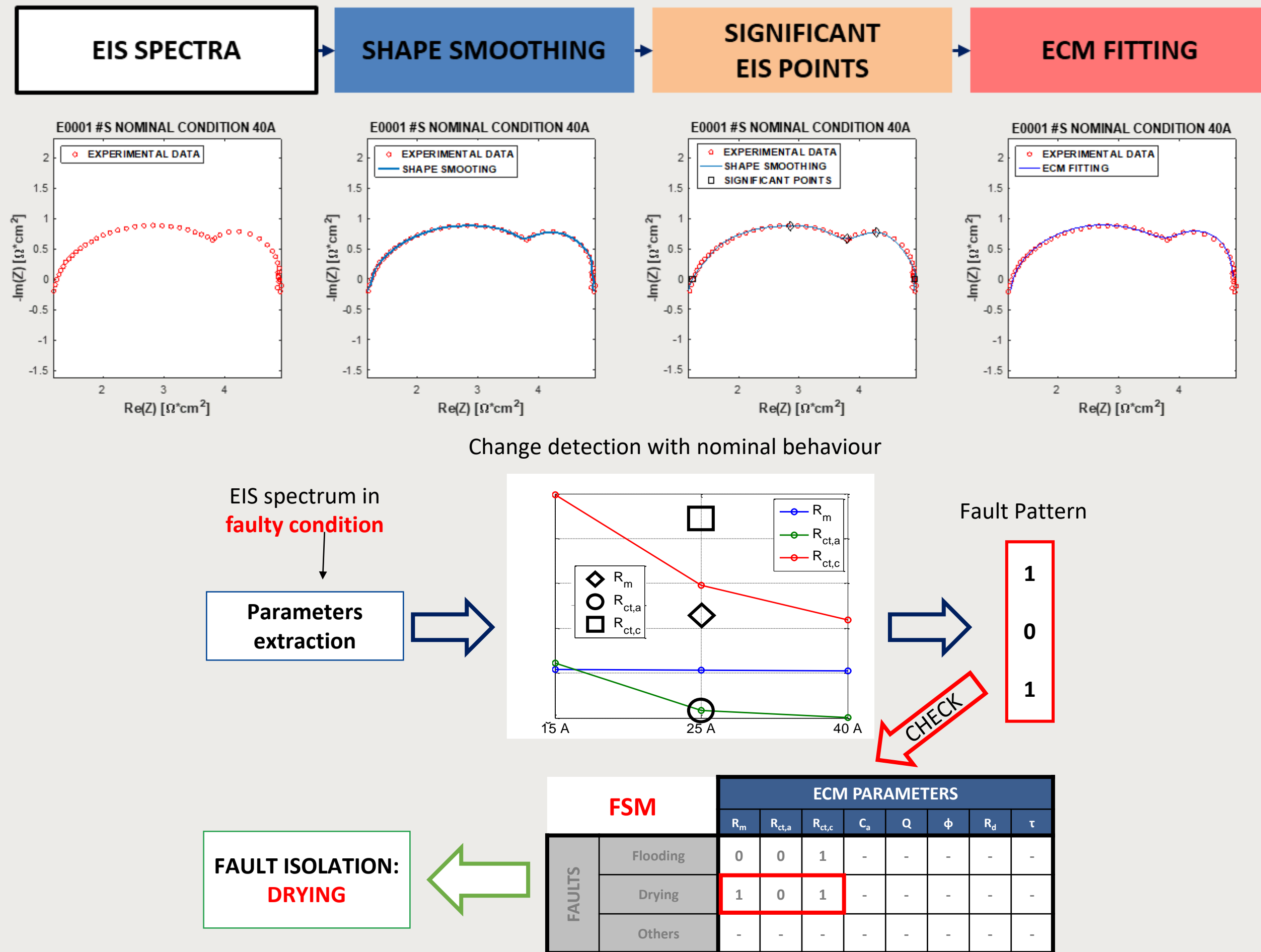


Power: 3 kW;
Cooling: Water cooled;
Reactants: Oxygen & Hydrogen;
Applications: Backup electric power ₁₀
H₂ as energy buffer.

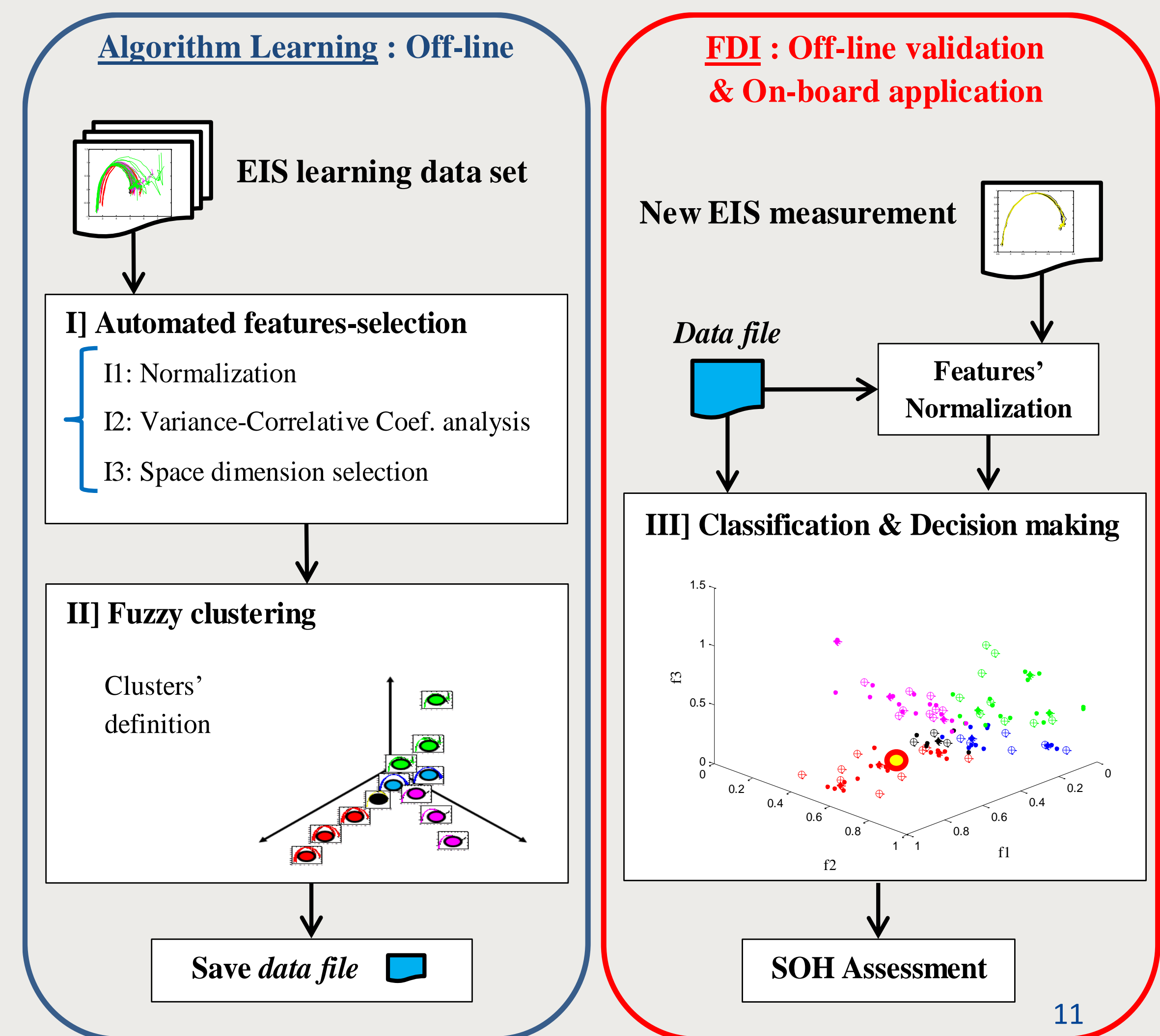
SW – ALGORITHMS AND TOOLS 1/2



Equivalent Circuit Modelling



Fuzzy Clustering approach

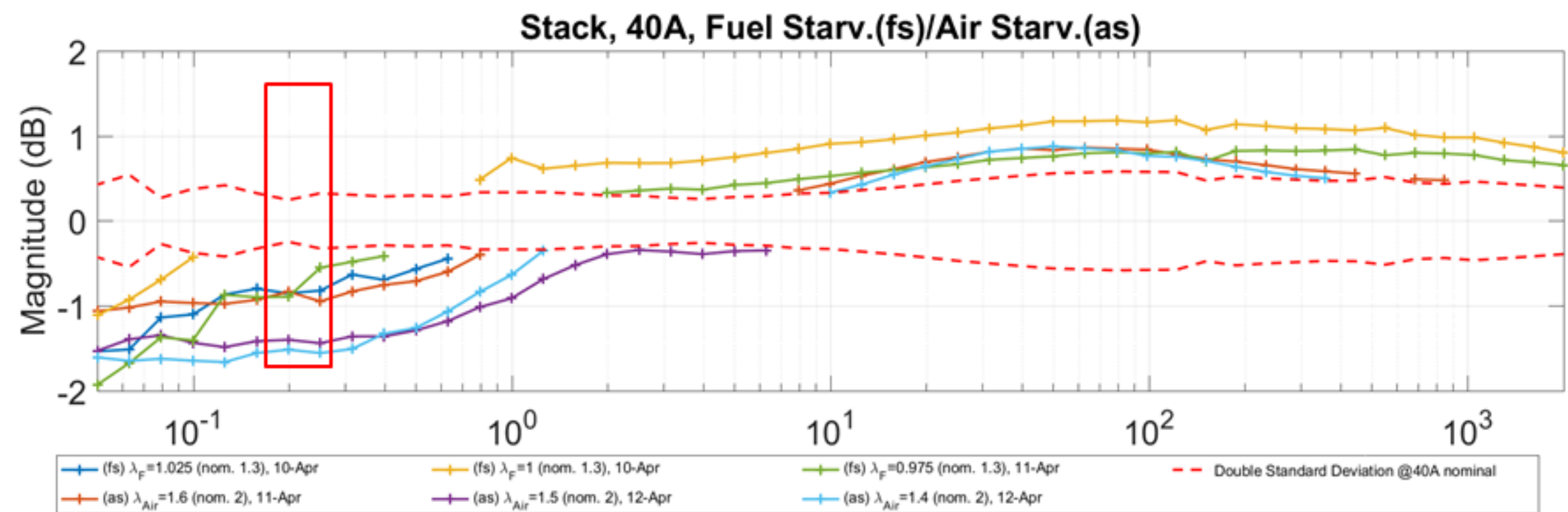


Patent implemented WO/2016/071801 (2016) – Method and apparatus for monitoring and diagnosing electrochemical devices based on automatic EIS.

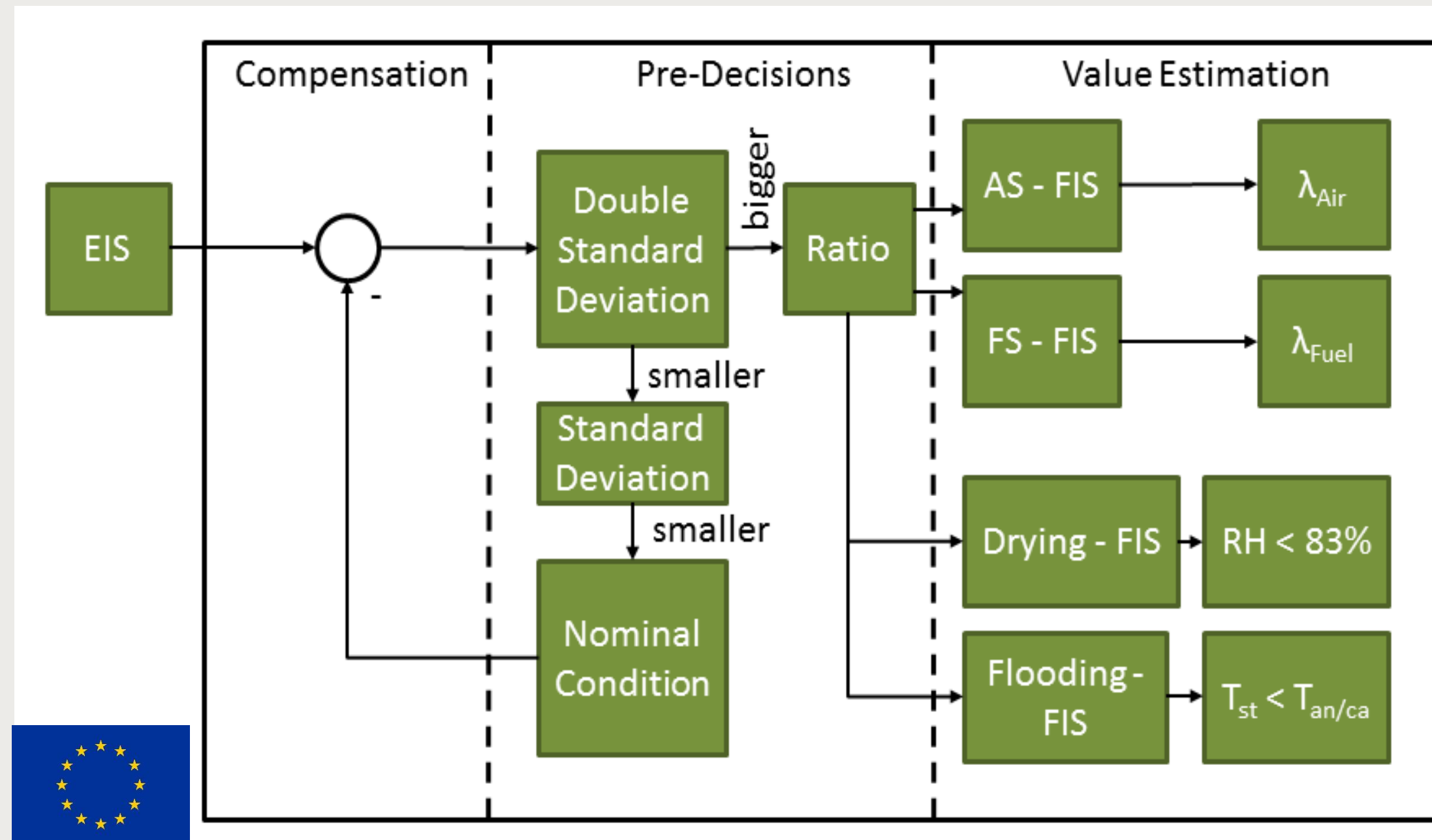
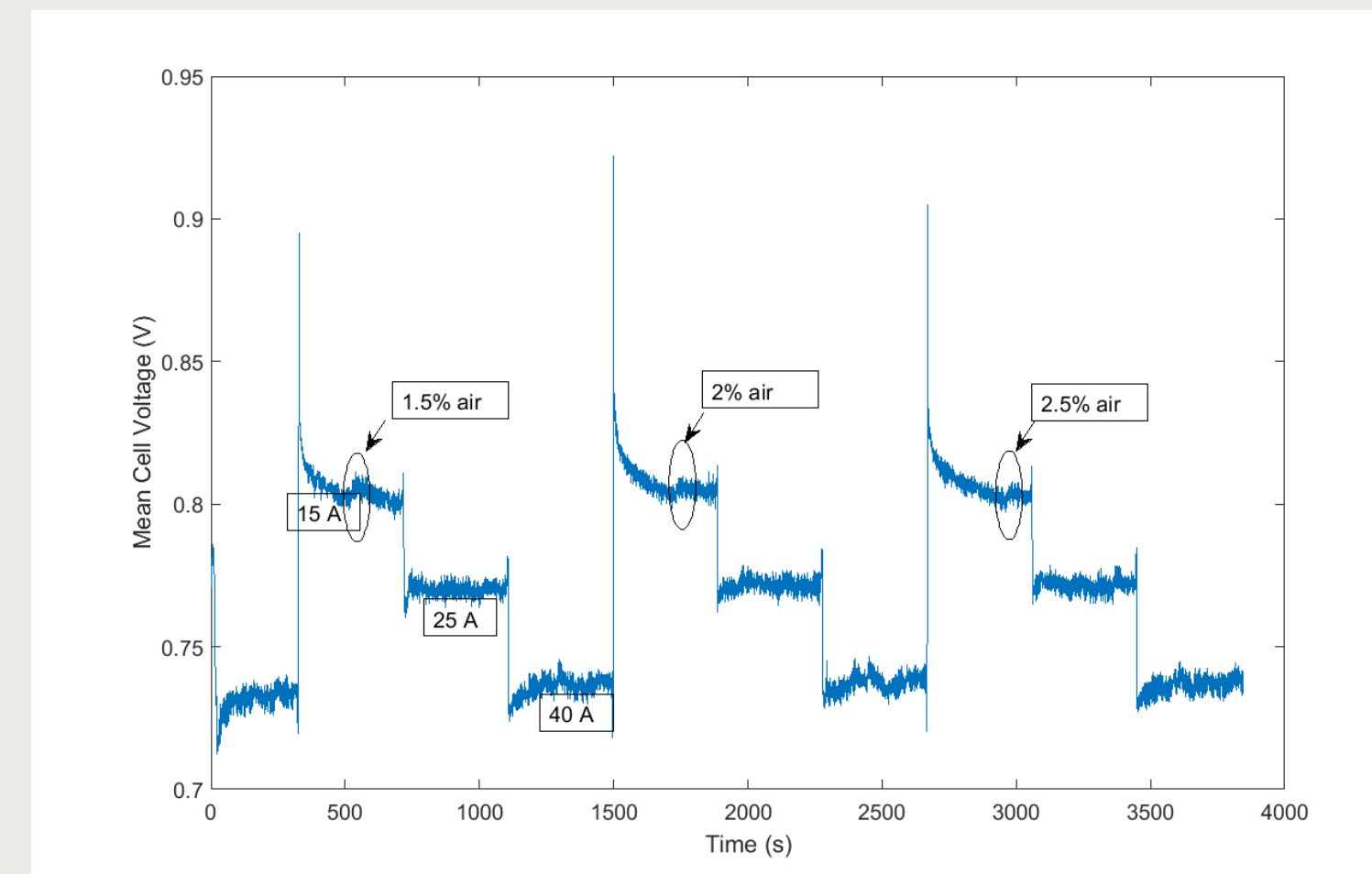
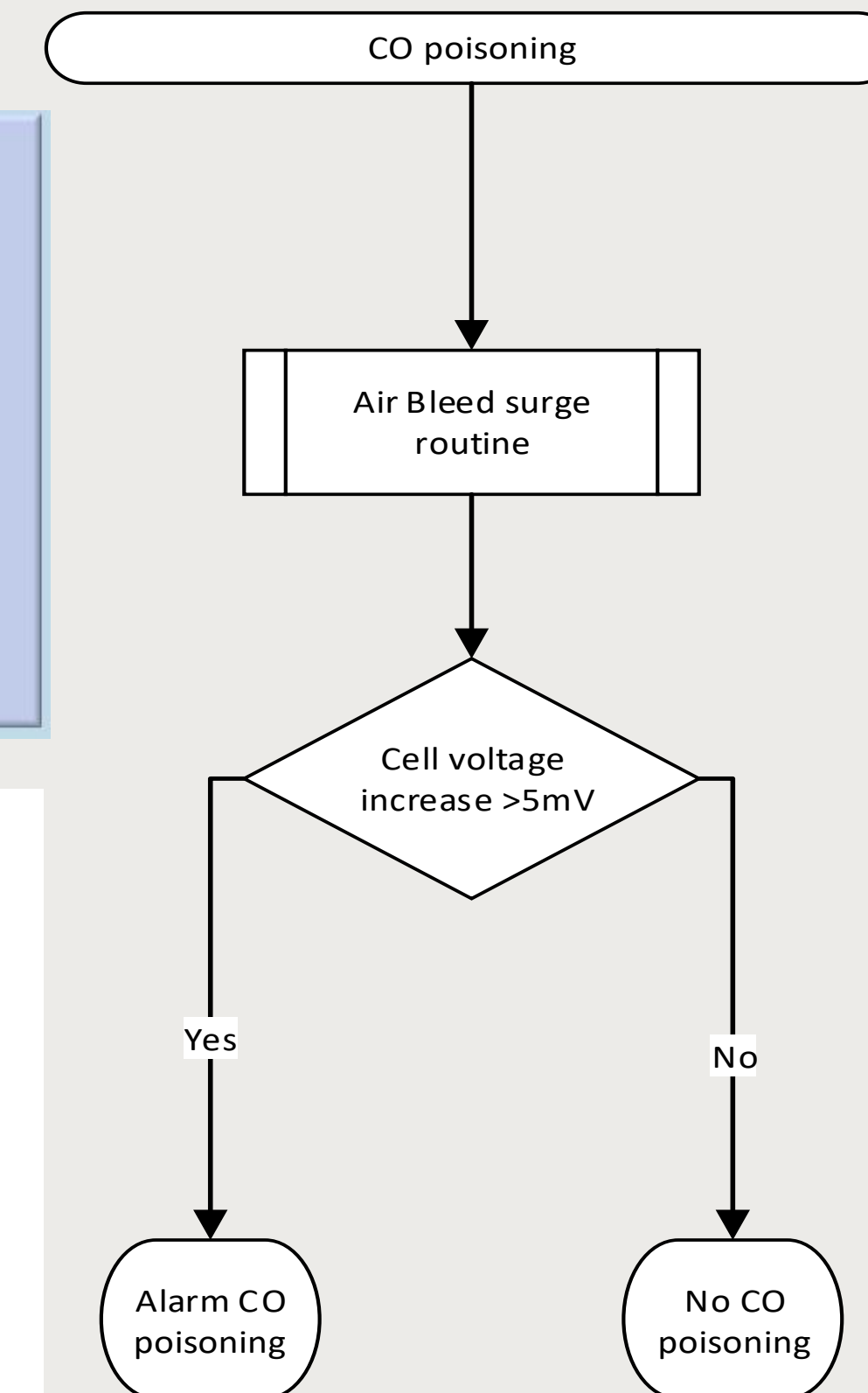
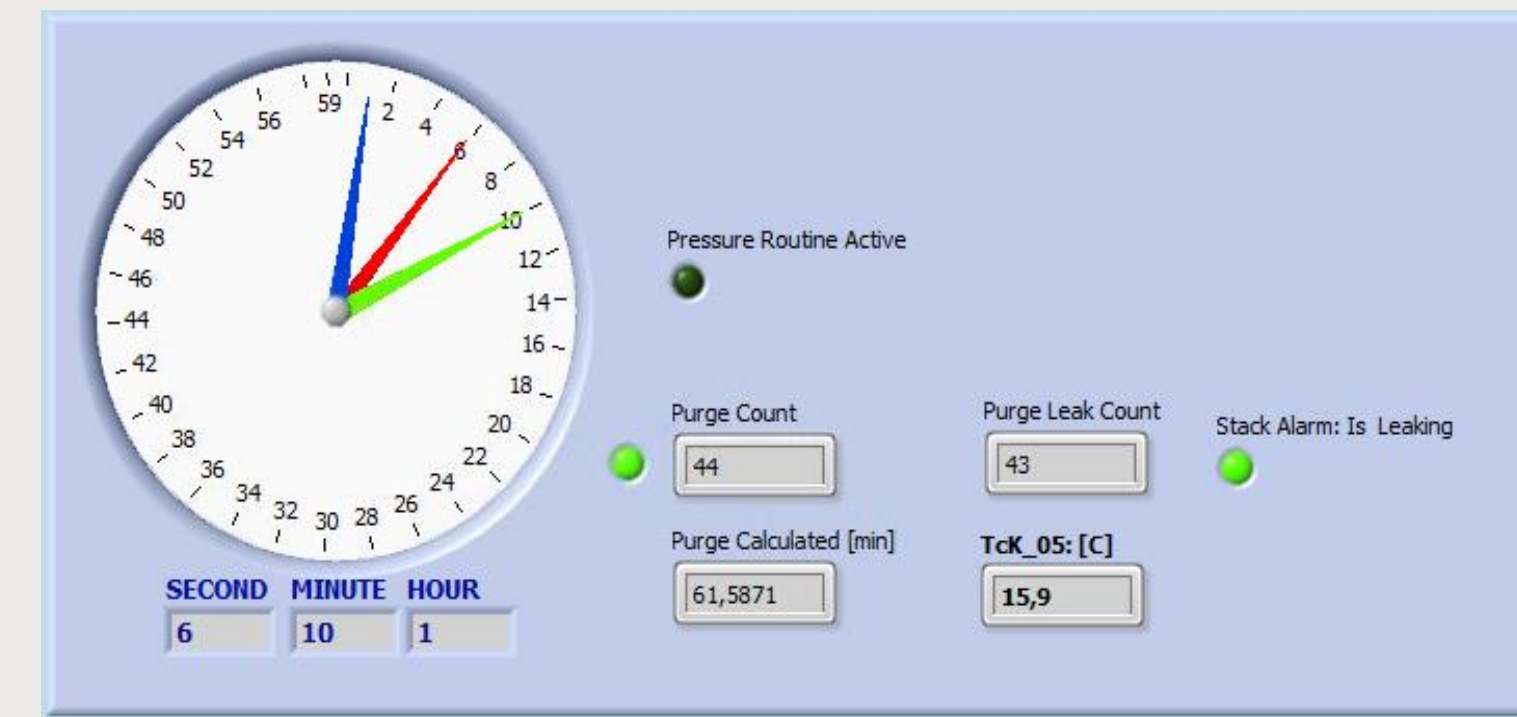
SW – ALGORITHMS AND TOOLS 2/2



Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System



Active diagnosis

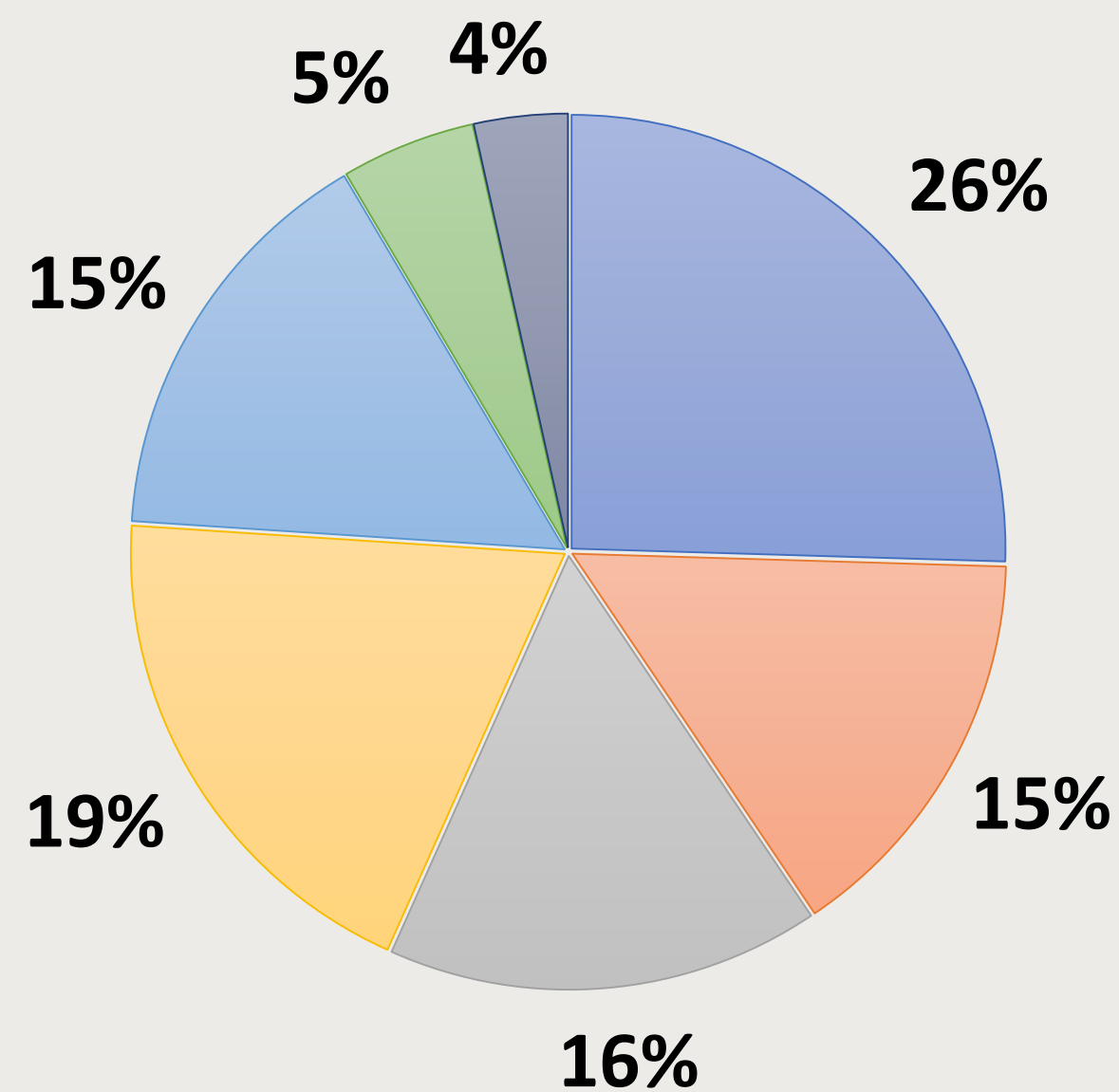


PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS ON DIAGNOSIS RESULTS



STACK SPECTRA

- NOMINAL CONDITION
- FUEL STARVATION
- AIR/O2 STARVATION
- DRYING
- FLOODING
- POISONING
- OTHER CONDITIONS

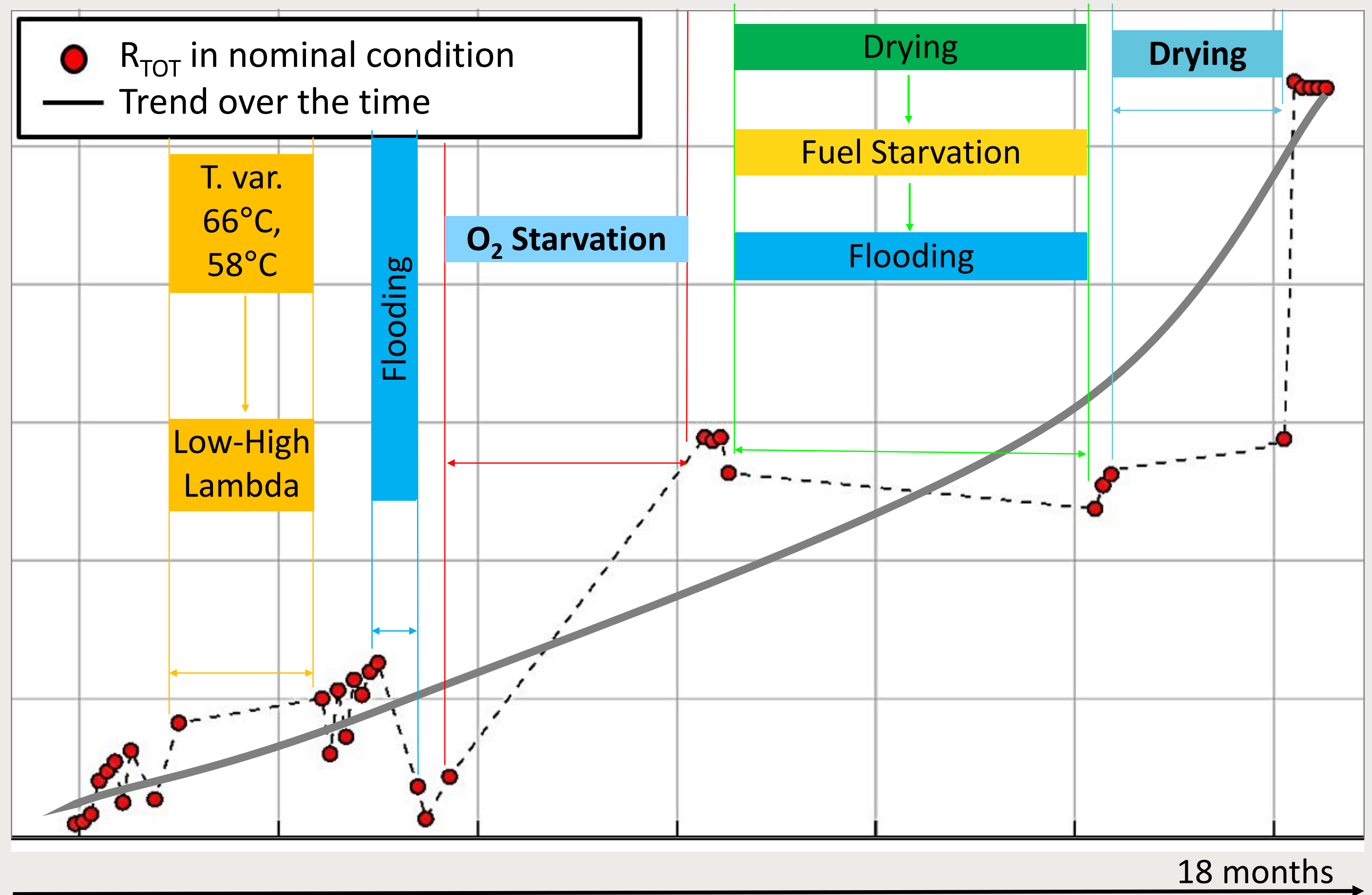
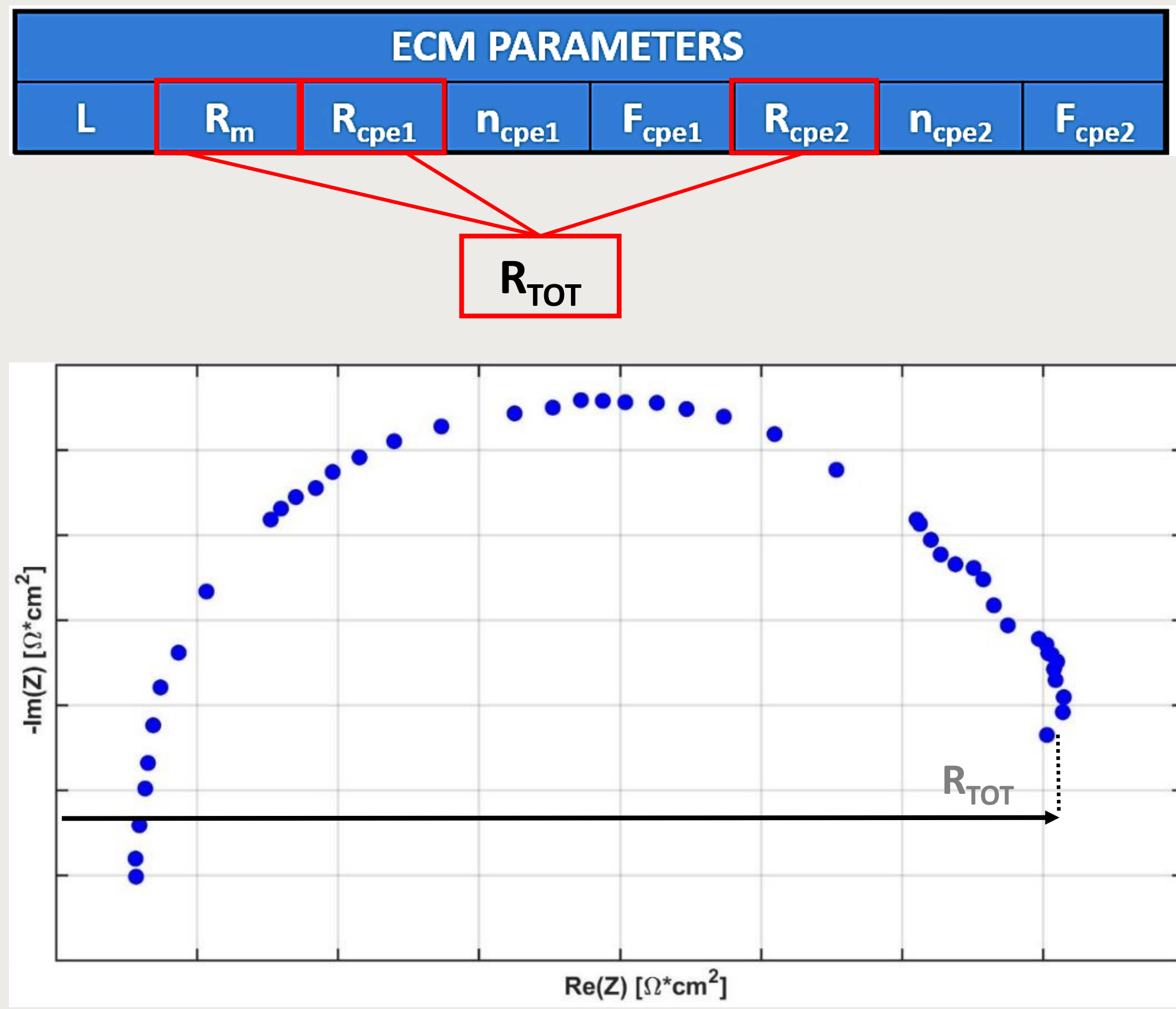


Diagnostic tools ver1	Ballard	EPS
Precision	87%	90%
Error	20%	20%

Version 1 of Diagnostic Tools
Version 2 is under assessment
 (better detection and threshold evaluation)



LIFETIME INFERENCE



IMPACT



The implementation of HEALTH-CODE **outcomes** will:

- help in increasing **electrical efficiency and durability** of the different fuel cells used for power production
- contribute to **reduce degradation** by implementing the monitoring and diagnostic tool
- lead to a **reduction of total cost ownership (TCO)** by increasing the FC system efficiency
- contribute to improve **grid stability (with advanced monitoring)** in the future by applying stationary fuel cells together with **energy storage**; the EPS backup system has grid interface for H₂ & O₂ production and can support grid balancing

Improvements **envisaged** by industrial partners **BPSE** and **EPS** are:


- **Lifetime** from B10-5 to B10-10 (BX-Y: X% of running systems will experience a fault in Y years)
- **Efficiency** from 32 to 36%
- **Availability** from 99.6% to 99.9%
- **Durability increase 30%**
- **Warranty condition** from 15000 h/1000 cycles to **20000 h/1500 cycles**



DISSEMINATION ACTIVITIES



Papers (3 Published - 2 Under Submission)

 DOI: 10.1002/fuce.201700112 **Fuel Cells**

Characterization of an H₂/O₂ PEMFC Short-Stack Performance Aimed to Health-State Monitoring and Diagnosis[▲]

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Abstract

Proton exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC) is one of the most promising technologies in energy conversion. Nevertheless, improper operating conditions can severely affect the fuel cell (FC) lifespan. It is a matter of fact, that several degradation mechanisms could take place inside the cell in case of abnormal operating conditions. Among these, improper water managements, fuel quality and starvation conditions can show critical effects on PEMFC performance. Furthermore, if the exposure time to these faulty conditions resulted quite long, irreversible degradations and system ageing would occur. This work aims to investigate the impact of both improper water managements and reactants starvation conditions on H₂/O₂ PEMFC short-stacks performance. To this purpose, the experimental activity performed to characterize the stack health-state both in normal and abnormal conditions is presented. Particular attention is dedicated to the effects caused by improper conditions on stack electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) measurements' variations. Depending on the faulty conditions, the experimental results are then analyzed for health-state monitoring and diagnosis purposes.

Keywords: Diagnosis, EIS Spectra, Hydrogen/Oxygen PEM Fuel Cells, State-of-Health

 **Journal of Power Sources** 353 (2017) 277–286

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journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jpowsour

Application of Buckingham π theorem for scaling-up oriented fast modelling of Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell impedance

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Department of Industrial Engineering, University of Salerno, Via Giovanni Paolo II, 132, 84084 Fisciano, SA, Italy

HIGHLIGHTS

- A methodology to reproduce PEMFC impedance is proposed.
- Non-dimensional parameters are defined by exploiting the Buckingham's π theorem.
- Good accuracy in PEMFC impedance prediction is proved.
- The possibility to use this methodology with scaling-up purposes is demonstrated.

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:
Received 17 November 2016
Received in revised form 23 March 2017
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Available online 10 April 2017

Keywords:
Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy
Proton exchange membrane fuel cell
Impedance modelling
Dimensional analysis
Scaling-up

ABSTRACT

This work focuses on the development of a fast PEMFC impedance model, built starting from both physical and geometrical variables. Buckingham's π theorem is proposed to define non-dimensional parameters that allow suitably describing the relationships linking the physical variables involved in the process under-study to the fundamental dimensions. This approach is a useful solution for those problems, whose first principles-based models are not known, difficult to build or computationally unfeasible. The key contributions of the proposed similarity theory-based modelling approach are presented and discussed. The major advantage resides in its straightforward online applicability, thanks to very low computational burden, while preserving good level of accuracy. This makes the model suitable for several purposes, such as design, control, diagnostics, state of health monitoring and prognostics. Experimental data, collected in different operating conditions, have been analysed to demonstrate the capability of the model to reproduce PEMFC impedance at different loads and temperatures. This results in a reduction of the experimental effort for the FCS lab characterization. Moreover, it is highlighted the possibility to use the model with scaling-up purposes to reproduce the full stack impedance from single-cell one, thus supporting FC design and development from lab-to-commercial system-scale.

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- **Generalized scaling-up approach based on Buckingham theorem for Polymer Electrolyte Membrane Fuel Cells impedance simulation.** Polverino, P.; Bove, G.; Sorrentino, M.; Pianese, C - ICAE2018, published on Energy Procedia – Selected for Applied Energy Special Issue submission.

Under submission: 2 journal papers on the state of the art of diagnostics techniques and PEMFC faults.



Conferences and events

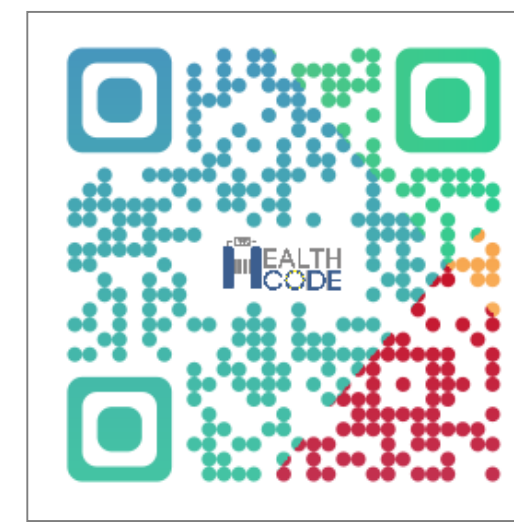
- 6th Int. European PEFC & Electrolyser Forum 2017
- Electrochemical Science and Technology Conference and Annual Meeting of The Danish Electrochemical Society 2017
- IEEE, Vehicle Power and Propulsion Conference, 2017
- Fundamentals & Development of Fuel Cells, 2017
- 7th EFC “Piero Lunghi” Conference, 2017
- FCH2JU Review Days 2016 – 2017 – 2018

Students involvement

- 2 PhD students
- 1 master + 6 bachelor students

COMMUNICATIONS ACTIVITIES

www.pemfc.health-code.eu



Joint workshop HEALTH-CODE-DIAMOND Luzern (July 2017) - 6th EFCF

- 45+ Participants
- 16 presentations
- 1 speech from industry
- 1 special contribution
- 100+ Flyers distributed



Joint workshop HEALTH-CODE-INSIGHT Brussels (November 2018) – PRD2018

- 70+ Participants
- 12 presentations (4 speeches from industry)
- Future exploitation focus



Communication materials

- 2 flyers & 3 FCH JU posters
- 3 posters
- 1 video (on-board EIS diagnosis) on the website



EXPLOITATION PLAN supported by 2+ potential industrial follow-up



Support Services for Exploitation of Research Results



Inputs for Business Plan



**M18 Impact assessment
Belfort (FR)**

**I-CATAPULT 2018
EIFER innovation
challenge**



**M37 SSERR exploitation
Turin (IT)**

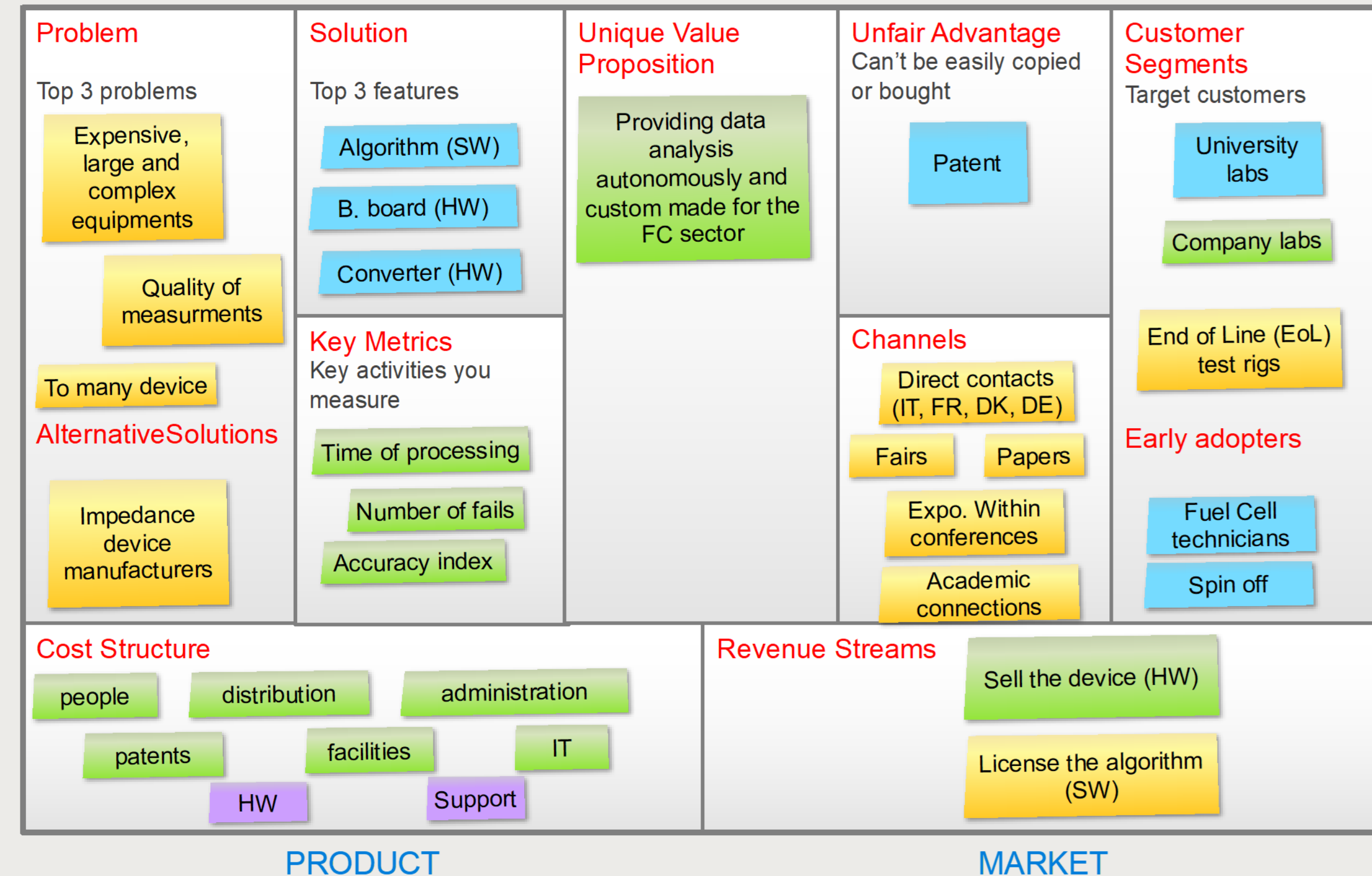


“How to turn concept into Business”

The Lean Canvas

Health-Code project

21-sep-2018
Iteration #1 LABS





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Real operation pem fuel cell
HEALTH-state monitoring and
diagnosis based on DC/DC
COnverter embedde**D E**is

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Thank You!

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